

*Compendium Geographicum :*  
Or, a more  
EXACT, PLAIN, and EASIE  
INTRODUCTION  
Into all  
GEOGRAPHY,  
Than yet Extant, after the latest  
Discoveries, or Alterations ;  
Very Useful, especially for Young  
Noblemen and Gentlemen, the like  
not Printed in English.

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By P. C H A M B E R L A Y N E  
of the Inner Temple, Gent.

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*The second Edition.*

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C—T      L O N D O N ,  
Printed for William Crook at the Green Dra-  
gon without Temple Bar, 1685.

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Conqueror of the world

of 3 more

SECRET

INTERDICTION

No 11

GEORGIA

LAW OF THE  
DISCOURSES OF THE  
LAW OF THE LAND

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Six

TO THE  
Right Honourable  
**CHARLES**  
Lord *HERBERT*,  
Son and Heir to the Lord  
Marquess of *Worcester*.

My Lord,

**T**HE Honour that I have had of your Lordships most obliging kindness and Favour, in your Travels abroad, hath animated me humbly to beg your Lordships Patronage over these my first Fruits; not that by this Enchiridion, or small Pocket-book, I pretend to add any thing to the Knowledge of a Person, who before he had attained to the Age of thirteen Years, et Mores Hominum multorum vidit, et Ur-

A 2                      bes;

## The Epistle Dedicatory.

bes; and who now at the Age of twenty, is endowed with so much judgment, Wisdom and Discretion, as appears every day, my Lord, by your eminent Service towards your King and Country, in a most diligent and dextrous administration of Justice: Not (I say) that this Epitome of Geography can add to your Lordships Knowledge; but only, that when your Lordships Illustrious Name shall appear in the Front hereof, it may the sooner encourage the young Nobility and Gentry of this Nation, to make use of it; which is the main aim of,

MY LORD,

Your Lordships

Most humble and

Most obedient Servant;

P. C. Chamberlaine.

THE  
PREFACE.

I will not go about to say very much in commendation of this Science, neither could I speak its praise enough to satisfy myself, had I that intention; therefore I will leave it to some more skilful Encyclopiast: But I cannot sufficiently admire, to see it thus neglected in a Nation where all other Arts and Sciences do flourish, and abound in so great a measure: No excuse ought to suffice any well-bred Person for his ignorance in Geography; this being a Science, and I may truly say, the only Science that comes within the capacity of all Mankind, whether old or young, Men or Women; for any one may easily attain to the knowledge of it that has but a Memory, a few Maps and a little Method; and methinks he that is ignorant of it, (especially if a Man of parts) must needs blush every time he reads the Gazette, and cannot give an account in what Country is seated such a Place, or Town of note; and surely he must be strangely out of countenance to bear himself baffled in Geography by every ordinary Seaman: Yet I hope there will

## The Preface.

not be found among our Oxonians, that shall assert the Moors came out of Greece, ( as did a Gentleman of the University of Paris ) because part of this Country is now called Morea ; and I can speak of my own knowledge of a young Minister beyond Sea, who took Copenhagen to be the name of a Dutch Commander.

I may be bold to say, that this Science is not necessary in our daily conversation only ; for he that understands it has no less advantage towards the reading of any History, and he cannot but acknowledge that his skill in Maps gives an extraordinary light to what he reads : Besides, no one will deny but that it is also very delightful to travel round the Earth, and visit each part thereof, without danger, and without quitting their Native Country, Friends and Relations : And seeing that God has allotted the Earth, and all that is in it to be under the Jurisdiction of Man ; it seems as if they, who are wholly ignorant of the Form, and Dimensions of this Lower World, and of the Situation, Extent, or Division of its Parts, did in some sort slight, and despise the Creation. 'Tis true, there are other Sciences not a little advantagious to him who will throughly understand a History, as Chronology and Genealogy ;

## The Preface.

nealogy ; yet Geography is placed before these of course ; for the Question is generally asked, first Where, and afterwards When, and by Whom this or that thing was done. Moreover, God having created the Earth before he made Man, it would seem something absurd to be well versed in the state of Humane Affairs, and altogether ignorant of the Countries wherein they were acted.

Knowing that a good Method ought chiefly to be observed in this, as well as in other Sciences ; I have therefore imitated that of Monsieur de Launay, a very learned Man, in his Introduction to Geography, printed two or three years ago in France, from whence I translated what made most for my purpose ; but from the beginning to the end of this small Treatise, I have endeavoured to observe that Brevity which I first proposed to myself ; therefore if any esteem this Volume too little for the Subject whereof it treats, I must Apologize for myself, and it, with Brevitas Memoriat Amica ; nevertheless I will at the same time affirm without any thing of Vanity, that there is no Geography now extant in English, except one or two of a large Bulk and larger Price, that treats so fully as this of all the parts of the known Earth, with their Subdivisions. I

## The Preface.

confess I have inserted very little of the Historical Part, that it might be the more compendious, and to make the more room for what belongs purely to Geography, which induces me to hope that the Reader will here find Magnum in Parvo. To conclude, I have taken all the care imaginable to render this Geography clear and easie, even to the meanest Capacity, and not to spell the Proper Names wrong, or miscall them, an Error too frequent in most others; by which confusion the Reader is not seldom discouraged to proceed, in what he began perhaps with no small delight.

Com-

## Concerning the Use of the Globe, and Maps.

**G**eography in Greek γεωγραφία, i. e. a description of the Earth, is compounded of γῆ, which signifies the Earth, and γράπω to write or describe: Here the Earth must not be taken simply but for one Element, as in Natural Philosophy, but must be understood to be a Terraqueous Globe, that is, a Globe composed of two Elements, Earth and Water, which together make one Spherical Body, commonly called the Earth, as being the name of the more worthy part. This Science differs from Cosmography as one part doth from the whole, for the word Cosmography has a signification far more comprehensive, as is demonstrated by its Etymology, being derived from κόσμος the World, and γράπω to describe; now by the World is meant the Heavens with the four Elements, &c. As Cosmography, includes under it Geography, so this latter comprehends Chorography, i. e. a description of a Country from the Greek χώρα, or rather χώρη a Country, and γράπω: But the description of a particular Place, as a small

Concerning the Use of  
Territory, Town, Castle, &c. Is called  
Topography, from  $\pi\pi\Theta$  locus, and  $\chi\alpha\phi\omega$ .

As to the Lines, Circles, or Points, of  
most use in Geography, either upon the  
Globe, or in Maps, we will begin with the  
Axe-tree of the World, which you must  
conceive by an imaginary Line drawn  
through the Center, or middle of the Earth  
to each Pole: Now the two extremities of this  
Line are called Poles, from  $\pi\alpha\lambda\omega$  a Greek  
Verb signifying to turn, for that the whole  
Frame of the Earth moves, or turns round  
upon this Axe-tree. If you will fancy Poles  
to any of the Circles, those of the Equator  
are the same with the Poles of the Earth,  
and the four lesser Circles being parallel to  
the Equator have also by consequence the same  
Poles: The Horizon may have the same, be-  
cause it is a Circle moveable every way; but  
the Meridian, and Zodiack must of necessity  
have different Poles, as well from the rest of  
the Circles, as from one another. Here you  
ought to take notice, that the Pole of the  
World which is nearest us, is termed Arctick  
Pole, or North Pole, the other South, or  
Antarctick Pole: The word Arctick is de-  
rived from  $\alpha\gamma\pi\Theta$ , in English a Bear, there  
being a Constellation (or company of Stars)  
near the North-pole, to which Astronomers  
give

## the Globe, and Maps.

give the likeness of a Bear: Antartick is compounded of  $\alpha$ n $\iota$  contra, and  $\alpha$ π $\omega$ λ $\sigma$ , because this Pole is diametrically opposite to the other.

The next thing worthy of consideration, is the division of the Globe by these eight Circles; whereof four divide the Globe into equal parts, whence they are called Great Circles, because they have as large a Circumference as can be made upon the Globe: The other four divide the Globe into unequal parts, and consequently making a narrower Compass, are termed Lesser Circles.

The Greater are called,

Equator,  
Zodiack,  
Meridian,  
Horizon.

The Lesser are called,

Tropick of Cancer,  
Tropick of Capricorn,  
Artick Circle,  
Antartick Circle.

The Equator being one of the Great Circles, divides the Earth into two equal parts, the one North, the other South: It is also called

## Concerning the Use of

called Equinoctial Line, ab æqualitate Noctium, because when the Sun arrives to this Circle, the Nights are every where of equal length with the Days : But Mariners call it the Mid-line, or simply the Line, *νηστοξιν*. Upon this Circle are marked the Degrees of Longitude, which are counted from the Great Meridian quite round the Globe, to the number of three hundred and sixty. You will find this Great Meridian in most Maps to pass by the Canary Islands.

The Zodiack cuts the Equator obliquely, and is divided into twelve parts, Signs, or Houses, through which the Sun passeth within the compass of twelve Months, or three hundred sixty five Days, and something more : And because the Signs placed upon this Circle represent the figures of Animals, the word Zodiack takes its derivation from the Greek ζων, which signifies a living Creature.

Next we come to the Meridian, a word that is applied to eighteen Whole, or rather thirty six Half Circles ; but you may imagine as many as you please, and then every step a man makes Eastward, or Westward, he alters the Meridian ; but not if he goes exactly North and South. These Meridians cross the Equator in a Rect-Angle, whose extremities meet all together in the Cen-

## the Globe, and Maps.

Center of each Frigid Zone, and are thus termed from the word Meridies, in English Noon or Mid-day; because to whatsoever Meridian the Sun arrives, it is Mid-day with those who inhabit under it. Upon the Great Meridian you will find marked the Degrees of Latitude, the first Degree beginning at the Equator, from whence they are to be counted Northwards to the Arctick Pole, which is ninety Degrees; and in the same manner ninety Degrees from the Equator to the Antarctic Pole.

The last Great Circle is called the Horizon, from the Greek οέλων, in Latin finiens or terminans, for that each Hemisphere (or half Sphere) is limited, and distinguished from one another by this Circle; vel quod aspectum nostrum definit, dividing the half Sphere of the Firmament which we see, from the other half which we see not. The place where any one stands is the Center of his Hemisphere and Horizon, and the Poles of his Horizon are the same with two imaginary points in the Heavens called Zenith, and Nadir, borrowed from two words of the Arabian Tongue, Semith, and Nathir; the former signifies the point directly over his Head, the latter is a point in the Hemisphere diametrically opposite to it; but as soon

## Concerning the Use of

soon as he stirs from that place, he changes ( tho' insensibly ) his Horizon, Zenith, and Nadir, and makes an alteration in his Hemisphere.

As to the four Lesser Circles ; two of them, the Tropick of Cancer, and the Tropick of Capricorn, compass the Globe at twenty three Degrees and a half of Latitude, which ( as I said above ) is at so many Degrees distance from the Equator, but the former is in the Northern, and the latter in the Southern Latitude : They have the name of Tropicks from τρόπων υέτο, because when the Sun has attained the Tropick of Cancer he turns back again by degrees to that of Capricorn, unto which when he is arrived, he returns again in like manner to that of Cancer, which is his Annual Course ; but this is by an Oblique Motion from West to East, and must be more clearly demonstrated upon the Globe it self : The names of Cancer and Capricorn are borrowed from two Signs of the Zodiack, that are hard by the two Tropicks.

The other two are the Arctick, and the Autarctick Circles, which compass but very little portions of the Globe, by reason that they are at sixty six Degrees and a half of Latitude : They are also called Polar Circles, because they

## the Globe, and Maps.

They lie nearer than any of the rest to the Poles, the Arctick Circle being distant from the North Pole but twenty three Degrees and a half, the Antarctic as many Degrees from the South Pole. The Etymologies of Arctick and Antarctic, has the like reason with what I said above concerning the Poles.

These lesser Circles make a division of the Globe into five Parts or Zones; one Torrid or Hot, two Frigid or Cold, and two Temperate; they are called Zones from ζώνη a Girdle or Band. The Torrid Zone is all that space of Earth between the two Tropicks: The two Frigid Zones are enclosed, one within the Arctick, and the other within the Antarctic Circle; and between the Torrid, and each Frigid, lie the two Temperate Zones, which do thereby partake of a more equal mixture of Heat and Cold.

As the Globe is made up of two parts, Earth, and Water, so each of these Elements have their parts and subdivisions: To begin with the Earth, it may most properly be divided first into Islands and Continents.

An Island is a Country, or portion of Land compassed about with Sea, or other Water; as Great Britain, Sicily, Candy, &c.

Continents are of two sorts: First a Continent properly so called, is a large quantity of Land having little or no Sea near it; as Muscovy, Poland, &c.

The other sort of Continents, are those which are almost environed with Water, to which the name of Peninsula, or Chersonesus, is more fitly applied; such is Morea, the South part of Greece. Peninsula must be understood quasi penè and Insula, almost an Island; and Chersonesus is taken from χερσός Terra, and ἥπατος Insula.

In Isthmus (from εἰσὶν to enter) is that space or Neck of Land, which joins a Peninsula to the Continent,

## Concerning the Use of, &c.

inent, and is called sometimes a Straight, though improperly.

A Promontory, quasi Mons in Mare prominens, now commonly styled Cape or Head, is a Hill or Point of Land, stretching out into the Sea.

All the Water upon the Globe goes under the denomination of Seas, Lakes, and Rivers; but where the Sea is of a large extent, and not intermingled with Land, as between America and Africk, it is generally termed Ocean; and when a small part of the Sea is almost environed with Land, they commonly give it the name of Gulf, as the Red Sea, the Gulf of Venice, &c. and that narrow passage by which a Gulf is joyned to the Main Sea, is called a Straight: But a Gulf that is of no great compass, as six, seven, or eight Mile, is more properly called a Bay or Creek; yet it is sometimes otherwise.

A Lake is a large place of a considerable depth, always full of Water, and compassed about with Land, not having any intercourse with the Sea, unless by a Subterranean passage, or by some River; as the Lake of Geneva between Switzerland and Savoy.

A River is a stream of Water which has its beginning from a Spring or Lake, from whence it flows continually without intermission, and at last empties it self into the Sea.

Now to make a comparison of some parts of the Earth with others of the Water, you will find that the Description of a Continent resembles that of the Ocean; and the form of an Island that of a Lake: A Peninsula in point of Figure is not unlike a Gulf; and an Isthmus has the same relation to the former, as a Straight has to the latter.

Short and Easie

**A** Short and Easie  
**INTRODUCTION**  
**INTO**  
**GEOGRAPHY.**

**C H A P. I.**  
*Of the Earth in general.*

**G**EOPGRAPHY is the Description of the Terrestrial Globe, represented by the Maps of Geography, which are the true plat-forms of it, and by the help whereof it is made easie to us. The Terrestrial Globe being round, cannot be represented in the Map of the Earth but by two Hemispheres; the one Eastern, and the other Western. To the end that you may know the Situation of the places in the Maps, you must observe that the North is always on the top, (or at least should be so)

so ) the *South* at the bottom, the *East* on the right hand, the *West* on the left.

The *Terrestrial Globe* is divided into *Land* and *Water*; The *Land* is distinguished in the Maps by the places filled up, the *Sea* by the empty, and the *Rivers* by the small lines which go winding in and out through the *Land* towards the *Sea*, where at last they all end; the *Mountains* and *Hills* are easily known, being made like little *Mole-hills* or like small *Waves*, the *Forests* by small *Shrubs*, the  *Rocks* and the *Banks of Sand* by little black specks pricked in the *Water*; and certain *shadows* or small streaks, which one may see in the Maps all along between the *Sea* and *Land*, serve to mark the *Sea-Coasts*, and so divide the *Land* from the *Water*.

The Division of the *Earth* ought to precede that of the *Water*, because it is the dwelling place of *Man*, and because the knowledge of it is more noble and necessary.

All the *Surface* of the habitable *Earth* is divided into four great parts, (which the Vulgar call *Worlds*, and the Geographers *Continents*) and into several *Islands* which lie up and down in the *Ocean*, or within narrow *Seas*, which make as it were a fifth part.

C H A P

## C H A P. II.

### Of the Continents.

**T**H E first *Continent*, which we inhabit, is called the Eastern Continent, but most commonly the *Ancient World*: It comprehends three parts, to wit, *Europe*, situated in the North-west part of this *Continent*; then *Asia*, which is the greatest and most Easterly part; & last of all *Africk*, which lies South-west from the other two.

The second *Continent*, which lies westerly from us, is called *America*, or the *New World*, & by the Merchants and Mariners, the *West Indies*, or the *little Indies*, supposed to be called anciently *Atlantis Insula*, the Isle of *Atlas*: It is divided into two parts, to wit *North America* or *Mexicana*, and *South America* or *Peruviana*.

The third *Continent*, which is the most Southerly part, is known to us by the name of *Magellanica*, or *Terra Incognita*.

The fourth is the most Northern *Continent*, called *Terra Arctica*, whereof we have so little knowledge, that we doubt yet whether or no it is separated from *America*.

In the old World; first Europe is subdivided into eight great parts; or to make a more convenient division, one may add the British Isles, and so divide it into nine parts, whereof three are towards the North and cold; three in the middle of Europe which are temperate, and three towards the South more hot; to which great parts add three small ones, interlaced between the others.

The three Northern parts are,

1. The British Isles, which comprehend the Kingdoms of England, Scotland, and Ireland; the chief Towns are London, Edenbourg, and Dublin.

2. Scandinavia, which includes the Kingdoms of Swedeland, Denmark, first inhabited by the Cimbri or Cimbrians, and Norway; chief Towns, Stockholm, Copenhagen, and Drunthem.

3. Thirdly, Muscovy or Russia, which with Poland in the time of the Romans was called Sarmatia, ch. T. Mosco, Great Novogrod, and Archangel.

The Three parts of Europe which partake more equally of North and South are,

4. France, ch. T. Paris, Lyons, and Rousen.

5. The

5. The Empire of the West, or Germany,  
ach. T. Vienna, Prague and Colen.  
the 6. Poland, ch. T. Cracow, Warsaw, and  
arts Dantzick.

The three Southern parts of Europe are,  
7. Spain, ch. T. Madrid, Sevil, and Lis-  
bon in Portugal.

8. Italy, ch. T. Rome, Venice, and Naples.  
9. Turkey in Europe, or Greece, ch. T.  
Constantinople, (before Constantine the Em-  
perour called Bizantium,) Adrianople; and  
Buda in Hungary.

The three little parts of Europe interla-  
bed between the great ones, and often  
comprehended under them are,

10. The Low Countries, or the Seven-  
(teen Provinces, between France, Germany,  
and the British Seas, ch. T. Amsterdam,  
Brussells, and Gaunt.

11. The Switzerland Cantons and their  
allies, between France, Italy, and Germa-  
ny, ch. T. Bern, Basil, and Soloturn.

12. The Provinces tributary to the Turk,  
T. Hermanstat in Transilvania, Jazy or  
palacza in Moldavia, Targowisko in Wal-  
avia, (all three lying between Turkey and  
Poland, and comprised within the bounds  
of the ancient Country of Dacia.) and  
affa in Little Tartary once called Scythia  
Tau-

*Taurica*, between *Pontus Euxinus* or the *Black Sea*, and *Muscovy*.

The most remarkable Mountains of Europe are, the *Riphean Mountains* towards the North of *Muscovy*, now called *Stolp*; the *Carpathian Hills* now *Crapack*, between *Hungary* and *Poland*; the *Alps*, between *Italy*, *France*, and *Germany*; the *Apennine*, separating *Italy* down along through the middle of the whole length of it; the *Pyrenees*, which divide *Spain* from *France*; and Mount *Gibel*, anciently *Ætna*, in the Isle of *Sicily*.

*Asia* is divided into twelve great parts, six of them Southern, and the other six Northern.

The six Southern parts, beginning with those that are next to Europe are,

1. Turkey in *Asia*, ch. T. *Aleppo*, *Bagdad*, *Mosul*, *Jerusalem*, *Damascus*, *Scanderoon*, *Alexandretta*, *Erzerum*, *Bursa*, and *Smirnella*. In this part of *Asia* were anciently the Countries of *Chaldea*, *Mesopotamia*, *Judea*, *Phœnicia*, *Syria*, *Cilicia*, *Pambilia*, *Pbrygia*, with many others.

2. *Arabia*, ch. T. *Medina*, *Mecca*, *Zide*, *Zibit*, *Aden* and *El-Catif*.

3. *Perſia*, ch. T. *Iſpahan*, *Ormuz*, *Schincras*, *Cafwin*, *Ardevil*, and *Derbent*.

4. T.

4. The Indian Continent or the Empire of the Mogol, ch. T. Agra, Delli, Bengala, Cambaia, Surate, and Labor.

5. The two Peninsula's of the Indies, one on this side the River Ganges, and the other beyond, ch. T. Goa, Golconda, and Narsinga on this side the Ganges, and Pegu, Sian, and Malacca beyond.

6. China, ch. T. Peking, Nanking, Quan-chou, Queyang, Nanciang, and Macao.

The six Northern parts of Asia are,  
7. Georgia, situated on the North of Turkey, which includes the ancient Country parts of Colchos, ch. T. Kori or Goreden, Teflis, and Savatopoli.

8. Usbeck, Ziagathai, or Mavaralnabavides, on the North side of Persia, ch. T. Samarcand, famous for the birth of Tamerlane the Great, Bockora, and Cascar.

9. Turqustan, or Thebet, on the East of Ziagathay, ch. T. Thebet, and Chotan.

10. Tartary of the great Cham, by some called Cathay, Northward from China, ch. T. Monchen, heretofore Cambalu, Campion, otherwise Tangut, and Cambal or Xambo.

11. Tartary Distant, towards the North Sea, and Muscovy, ch. T. Astracan upon the Wolga near the Caspian Sea, Cazan, and Bulgar.

12. Th

c

12. The true ancient Tartary called the North Tartary, above Caspoy, and Tanguer stain, ch. T. Chazan or Kaimach, Ciandu, and Tartar in the North.

These five last parts are commonly comprehended under the name of Great Tartary, anciently Scythia.

Taurus is the chief Mountain in Afia, by the Greeks called Ceramius; it passeth through most of the Countries in Afia, but under divers names: in the Western part of Turkey 'tis most properly called Taurus, more Northerly towards Georgia 'tis named Ararat; again in the middle of Persia, Taurus, it takes the name of Iman in Tartary, and between Tartary and the Indies 'tis called Caucasus, by which name the Mountains in Georgia are also called.

Africk which is the most Southerly Region of our Continent, is divided into twelve parts, whereof these six first compose the Upper Africk towards Europe, in time past Libya, and the six others make up the Lower Africk, called before Ethiopia, situated towards the South.

Let us begin with the Upper Africk and see its divisions which are,

1. Barbary, which comprehends most of the Ancient Mauritania, ch. T. Fe

Maroc

Marocco, Tangier, Algier, Tunis, and Tripoli.

2. Bildulgerid or Numidia, ch. T. Dara, Segelmessa, and Tefset.

3. Egypt, ch. T. Grand Cairo, Alexandria, Rosetta, Damiata, Suez or Calzem, and Cossir.

4. Zaara or the Desart, ch. T. Zuenziga, Targa or Zaghaba, and Zanhaga.

5. The Land of the Blacks, or Nigritia, ch. T. Tombote, Genehoa, Gualata, Cano, Cassena, Cantozi, Mandinga, Gago, and Guber.

6. Guinny, ch. T. Benin, Arda, and St. George of the Mine, or Mina.

7. Nubia, ch. T. Nubia, Dancala, and Falac.

8. Congo, ch. T. St. Salvador, St. Paolo or Angola, and Dongo.

9. Abissinia, ch. T. Amara, Depsan, Cannan, Beza, Fremona, Caxumo, Arquico, Dancala, and Suaquem.

10. Zanguebar, ch. T. Mozambick, Quiloa, Lombaza, Melinda, Brava, and Magadoxo.

11. Monomotopa, ch. T. Madragan commonly called Monomotopa, Zimbaoe or Massapa, and Butua.

12. Cafreria, or the Coast of the Casfres, ch. T. Zofala.

Africk hath these Mountains following,

viz. Mount *Atlas*, now more commonly called *Claros*, between *Barbary* and *Bildulgerid*; *Lunæ Mons*, the *Lunar Hills* or the Mountains of the *Moon*, so called by reason of their height, lying between the Country of the *Abissines*, and *Monomotopa*: most Geographers are of the opinion that the River *Nilus* springs from these Mountains, yet ( new discoveries being lately made ) it is thought otherwise by some. Lastly, the Mountains of *Sierra Liona* in *Guinny*.

*America* is also divided into twelve parts, whereof four lie towards the *North*, and eight towards the *South*, separated from one another by the *Isthmus of Panama*.

The four parts towards the *North*, which compose *North America* are,

1. *Canada* or *New France*, ch. T. *Quebeck*, *Montreal*, and *Tadousacke*.
2. *New Mexico*, ch. T. *Sta. Fe* or *S. Faith*, and *New Granada*.

3. *New England*, including part of *Florida*, ( the rest being comprehended under *New Spain* ) all *Virginia*, *New Holland* otherwise called *New York*, and *New England* comprised in it self, ch. T. *Boston*, *New-Town* or *Cambridg*, *James-Town* *New Plymouth*, *New York*, and *Charles-Town*.

4. *Mexico* or *New Spain*, ch. T. *Mexico*

o, Compostella, Guadalaiara, Valladolid, A-  
capulco, St. Jago de Guatimala, Leon, Truxil-  
lo, and Merida.

The eight other parts make South America, viz.

5. Castilla del Oro, ch. T. Panama, Porto-  
llo, Carthagena, Sta. Martha, Coro, and Sta.  
ede Bogota.

6. Guyana, ch. T. Manoa or El-Dorado,  
perou or Fort Lewis, and Coron.

7. Peru, ch. T. Lima or Los Reies, Cusco,  
.Francis, Arica, Potosi, and La Plata.

8. Brasil, ch. T. St. Salvador, Porto-Segu-  
Spiritu Santo, St. Sebastian, St. Vincent,  
inda, Tamaraca, Potengi, and Maranhaon.

9. Paraguay comprehending La Plata,  
T. The Assumption, Buenos Aires, and  
.Fe.

10. Tucuman, ch. T. St. Jago del Esterio,  
Miguel, and Cordova.

11. Chili, ch. T. St. Jago, the Concepti-  
and Baldivia.

12. Magellanica, the chief Town ( if it  
be called a Town ) is St. Philip, other-  
Eng. e nick-named Port-Famine.

Boston As for the Mountains in this part of the  
n New Eng. the Andes in Peru, between Tucu-  
mn. and Chili, and in Magellanica, are the  
Mex. most famous of America, and the only

Mountains worth taking notice of in this small Treatise.

### C H A P. III.

#### *Of the Islands.*

THE most famous Islands round about the World, are either about our Continent or America. Those of our Continent are of Europe, Asia, or Africk.

The Islands of Europe are either in the Ocean, as Great Britain, Ireland, and Island anciently *Thule*; or

In the Mediterranean Sea, as Sicily, *Callady*, (which of old was called *Creet*) and *Sardinia*; or

In the Baltick Sea, as *Zeeland*, *Fuien*, *Funen*, and *Rugen*.

The Isles of Asia are divided into the eight parts following, viz.

1. The *Japan Islands*.
2. The Islands of *China*.
3. The *Philippine Islands*.
4. The *Molucco Islands*.
5. The Islands of the *Sound*.
6. The Isle of *Zeilan*.
7. The *Maldivian Islands*.

8. The Isle of *Cyprus*.

The *African* Islands make six divisions  
or parts; viz.

1. The Island of *Madagascar*, or *St.  
Lawrence*.

2. The Isles of *St. Helena*, the *Ascension*,  
*the Isle of St. Thomas* under the *Equinoctial  
line*, with many of less note up and down  
from the *Æthiopian Sea*.

3. The Isles of *Cape Verd*, or (as here-  
tineofore) the *Hesperian Isles*.

4. The *Canary* (anciently *Fortunate*)  
Islands.

5. The Islands of *Madera*.

6. The Isle of *Malta*, with some lesser  
Islands adjacent to it.

The Islands of *America* are also divided  
into six parts; viz.

1. The Isles *Azores*, or *Terceran Islands*,  
which some make to belong to *Africk*.

2. The Isles of *New-found-Land*.

3. The Isles of the *Antilles*, or the *An-  
go Islands*.

4. The great Island of *Californie*.

5. The Isles of *New Guinny*, or of the  
*Pacific Ocean*.

6. The *Magellanick Islands*, by the  
Straits of *Magellan*.

The Magellanick Continent, and Terra Arctica shall not be spoken of here, being not yet fully discovered.

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## C H A P. IV.

Of the Seas, Gulfs, Straights, Lakes and Rivers.

THE Water which doth incompass or separate the parts of the Terrestrial Globe are divided into Seas, Gulfs, Straights, Lakes, and Rivers.

The great Sea which environs our Continent, is called the Ocean, which is divided into four parts.

1. The Northern Ocean, called the Frozen, and in time past the Scythian Sea which comprehends the Sea of Tartary, of Muscovy, and of Scandinavia.

2. The Western or Atlantick Ocean; which contains the Seas of Great Britain, France, and Spain, with the Sea of the Canaries and of Guinny.

3. The Southern Ocean or Ethiopia, comprehends the Seas of Congo or Angola, of Cafreria, and that of Zanguebar.

4. The Eastern, Oriental or Indian Oc-

an includes the *Arabian Sea*, the *Perfian*,  
the *Indian* and the *Sea of China*.

The great Sea about *America* is divided  
into the *North Sea*, the *South or Pacificick*  
Sea, and the *Sea of Magellanica*.

1. The *North Sea* is divided into three  
parts, according to the Countries adja-  
cent; viz. the *Sea of Canada* or *New*  
*France*, the *Mexican Sea*, or the *Sea of*  
*New Spain*, and the *Sea of Brasil*.

2. The *Pacificick Sea* comprehends in its  
full extent, the *Seas of Peru*, of *New Mexi-  
co*, and the *Archipelago of St. Lazarus*, to-  
wards *China*, and the *East Indies*.

3. The *Magellanick Sea* waters all the  
coast of *Terra Magellanica*, within the com-  
pass of which is included the *Seas of Para-  
gnay Magellanica*, and *Cibili*.

But leaving these exact subdivisions of  
the Seas; this you must observe, that the  
Seas always (or most commonly) borrow  
the names of the adjacent Countries; so  
that he who understands the division of  
the *Maritime States*, and of the *Islands*,  
knows for the most part the names of the  
Seas.

The three most famous Gulfs of our  
Continent, which for their greatness are  
called Seas, are the *Mediterranean Sea* be-

tween Europe and Africk; the Baltick Sea between Sweden, Germany and Poland; and the Red Sea between Asia and Africk.

The three Gulfs of America are, the Gulf of Mexico between Mexico and Florida; Hudsons Gulf or Bay North-Westward from Canada; and the Gulf of La Plata in Paraguay.

The three most famous Straights of the World, are the Straights of Gibraltar (the *Nè plus ultra* of the Ancients) between Europe and Africk, this joins the Mediterranean Sea to the Ocean; the Straights of Magellan between America and Terra Magellanica; and the Straights of Anian between our Continent and the Land of Jesso.

The three most considerable Lakes round about the Terrestrial Globe are,

1. In Asia on the North side of Persia, the Caspian Lake or Sea, otherwise called the Sea of Kilan, or of Sala.

2. The Lake Parima under the Equator, in Guyana.

3. The Lake called the Fresh-water Sea in Canada.

The most famous Rivers in the World are, in Europe nine; the Thames in England, Tornia in Scandinavia, Wolga in Muscovy, the Loire in France, the Rhine in Germany,

many, the *Weyffell* or *Wistule* in *Poland*, the River *Tagus* now *Taio* in *Spain*, *Po* in *Italy*, & the *Danow* or *Danube* in *Turky* in *Europe*.

In *Asia* twelve ; *Euphrates*, and *Tigris* in *Turky* in *Asia* ; *Indus* or *Sind*, *Ganges*, the River of *Pegu*, and *Menan* in *India* ; *Kiang*, and *Hoang* or *Caramoran* in *China*; *Ghammas*, *Fibun* or *Balch*, anciently *Oxus*, *Ardock* or *Alsagh*, in time past *Jaxartes*, and *Obius* in *Great Tartary*.

Six in *Africk*, viz. *Nile* in *Abissinia* and in *Egypt*, *Niger* in *Nigritia*, *Ghir* in *Zaara*, the *Zair* in *Congo*, *Zambera* and *Spiritu Santo* in *Monomotopa* and *Cafrieria*.

In *America* there are also six ; the River of *St. Laurence* in *Canada*, *Paria* or *Orenoke* between *Castilla del Oro*, and *Guyana*, the River of the *Amazons*, otherwise *Orelhana* in *Peru*, that of *St. Francis* in *Brasil*, the River *Parana* in *Paraguay*, and that of *La Plata* in the same Country, the largest River in the World, the mouth of which is not unfitly stiled a *Gulf*.

## C H A P. V.

## Of Europe in general.

**A**LL our design in this little *Compendium of Geography* is, to take particular care to describe *Europe*, the knowledge whereof is most necessary for us.

Although *Europe* gives place to *Asia*, *Africk*, and *America*, for greatness and extent, nevertheless its infinite number of advantages render it, without contradiction, the most considerable part of the inhabitable World. For if we consider the situation of it, we shall find that ( lying in the middle of the Temperate Zone ) the Countries of this part of the World are exceedingly more fertile, and fuller of People than those of the other three. Moreover it is to be observed, that through the natural situation of the Countries of *Europe*, the Inhabitants have great trading one among another by the means of the Seas, Straights, and Gulfs which belong to it, and by the convenience of a great number of Rivers which run through all parts of it; so that by their Voyages, Navigation, Trade, and their frequent Wars, they

they are become the most expert People in the World, and so warlike, that they have in their hands the Sovereignty of the other parts of the Earth. Witness the Conquests of the *Grecians* and *Romans* in old times, and the victorious Navigations in this Age, by which the *Spaniards*, the *English*, the *French*, & the *Hollanders* have added what was wanting to their own felicity, by the spoils of foreign Nations that they have overcome. Besides, *Europe* receives a greater advantage by the profession of the Gospel of *JESUS CHRIST*, whose light seems to have been retracted from the other parts of the World, that it might shine brighter, and more gloriously in *Europe*. Again, the *Arts* and *Sciences*, the *Policy*, *Strength*, and *Magnificence* of the Cities, the excellent structure of all the Buildings, the courage and wise conduct of the Inhabitants in their Wars and Voyages, whether by Sea or Land; in a word, the wonderful industry of the *Europeans* in all sorts of rare works, makes them to be esteemed infinitely above all the People in the other parts of the Earth.

We divided *Europe* in the beginning into nine parts, including the *British Islands*: but afterwards we added thereto three more,

more, viz. the *Low Countries* contiguous to *France*, on the *North-East*; the *Republick of Switzerland* and their Allies, on the *East side*: And the *Provinces* tributary to the *Turk* on the *South side* of *Poland*; with *Little Tartary* nigh the *Pontus Euxinus*, or the *Black Sea*.

The Method of *Geographers*, who place the *North* on the top of their Maps, obliges us to begin with the three Northern parts, all three different Countries; the first consisting of the *British Isles*; the second of the *Peninsula of Scandinavia*; and the third of *Muscovy*, which is the greatest part of the *Continent* in *Europe*. Next we will describe the three middle parts, which are, *France*, *Germany*, and *Poland*, all three alike, and take up the rest of the *Continent*; yet their situation shews, that *France* is somewhat more temperate than *Germany* and *Poland*, which lie higher towards the *North*, where the Winters are very long and sharp. We shall speak next of the three Southern parts, which are *Peninsula's* divided from one another, but have a great traffick by Sea with the other parts of the World: and lastly we will end this *Treatise* by the Explication of the *Low Countries*, the *Switzerland Cantons*, and the

Provinces tributary to the Turk, which being the least Countries in Europe, shall be explained last of all, although they are situated among the rest.

There are three principal Languages in Europe, viz. *Latin* corrupt, spoken in *Italy*, *France*, and *Spain*; *Dutch*, in *Germany*, *Scandinavia*, and the *British Isles*; and in *Poland*, *Muscovy*, and *Turky* in Europe, they make use of the *Sclavonian Tongue*; but all under divers *Idioms*. Again, the *Latin*-Tongue is spoken generally where the *Roman Catholick Religion* is professed; and where they speak *Dutch*, they are for the most part *Protestants*; the *Roman Catholick Religion* is professed in *Poland*, *Muscovy* allows all sorts of Religions, and the *Mahometan Religion* reigns in *Turky*.

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## C H A P. VI.

### Of the British Isles.

THE Kingdom of *England*, or the *British Isles*, make the first of the three northern parts of Europe, seated in the western Ocean, nigh *France*, *Germany*, and the *Low Countries*, and not very far from *Scandinavia*, and *Spain*. The

The Inhabitants of the Isle of *Great Britain* (which gives its name to all the lesser Islands) are, as some think, descended from the *Trojans*, who entred this Island under the Conduct of *Brute*, and laid the first foundations of *London*, calling it *New Troy*; afterwards it was named *Augusta Trinobantum*, and lastly *London*: but others say the *Britains* had their name from the Word *Britb*, which signifies stained or painted, (or rather the name of the Paint) by reason of a custom they took to paint their Skins allover, and of several Colours, that they might thereby the more terrifie their Enemies; whence also the *Romans* called the People of *Scotland* *Picti*, from their painted Skins. *Great Britain* was called also once *Albion*, *ab albis rupibus*, and is divided into two parts, both of them Kingdoms, viz. *England*, and *Scotland*, which together with the Isle and Kingdom of *Ireland*, and an innumerable company of lesser Islands in the *British Seas*, are now under the Protection, and Government of our most gracious and redoubted Sovereign, *KING CHARLES* the Second.

There were several Tribes of People who inhabited anciently these Islands; the most famous of them (for instance, in *England*)

land) were the *Cantii*, the *Trinobantes*, the *Brigantes*, and the *Silures*, &c. who were all governed by their Princes, but afterwards all subdued by the *Romans*, except the Northern part of the Island.

The *Saxons* were the next that possessed themselves of the *South* part of *Britain*, with whom came the *Angli*, Neighbours to the *Saxons*, out of the *North* of *Germany*; whence it was called *England*, and the Inhabitants *English*.

These *Saxons* divided it into seven Kingdoms; not including the Principality of *Wales*, whither most part of the *Britains*, being driven by them out of *England*, retired: but now these eight Provinces which compose *England*, and *Wales*, are divided into fifty two Shires. Of these eight Provinces then ( according as they lie from *London*, the Metropolis of all *England*) two are in the *North* of *England*, *Northumberland*, and *Mercia*; two in the *South*, *Kent*, and *Sussex*; two lie towards the *East*, *Essex*, and the Province of the *East Angles*; and two towards the *West*, *Wessex*, and *Wales*:

The two *North* parts are,

1. *Northumberland*, in which are the Shires called *Yorkshire*, *Lancashire*, *Westmorland*

*land, Cumberland, Durham, and Northumberland*; the Chief Towns of this Province are, *York, Durham, Newcastle, Carlisle, Barnwick, Lancaster, and Hull.*

2. *Mercia*, wherein are these following Shires; *Oxfordshire, Gloucestershire, Buckinghamshire, Bedfordshire, Huntingtonshire, Northamptonshire, Rutlandshire, Leicestershire, Warwickshire, Worcestershire, Herefordshire, Monmouthshire, Shropshire, Cheshire, Staffordshire, Derbyshire, Nottinghamshire, and Lincolnshire*; the Chief Towns are, *Oxford, Chester, Gloucester, Lincoln, Worcester, Hereford, Coventry, Peterborough, and Lichfield.*

The two South Provinces are,

3. *Kent*, being but one single Shire or County, ch. T. *Canterbury, Rochester, & Dover.*

4. *Sussex*, containing the Shires or Counties of *Sussex, and Surrey*, ch. T. *Chichester, Rye, Hastings, and Lewes.*

The two Eastern Provinces are,

5. *Eſſex*, which comprehends under it *Middleſex, Eſſex, and Hartfordſhire*; ch. T. *London the Metropolis of England* which (all things considered) may be ſaid to be the chief City in the World; then *Colchester, Hartford, and St. Albans.*

6. *East Angles*, comprehendng *Norfolk, Suffolk, and Cambridgshire*, ch. T. *Norwich, Cambridge, Ipswich, Yarmouth, & Ely.* The

The two *Western Provinces* are,

7. *Wessex*, under which is comprehended *Somersetshire*, *Hampshire*, *Dorsetshire*, *Devonshire*, *Cornwall*, *Wiltshire*, and *Berkshire*, ch. T. *Bristol*, *Bath*, *Wells*, *Winchester*, *Southampton*, *Exeter*, *Plymouth*, *Salisbury*, and *Windsor*.

8. *Wales*, which includes these twelve Shires following; *Pembrokeshire*, *Caermarthensh.* *Glamorgansh.* *Brecknocksh.* *Radnorsh.* *Cardigansh.* *Montgomerysh.* *Merionethsh.* *Denbighsh.* *Flintsh.* *Caernarvonsh.* and the Isle of *Anglesey*. ch. T. *Pembroke*, *St. Davids*, *Cardiff*, *Landaff*, *Denbigh*, *S. Asaph*, *Montgomery*, and *Caernarvon*.

*Scotland* was formerly called *Caledonia*; afterwards comprehended under the name of *Great Britain*, as at present; but once it received the name of *Little Britain* in comparison of *England*, which was then properly *Great Britain*. It is the most Northern part of this Island, and contains 35. Shires or Counties, viz. 14. beyond the River *Tay*, which make up the ancient Kingdom of the *Scots*, whose King dwelt at *Dunstafag*; and 21. on this side the River *Tay*, where was the Kingdom of the *Picts*, the Kings Seat being at *Abernethy*; but these two Towns are now ruined.

The

The chief Towns on this side the River Tay in South Scotland, are *Edenburg, Leith, Glascon, St. Andrews, Sterling, & Dunbriton.*

*North Scotland*, or the habitation of the ancient Scots: the chief Towns are *Aberdeen, Perth, Dundee, and Dornock.*

I shall not trouble the Readers Memory with the names of each particular County of *Scotland*, nor those of *Ireland*, ( which I am now going to speak of ) as not being of such moment.

The Kingdom and Isle of *Ireland* was anciently called *Ierna*, and sometimes *Iverna*; from the latter *Hibernia* seems to be derived, by which name it was known in the time of the Romans; and from *Ierna* ( as it is generally believed ) comes *Erynn*, called by the Natives at this day.

It is now divided into five Provinces which were formerly Kingdoms, viz.

1. *Lemster*, in which are nine Counties ch. T. *Dublin, Wexford, and Kilkenny.*

2. *Meath*, in which are three Counties ch. T. *Molingar*; this Province by reason of its small extent is commonly comprehended under *Lemster*.

3. *Ulster*, which contains ten Counties ch. T. *Armagh, Drozdagh, and Londonderry.*

4. *Connaught*, which has 6 Counties, ch. T. *Galway, Kilaloe, and Athlone.* 5. *Mun-*

5. *Munster*, under which is also comprehended six Counties, ch. T. *Waterford, Limerick, and Cork*.

The most considerable Islands nigh the Coasts of Great Britain, and Ireland, which go under the name of *British Isles*, are divided into nine parts, whereof three are in the *Channel*, viz. the *Isles of Wight, Jersey, and Garnsey*; which two last are near the Coast of France. -

Three lie Westward in the *Irish Sea*, viz. the *Sorlings, or Silly Islands, the Isle of Man, and the Western Isles nigh Scotland*, called the *Hebrides, or Inchgales*.

The 3 last are towards the *North*, viz. the *Orcades or Isles of Orkney, the Isles of Hetland or Shetland, and the Fair Islands or Isles of Fero*, now belonging to the King of Denmark.

The chief Rivers are, the *Thames, Severn, and Trent*, in *England*; *Tay*, in *Scotland*; and *Shannon*, in *Ireland*.

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## C H A P. VII.

### *Of Scandinavia.*

**S**candinavia is the second of the three North parts of Europe, joining to Germany, Poland, and Muscovy; it includes three King-

Kingdoms under two States ; viz. the State of Denmark, and that of Swedeland.

The State of Denmark, contains two Kingdoms, viz. Denmark, and Norway.

Denmark consists of three parts ; to wit Jutland, which is a great Peninsula or Chersonesus, annexed to Germany, and formerly called the Cimbrick Chersonesus : the Isles of the Baltic Sea, and the Islands and Countries in the North Sea.

Jutland (so called from the *Jute*, heretofore the Inhabitants of this Country) is divided into South-Jutland and North-Jutland.

South Jutland comprehends two Dukedoms.

1. The Dukedom of *Holsatia* or *Holsten*; (this is counted part of Germany, included within the Circuit or Circle of the lower Saxony, and depending on the Empire; which we should not describe in this place, but that it belongs to the King of Denmark:) The chief Towns are Rendsburg, Kiel, and Gluckstad.

2. The Dukedom of *Sleswick*, ch. T. *Sleswick*, with the Castle of Gottorp, Tönningen, and Flensburg.

North-Jutland includes four Lutheran Diocesses, which are,

i. The

1. The Diocess of *Rypen*, ch. T. *Rypen*.
2. That of *Arhusen*, ch. T. *Arhusen*.
3. The Diocess of *Wiburg*, ch. T. *Wiburg*.  
Fourthly and lastly that of *Alburg*, ch. T. *Alburg*, and *Scagen* towards the *North-Cape of Denmark*, which is famous for its frequent Shipwracks.

The most remarkable Islands of the *Baltick Sea* are,

First, the Isle of *Zeeland*, of old called *Codanonia*, ch. T. *Copenhagen*, *Roschild*, and *Helsenore*, with the Castle of *Cronemberg*.

Secondly, the Isle of *Fuen* or *Funen*, ch. T. *Odensee*, *Middlefurt*, and *Niburg*.

The three Passages or Straights of the *Baltick Sea* (heretofore *Sinus Codanus*) are, the *Sound* between *Zeeland* and *Schonen*, the *Belt* between *Zeeland* & *Funen*, & *Middelfurt Sound* between *Funen*, and *Jutland*.

The Islands and Countries in the Northern Sea, which depend upon the Kingdom of *Denmark* are,

1. A great part of the Isle of *Island*, ch. T. *Hola*, a Bishoprick.
2. The *Fair Islands*, ch. T. *Strom*.
3. *Greenland*, ch. T. *Bearford*.

The Kingdom of *Norway*, which takes up the Western part of *Scandinavia*, is divided into five Governments or Provinces, viz.

1. The

1. The Government of *Babus*, which belongs to the *Swedes* since the Treaty at *Roschild*, ch. T. *Babus* and *Marstrand*.

2. That of *Agger*, ch. T. *Agger*, *Opslo*, and *Frederickstad*.

3. That of *Bergen*, ch. T. *Berg* or *Bergen*, the residence of the Viceroy.

4. The Government of *Drunthem*, ch. T. *Drunthem*, heretofore *Nidrosia*, the Seat of the ancient Kings of *Norway*.

5. And lastly, that of *Wardbus*, ch. T. *Wardbus*, nigh the *North Kin* or *Cape*.

The Kingdom of *Swedeland* or *Sweden*, comprehends seven parts, which are,

1. The coast of *Schonen*, comprehending *Halland*, *Schonen*, and *Bleking*, all which go under the name of *South Gothland*, ch. T. *Lunden*, *Malmugen*, *Landskroon*, and *Christianstad*.

2. The *North* part of *Gothland* is divided into *Ostro Gothland*, and *Westro Gothland*, ch. T. *Calmar*, *Gottemburg* or *Gothburg*, and *Linkopen*.

3. *Sweden*, containing eight or nine little Provinces, ch. T. *Stockholm*, *Upsal*, and *Nikopen*.

4. *Laponia* otherwise *Lapland* is divided into five Regions or Territories, viz. *Uma*, *Pitha*, *Lula*, *Tornia*, and *Kimi* or *Lapmark*, with

with the Towns of the same name, whereof *Tornia* is of most importance.

5. The great Province of *Finland*, subdivided into several small Provinces, ch. T. *Abo*, *Wiburg*, and *Raseburg*.

6. *Ingria*, ch. T. *Noteburg*, and *Juanogrod*.

7. *Livonia*, ch. T. *Riga*, *Derpt*, & *Revel*.

The Crown of *Swedeland* is also possessed of several Islands in the *Baltick Sea*; and in *Germany* the Dukedoms of *Pomeren*, *Bremen*, and *Ferden*, the town of *Wismar*, and the Isle of *Rugen*.

*Tornia*, and *Kimi*, in the North Provinces of *Swedeland*, are the most considerable Rivers of *Scandinavia*.

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## C H A P. V I I I.

### Of Muscovy.

**M**uscovy or *Russia*, is the most Northern, and most rude and illiterate Country of all the parts of *Europe*, but above six times bigger than all the *British Isles*.

This Empire contains the three Kingdoms of *Cazan*, *Bulgar*, and *Astracan*, in *Sartary Desart*, with the Cities of the same name;

name; and above thirty Provinces, with several distinct sorts of People who live by *Horda's* or Companies.

The twelve principal Towns, are *Mosco*, *Wolodimer*, *Great Novogrod*, *Archangel*, *St. Nicholas*, *Plescow*, *Rhezan Oustioug*, *Worotin*, *Little Novogrod*, *Wologda*, and *Bielizero*.

The principal Rivers are, the *Volga*, *Dwina*, and *Tanais* or *Don*.

This is enough of a Country where none go to travel, neither do the inhabitants (who are all Slaves) go out of it without an express leave from the Czar, who does not very often grant their request in that.

## C H A P. IX.

### Of France.

**T**HE Kingdom of *France* in time past was named *Gaule*, containing a larger extent than at present, and was divided into *Gallia Belgica*, *Gallia Celtica*, *Aquitania*, and *Gallia Narbonensis*. It is the third and most Westerly of the three parts of Europe, which are situated between the 2.

Nor

## Of France.

the North and South Countries : It lies nigh  
by England, being separated from us but by  
our Channel, and the *Pas de Calais*, ( as the  
French call it ) a narrow passage not above  
eighteen Mile over.

The modern division of *France* accord-  
ing to the best Authors, and Geographers,  
is into 12 general Governments ; to which  
we will add four new Governments, the  
late Conquests of the *French King*.

Four of these 16 Governments are to-  
wards the *North*, and on this side the *Loire* ;  
four are in the middle of *France*, and on  
each side the *Loire* ; four more are Southern,  
and beyond this River ; and the four last  
lie Eastward towards *Germany*.

I will not go about to subdivide the  
Governments which contain but one Pro-  
vince ; only ( that I may not overcharge  
the Readers memory ) I will set down the  
three principal Towns in them, and in the  
Governments where there are more than  
one Province, we will take notice of the  
chief Town of each one.

The four Northern Governments are,  
1. *Picardy*, situated upon the *Channel* of  
the British Seas, ch. T. *Amiens*, *Abbeville*,  
*Calais*.

2. *Normandy*, situated on the *Channel*,  
and

and divided into High and Low Normandy, ch. T. *Rouen, Caen, and Alenson.*

3. The Isle of France, situated between the River *Seyne*, the *Marne*, and the *Oyse*, which makes as it were an Isle of it, ch. T. *Paris, St. Denis, and Melun.*

4. *Champaign*, situated on the East of the Isle of France, ch. T. *Troys, Rheims, and Chalons upon Marne.*

The four Governments in the middle of France, upon the *Loire* are,

5. *Bretaigne*, situated towards the Ocean, and divided into Upper and Lower Bretaigne; the chief Towns are *Rennes, Nantes, and Brest.*

6. The Government of *Orleanois*, subdivided into nine little Provinces, whereof two lie on the North side of the *Loire*, viz. *Maine, ch. Mans; and Perche, ch. T. Nogent.* Four upon the *Loire*, to wit; *Anjou, ch. T. Angers; Touraine, ch. T. Tours; Beauce, ch. T. Orleans; and Nivernois, ch. T. Nevers.* And three Provinces on the South side of the *Loire*: *Poitou, ch. T. Poitiers; Angoumois, ch. T. Angouleme; and Berry, ch. T. Bourges.*

7. The Duchy of *Burgundy*, with *Bress, ch. T. Dijon, Autun, Chalons upon Saone; and Bourg in Bress.*

8. The Government of *Lyonnais*, subdivided

vided into four little Provinces, viz. *Lyonnois*, properly taken, ch. T. *Lyons*; *Bourbonnois*, ch. T. *Moulins*; *Auvergn*, ch. T. *Clermont*; *La Marche*, ch. T. *Gueret*.

The four Southern Governments of France are,

9. The Government of *Guienn* and *Gascony*, situated on the Ocean, and on each side the River *Garonn*, cannot be divided more exactly than into eight Provinces, whereof 3 lie Northward from the *Garonn*, viz. *Saintonge*, ch. T. *Saintes*, *Perigord*, ch. T. *Periguex*; and *Limosin*, ch. T. *Limoges*. Three about the *Garonn*, and the River *Lot*, which falls into it; to wit; *Guienn* properly taken, ch. T. *Bourdeaux*; *Quercy*, ch. T. *Cabors*; and *Rouerge*, ch. T. *Rhodes*. And two on the South side the River, viz. The great Province of *Gascony*, ch. T. *Auch*; and the little Province of *Bearn*, ch. T. *Pau*.

10. *Languedock*, situated on the Mediterranean Sea, is divided into High and Low *Languedock*, and *Cevennes*, ch. T. *Toulouse*, *Narbonn*, *Mompellier*; and *Viviers* in *Cevennes*. One may include under the general Government of *Languedock*, the County of *Roussillon*, ch. T. *Perpignan*.

11. *Dauphiny*, situated towards Italy, ch. T. *Grenoble*, *Vienn*, and *Valence*; to which

one may add *Pignorol*, which serves as a Gate for the French to enter into *Italy*.

12. *Provence*, which lies upon the *Mediterranean Sea*, whereof the chief Towns are, *Aix*, *Marseilles*, and *Toulon*.

The four new Eastern Governments of *France* lie towards *Germany*, watered with the *Scheld*, the *Lis*, the *Meuse*, and the *Rhine*; and are,

13. The *Catholick Low Countries* belonging to *France*, or *French Netherlands*, ch. *T. Lisse*, and *Dunkirk* in the County of *Flanders*; *Arras* in *Artois*; *Valenciennes* in *Hainault*; *Cambray* in *Cambresis*; and *Montmedy* in *Luxemburg*.

14. *Lorain*, ch. *T. Nancy*, *Metz*, and *Verdun*.

15. *Alsatia* or *Alsace*, divided into Upper and Lower, ch. *T. Strasburg*, *Brisack*, and *Friburg*; it is almost all in the hands of the *French*.

16. The County of *Burgundy*, vulgarly called the *Francbe* or *Free County*, ch. *T. Bezanson*, *Dol*, and *Salins*. One might add thereto the County of *Monbelliard*, ch. *T. Monbelliard* belonging to a Prince of the House of *Wirtenberg*.

The four most famous Rivers in *France* are, the *Loire*, the *Seyne*, the *Garonn*, and the *Rhone*.

C H A P. X.

Of Germany.

**G**ermany (under which name also, was included anciently the United Provinces, Denmark, part of Poland, and as some say, Sweden, and Norway) makes one of the nine parts of Europe ; and directly situated in the middle of the other eight.

It is now of less extent by much than it was formerly, but yet comprehends a great number of different Sovereignies which compose the Empire of the West, and which depend on the Emperour, who is the chief Head of all the Princes that have shares in this great Country.

We will then divide Germany into Western Germany, about the Rhine towards France and the Ocean ; into Southern, about the Danube towards Italy and Hungary ; into Eastern Germany, comprehending the State of Bohemia towards Poland ; and into Northern, about the River Elbe and Oder towards the Baltic Sea.

Western Germany is subdivided into six great parts, whereof the most part contain many little Provinces.

Three of these parts are upon the Rhine, and three on the East of the Rhine.

The three parts situated on the Rhine are,

1. The States of Cleves, Juliers, and the Bishoprick of Liege, ch. T. of the same name.

2. The three Electoral Archbischopricks of the Empire, viz. That of Calen, ch. T. Colen, and Bonn; of Treves or Triers, ch. T. Treves, and Coblenz; and that of Mentz, ch. T. Mentz, and Aschaffenburg.

3. The Electoral Palatinate of the Rhine, ch. T. Heidelberg, Worms, and Spire.

The three parts of Germany, situated on the East side of the Rhine are,

4. Westphalia, subdivided into many little States, ch. T. Munster, Osnaburg, and Paderborn.

5. Hessen, comprehending Weteravia or Weteraw, and the Abbey of Fuld, ch. T. Gassel, Darmstadt, and Fuld.

6. Franconia, ch. T. Francfort, Norimberg, and Wirtzburg.

Southern Germany about the Danube, is subdivided into nine parts, besides several small divisions.

Three of these parts or Provinces are towards the Head of the River Danube, viz.

1. *Suevia, or Schwaben*, ch. T. *Augsburg, Ulm, and Constance.*

2. The Duchy of *Wirtenberg*, ch. T. *Stuttgart, Tubingen, and Wirtenberg.*

3. *Brisgow*, ch. T. *Friburg*, now belonging to the French Government of *Alsace*; *Rotweil, and Eslingen.*

The three parts following lie higher upon the *Danube*, and are,

4. The Palatinate of *Bavaria*, or the Upper Palatinate on the North side of the *Danube*, ch. T. *Amberg, Nemburg, &c Aichstad.*

5. The Electoral Duchy of *Bavaria*, with the Archbischoprick of *Salzburg*, ch. T. *Munchen, Ratisbon, and Salzburg.*

6. The County of *Tirole*, with the Archduchy of *Inspruck* and the Territories adjacent, ch. T. *Inspruck, Trent, and Brixen.*

The three last parts of Southern Germany lie yet further up the *Danube*, and are,

7. The Archduchy of *Austria*, ch. T. *Vienna, Lintz, and Cremz.*

8. The Hereditary Provinces which are, *Stiria*, ch. T. *Gratz*; *Carinthia*, ch. T. *Clagensfurt*; *Carniola*, ch. T. *Lauback*, with the only Imperial Haven of *Trift*; The County of *Cilly*, ch. T. *Cilly*; and the Marquiseate of *Windes, or Windisch Mark*, ch. T. *Metling*.

9. Imperial Hungary, ch. T. Presburg, Komora, and Raab or Javarin.

The Eastern, or Bohemian Germany towards Poland comprehends four parts, whereof the three last depend upon the Kingdom of Bohemia which is the first and principal part of them all.

1. The Kingdom of Bohemia, ch. T. Prague, Kuttenberg, and Egra.

2. The Marquisate of Moravia, ch. T. Olmutz, Brinn, and Newstad.

3. The Duchy of Silesia, ch. T. Breslau, Gros Glogaw, and Lignitz.

4. The Marquisate of Lusatia, now under the jurisdiction of the Duke of Saxony, ch. T. Bautzen, Gorlitz and Zittaw.

Northern Germany, about the Elbe and Oder towards the Baltic Sea, is divided into the Upper and Lower Saxony.

Upper Saxony comprehends three parts, viz.

1. The Electorship of Saxony properly taken, with Misnia, and Turingia, ch. T. Drefden in Misnia, Wittenberg in Saxony, and Erfurt, in Turingia.

2. The Electoral Marquisate of Brandenburg, divided into the Old, the New, and the Middle Marquisate, ch. T. Berlin, Francfort upon Oder, and Brandenburg.

3. Po-

3. *Pomerania* or *Pomeran*, ch. T. *Stetin*,  
*Stralzund*, and *Colberg*.

Lower Saxony comprehends likewise three great parts, subdivided again into several others, viz.

1. The Dukedoms of *Lunenburg*, and *Brunswick*, ch. T. *Wolfenbuttel*, *Zell*, and *Hannover*.

2. The States of *Bremen*, *Ferden*, *Minden*, and *Oldenburg*, ch. T. of the same name.

3. *Mecklenburg*, ch. T. *Swerin*, *Wismar*, and *Gustrow*.

I shall not make mention here of the Duchy of *Holsten*, although it be part of Germany, having spoken of it before in the description of *Jutland*. It sufficeth to observe the two famous Imperial *Hans-Towns*, *Hamburg* and *Lubeck*; which live under the form of Common-wealths.

The five chief Rivers of Germany are, the *Rhine*, the *Danube*, ( called long since *Ister* ) the *Elbe*, the *Oder*, and the *Weser*.

Of Poland.

## CHAP. XI.

Of Poland.

THE Elective Kingdom of *Poland* is the most Easterly of the three middle parts of Europe: It lies Eastward from *Germany*; on the North of *Hungary*, *Transilvania*, and *Moldavia*; and South westward from *Muscovy*.

It comprehends two States; that of true *Poland* with the Provinces annexed thereto, and the great Duchy of *Lithuania* with its dependances, which is now united to the Crown of *Poland*.

We will divide the true *Poland* into nine great Provinces, and *Lithuania* into three, after having first considered that this State is watered by four great Rivers. The *Wistule*, the *Boristhenes* or *Nieper*, the *Niemen*, and the *Nieste* which divides *Poland* from *Moldavia*.

The nine great Provinces of *Poland* are,

1. The Province of *Poland*, divided into the Lesser or Upper *Poland*, wherein are these chief Towns, *Cracow*, *Sandomir*, and *Lublin*; and into the Greater or Lower *Poland*, ch. T. *Gnesna* or *Gniesen*, *Posnan* or *Posen*, and *Kalisz*.
2. *Prussia*,

2. *Prussia*, part belonging to *Poland*, ch. T. *Dantzick*, *Marienburg*, *land Culm*; and part to *Brandenburg*, ch. T. *Koningsberg*, *Elbing*, and *Memel*.

3. The Duchy of *Curland*, the Prince whereof owes fealty to the Crown of *Poland*, ch. T. *Mitau*, and *Goldingen*.

4. *Mazovia*, ch. T. *Wissow*, and *Czerik*.

5. *Polachia* or *Podelassia*, ch. T. *Bielsko*.

6. Little *Russia* or *Black Russia*, (to distinguish it from *Muscovy*, which is sometimes called *Great* or *White Russia*) ch. T. *Leopat* (otherwise *Levenberg*, *Haliez*, and *Zamorki*).

7. *Podolia*, where is *Kaminieek*, *Bracław* or *Bratzlaw*, and *Bar*.

8. *Volbinia*, whereof the ch. T. are *Kiow*, and *Luszko*.

9. *Ukrania*, generally included within the limits of *Volbinia*, ch. T. *Czinkaffi*.

Moreover *Lithuania* contains three parts, viz.

1. The great Duchy of *Lithuania*, ch. T. *Wilna*, *Witepski*, and *Novogrodeck*.

2. *Samogitia*, ch. T. *Rosinia*.

3. The Palatinates or Dukedoms of *Smolensko*, and *Novogrod-Sevierski*, with the Towns so called.

## C H A P. XII.

## Of Spain.

This Country at first was called *Iberia*, from the River *Iberus* now *Ebro*; and also *Hesperia*, from *Hesperus* the Evening Star alwayes seen in the West, for it lies the most Westward of all the Countries of Europe; afterwards in the time of the *Romans* it was more universally known by the name of *Hispania*, and by them divided into three Provinces: *Betica*, so named from the River *Betis* now *Gnadalquivir*, running through the middle of it; *Tarracensis*, or the Province of *Tarraco*; and *Lusitania*, which is now the Kingdom of *Portugal*.

It is encompassed with the Ocean and the *Mediterranean Sea*, which make it a *Peninsula*, and is contiguous to *France* on the North-East side, from which it is divided by the *Pyrenies*. But now to the modern division of this Kingdom.

*Spain* is divided at present into 15 Provinces, (most of them Kingdoms heretofore, whereof the greatest part do still retain the titles) to which one may add three

three Isles that are in the Mediterranean Sea.

Of these 15 Provinces three are Northerly, viz.

1. *Navarr*, whereof the ch. T. are *Pamplona*, *Estella*, and *Olita*.

2. *Biscay*, ch. T. *Bilbao*, *Fontarabia* and *St. Sebastian*.

3. *Asturia*, ch. T. *Oviedo*, *Santillana*, and *Aviles*.

Three are Westerly, viz.

4. *Galicia*, ch. T. *St. Jago de compostella*, *Mondonedo*, and *La Corunna*.

5. The Kingdom of *Portugal*, now free from the Soverainty of the Spaniards, ch T. *Lisbon*, which they say was built by *Ulysses*, *Braga*, and *Coimbra*.

6. *Algarves*, belonging to the Kingdom of *Portugal*, ch. T. *Faro*, and *Tavila*.

Three are Southerly, viz.

7. *Andaluzia*, ch. T. *Sevil*, *Cadiz*, and *Cordova*.

8. *Granada*, ch. T. *Granada*, *Guadix*, and *Malaga*.

9. *Murcia*, ch. T. *Murcia*, and New *Carthage* or *Carthagena*.

Three are Easterly, viz.

10. *Valentia*, ch. T. *Valentia*, *Alicans*, and *Segorbe*.

11. Catalonia, ch. T. Barcelona, Tarragon, and Tortosa.

12. Aragon, ch. T. Saragossa; Jacca, and Balbastro.

The three last Provinces are situated in the middle of Spain, viz.

13. Leon, ch. T. Leon, Salamanca, & Toro.

14. Old Castile, ch. T. Valladolid, Burgos, Segovia, and the ancient Numantia, famous for holding out a Siege of 15 years, against the Romans, but now ruined.

15. New Castile, ch. T. Madrid, Toledo, and Acalade Henares, not forgetting the most famous Monastery of the Escorial, not far from Madrid.

The three neighbouring Isles depending upon this Country are, Majorca, Minorca, and Ivica, with the ch. T. of the same name, except Minorca, which hath the Fortres of Citadelli.

The five greatest Rivers of Spain are, Taio or Tagus, Ebro, Duro, Guadiana, and Guadalquivir.

### C H A P. XIII.

#### Of Italy.

**I**taly is situated in the Mediterranean Sea, which makes it a kind of Peninsula, under the shape of a Leg. It is separated from

from France and Germany by the Alps, and divided from one end to the other by the Apennine Hills.

Italy, as well as Spain, hath been named *Hesperia* by the Greeks, from whom it lies Westward; it hath also sometimes gone under the name of *Ausonia*, but most generally known, as well anciently as at present, by that of *Italia*.

It was heretofore divided into 14 Countries, which were inhabited by so many distinct sorts of People: Towards the North lie four great parts; *Gallia Transpadana*, *Penetia*, *Liguria*, and *Gallia Cispadana*; these four Countries are now called *Lombardy*, from the *Longobardi* a People of Germany, who came and dwelt here. Towards the middle of Italy are five; *Hetruria* now called *Tuscany*, *Umbria*, *Picenum*, *Samnum*, and *Latium*; these four last are now under the jurisdiction of the Pope. And the South part of Italy includes five Countries more, viz. *Campania*, *Apulia*, *Messapia*, *Lucania*, and *Brutium*; which are all five now comprehended under the Kingdom of Naples.

Every one of these Countries were subdivided into many small Regions or Territories, whose Inhabitants lived under several sorts of Governments, till they were

over-

overcome by the *Romans*; but these I shall omit as not being necessary to insert here: Now let us see how the modern division of *Italy* differs from that of the ancient times.

We will now divide it with the adjacent Isles, first into four great parts. The Upper *Italy* or *Lombardy*, the Middle *Italy*, the Lower *Italy* or Kingdom of *Naples*, and the Islands.

*Lombardy* is divided into nine Provinces or States, whereof, the five first make High *Lombardy* towards *France*, and the four other Low *Lombardy* towards the mouth of the River *Po*.

The five parts of High *Lombardy* are,

1. *Savoy*, ch. *T. Chambery, Montmelian, and Monfiers*; to which we may add the Town and Republick of *Geneva*. *Savoy* is generally reckoned without the bounds of *Italy*, and therefore is mentioned here but because it belongs to *Piedmont*.

2. *Piedmont*, ch. *T. Turin, Vercelli, & Nizza*.
3. *Milanese* or the Duchy of *Milan*, ch. *T. Milan, Pavia, and Cremona*.

4. *Montferrat*, ch. *T. Casal, and Trino*. The former was long since sold to the French King by the Duke of *Mantua*.

5. The Coast of *Genoa*, ch. *T. Genoa, Savona, and Albenga*.

The

The four Provinces which compose the Lower Lombardy are,

6. The Duchy of *Parma*, ch. T. *Parma*, and *Piacenza*.

7. The Duchy of *Modena*, ch. T. *Modena*, and *Reggio*.

8. The Duchy of *Mantua*, ch. T. *Mantua*, *Mirandola*, and *Gualtiera*, which are all Soverainties.

9. The Dominion or Republick of *Venice*, ch. T. *Venice*, *Padua*, and *Palma Nova*.

Middle Italy comprehends the State of the Church or Dominion of the Pope, and the Grand Duchy of *Tuscany*, with the Republick of *Lucca*, and other little Sovereinties inclosed in these two States.

The State of the Church comprehends twelve little Provinces, whereof five are upon the Gulf of *Venice*, and the seven others towards the Sea of *Tuscany*.

Those upon the Gulf of *Venice* are,

1. The Duchy of *Ferrara*, with the Valleys of *Comachio*, ch. T. *Ferrara*, & *Comachio*.

2. *Bolognese*, ch. T. *Bologna*.

3. *Romagna*, ch. T. *Ravenna*.

4. The Duchy of *Urbino*, ch. T. *Urbino*.

5. The Marquisate of *Ancona*, ch. T. *Ancona*, and *Loreto*.

The seven following Provinces lie on the South

South of the *Apene* Hills towards the Sea of *Tuscany*, and are,

6. The Territories of *Perugia*, ch. T. *Perugia*.

7. Of *Orvieto*, ch. T. *Orvieto*.

8. Of *Umbria*, otherwise the Duchy of *Spoleto*, ch. T. *Spoleto*.

9. *Terra Sabina*, ch. T. *Magliano*.

10. The Patrimony of St. *Peter*, ch. T. *Viterbo* and *Civita Vecchia*.

11. *Campania de Roma*, ch. T. *Roma*, *Ostia*, and *Frascati*.

12. The Duchy of *Castro*, ch. T. *Castro*.  
The Grand Duchy of *Tuscany* and *Florence*, is subdivided into three parts; the Territories of *Florence*, the Territories of *Sieuz*, and those of *Pisa*; ch. T. *Florence*, *Siena*, *Pisa*, and *Legorn*: *Piombino*, and *Orbetello* belong to the King of *Spain*, with their Jurisdictions which are upon the coast of *Tuscany*.

The Republick of *Lucca* with its dependances, ch. T. *Lucca*,

The Lower Italy or Kingdom of *Naples* is divided into 12 Provinces, whereof six are upon the *Adriatick* Sea or Gulf of *Venice*, and the six others are upon the Sea of *Tuscany*.

The six parts which are upon the Gulf of *Venice*, are

1. The

1. The Further Abruzzo, ch. T. Lanciano.
2. The Nigher Abruzzo, ch. T. Aquila.
3. The County of Molissa, ch. T. Molissa.
4. Capitanata or Puglia, ch. T. Manfre-donia.
5. The Territories of Bari, ch. T. Bari.
6. The Territories of Otranto, ch. T. Ofranto.

The six Provinces situated on the Tyrbenian Sea, or of Tuscany, are,

7. Terra di Lavoro, ch. T. Naples at first called Parthenope, and Capua.
8. The Nigher Principality, ch. T. Salerno, and Amalfi.
9. The Further Principality, ch. T. Benevento.
10. Basilicata, ch. T. Girenza.
11. The Nigher Calabria, ch. T. Cosenza.
12. The Further Calabria, ch. T. Reggio.

The Islands of Italy make the fourth part, and are divided into three great Islands, which are,

1. The Isle of Sicily, separated into three Valleys or Provinces, viz. *Val di Demona*, ch. T. *Messina* and *Catania* not far from Mount *Gibel* or *Etna* that vomits out flames. *Val di Noto*, ch. T. *Saragusa* the ancient *Syracuse*, and *Noto*. *Val di Mazara*, ch. T. *Palermo*, and *Montreal*.

2. The

2. The Isle of *Sardinia*, ch. T. *Cagliari*, *Saffari*, and *Algeri*.

3. The Isle of *Corsica*, ch. T. *Bastia*, *Adi-  
zzo*, and *Bonifacio*.

The four most famous Rivers of *Italy* are, the *Po*, the *Adige*, the *Tiber*, and the *Arno*.

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## CHAP. XIV.

### Of Turkey in Europe.

**T**urky in Europe is situated in the Mediterranean Sea near *Italy*, *Poland*; and *Asia*, and is contiguous to *Germany*.

We will divide it into High Turkey about the *Danube*, which includes the ancient Countries of *Pannonia*, *Illyricum*, and *Moesia*; and into Low Turkey towards the *Archipelago* or *White Sea*, wherein are the Countries called in time past *Thrace* and *Greece*, which last hath hitherto retained its old name.

High Turkey contains eight parts, viz.

1. Part of *Hungary*, anciently called *Pannonia*, ch. T. *Buda* or *Offen*, *Gran*, and *Pro-  
Kanisfa*.

2. Part of *Slavonia*, ch. T. *Posega*, and *Gradiskia*.

3. Part

3. Part of *Croatia*, with *Morlakia*, ch. T. *Wibitz*. The rest of *Hungary*, *Slavonia*, and *Croatia*, which is not within the Ottoman Jurisdiction, belongs to the Archduke of *Austria*, who is now Emperor of *Germany*.

4. *Dalmatia*, partly belonging to the *Turks*, and partly to the *Venetians*; the Ottoman Towns are, *Scardona*, and *Dulcigno*; the Venetian are, *Zara*, *Sebenico*, and *Spalato*, with the Town and Republick of *Ragus*, tributary both to the *Turks* and *Venetians*.

5. *Bosnia* or *Boſſina*, ch. T. *Jaytza*, and *Bagnialuck*. You must observe that *Slavonia*, *Croatia*, *Dalmatia*, and *Bosnia*, made heretofore one great Country called *Illyricum*.

6. *Servia*, comprehending the Western part of the ancient Country of *Moesia*, ch. T. *Belgrade*, and *Nisa*.

7. *Bulgaria*, which was the rest of *Moesia*, ch. T. *Sophia*, and *Nigepoli*.

8. *Besserabia*, with the Territories of *Otzacow* towards *Poland*, ch. T. *Bialogrod*, and *Otzacow*.

The Lower *Turky* is divided into seven Provinces, viz.

1. *Romania*, anciently *Thrace*, ch. T. *Constantinople*, *Adrianople*, and *Gallipoli*.

2. *Macedon*, ch. T. *Salonichi*, and *Contessa*.

3. *Alba-*

3. *Albania*, which was once part of *Macedon*, ch. T. *Scutari*, *Durazzo*, and *Valona*.

4. *Fanna*, anciently *Thessaly*, ch. T. *Ar-miro*, and *Larissa*.

5. *Canina*, anciently called *Epirus* and sometimes *Chaonia*, ch. T. *Prevezza*, *Larta*, and *Bastia*.

6. *Lavadia*, in time past *Achaia*, ch. T. *Lepanto*, *Setines*, heretofore called *Athens*, *Stives* heretofore *Thebes*, and *Negropont*, in an Island of the same name, which is counted part of *Livadia*, although it be separated from it by the *Euripus* or Straights of *Negropont*.

7. *Morea*; called in time past *Peloponnesus*, ch. T. *Patras*, *Corinth*, and *Misithra*, formerly *Lacedemon*: These six last Provinces composed the ancient and famous Country of *Greece*.

The Islands which are about Turkey in Europe, are a sufficient number to make a third part; we will then divide them into *Turkish*, and *Venetian Islands*.

The chief of the *Turkish Islands* are, *Candy*, anciently *Creet*, ch. T. *Candy*, *Canea* and *Retimo*; *Negropont*, anciently, *Enboea* ch. T. *Negropont*; and *Stalimene*, heretofore *Lemnos*, ch. T. of the same name.

The *Venetian Islands* (which are con-sidered

derable) are, *Corfus*, *Cefalonia*, *Zant*, and *Cerigo*, heretofore *Cythera*.

The most famous Rivers of Turkey in Europe are, the *Danow* or *Danube*, the *Draw*, the *Saw*, and the *Tyssa* or *Teissa*.

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## C H A P. XV.

### *Of the Low-Countries.*

After having briefly spoken of the great parts of Europe, we thought it convenient to avoid confusion, and to facilitate the Readers memory by the number of twelve, into the which we have divided *Asia*, *Africk*, and *America*, to add three lesser divisions of Europe, separated and distant from one another, viz.

The *Low Countries*; the *Republick of Switzerland*; and the Provinces tributary to the *Great Turk*. We shall begin first with the *Low Countries* or *Seventeen Provinces* vulgarly known by the name of *Flanders*, and *Holland*, which are the two richest and most considerable Provinces of them.

The *Low Countries* were formerly divided into two parts; one on the South of the *Rhine*,

Rhine, comprehended under that part of Gaul called *Gallia Belgica*: now most of it is the Spanish Netherlands. The other on the North side of the Rhine was comprised within the bounds of ancient Germany: at present it is the United Netherlands.

The modern division is also into two parts, though with some difference from the ancient, viz.

The Spanish Netherlands, or Flanders; and the United Netherlands, Holland, or United Provinces.

The Spanish Netherlands contain these following Provinces, viz.

1. Two thirds of Brabant, ch. T. Brussels, and Lovain.

2. Luxemburg, ch. T. Luxemburg, and Thionville.

Part of this Duchy of Luxemburg belongs at present to the French, as also the County of Artois, part of the County of Flanders, &c. but the French having so lately won these Countries, (which by the hazards of a new War may be as soon brought under the Jurisdiction of some other Potentate) I shall forbear to make any more divisions of the Spanish Low Countries concerning the French King's Conquests there, than what I have mentioned now.

in the Chapter of *France*; but, as near as I can, shall stick to the division generally agreed upon by all Geographers, before the beginning of the last *French Wars*.

3. *Limburg*, ch. *T. Limburg*, and *Maastricht*.

4. About a third part of *Gelderland*, ch. *T. Gelders*, and *Ruremond*.

5. Almost all *Flanders*, ch. *T. Gaunt*, *Lille*, *Dunkirk*, and *Ostend*.

6. *Artois*, ch. *T. Arras*, and *St. Omars*.

7. *Hainault*, ch. *T. Mons*, and *Valenciennes*.

8. *Namur*, ch. *T. Namur*, & *Charlemont*.

9. The Marquisate of the *Holy Empire*, or the Seigniory of *Antwerp*, ch. *T. Antwerp*.

10. The Seigniory of *Malines*, ch. *T. Malines*, or *Mechlyn*.

You must take notice before we proceed any further, that these two small Provinces last mentioned, are enclosed without the Duchy of *Brabant*: and that besides the Seventeen Provinces, there is the Town of *Cambray* between *Hainault*, *Artois*, and *Picardy*, which together with its adjacent Territory, makes up a peculiar Province called by the *French* ( who are now Masters of it ) *Cambresis*: yet this

small Province is sometimes comprised under that of *Hainault*.

The *United Provinces* or the States of *Holland* contain these following Provinces, *viz.*

1. *Holland*, ch. T. *Amsterdam*, the *Hague*, *Dort*, and *Leyden*.

2. *Zeland*, ch. T. *Middleburg*, and *Flushing*.

3. *Zutphen*, ch. T. *Zutphen*.

4. *Utrecht*, ch. T. *Utrecht*.

5. *Overissel*, ch. T. *Deventer*, and *Swol*.

6. *West-Friseland*, ch. T. *Lewarden*, and *Franeker*.

7. The Seigniory of *Groningen*, with the Town of the same name.

Besides these seven Provinces, there is and hath been a great while in the *Hollanders* possession, above two thirds of *Gelderland*, the chief Towns whereof are *Nimmegeen*, and *Arnbem*. About a third part of *Brabant*, the ch. T. *Breda*, and *Breda*: and some Towns in the North of the Province of *Flanders*; the most considerable of them is *Sluys*, North-Westward from *Gaant*.

## C H A P. XVI.

### *Of the Republick of Swizzerland.*

THE Republick of *Swizzerland* is composed of thirteen *Cantons*, which are each one by themselves peculiar *Democracies*, but under one common Alliance with several little Countries, States, or Towns, which go under the name of their Allies.

The 13 *Swizzerland Cantons* are disposed in this order.

1. The Canton of *Zurick*, ch. T. *Zurick*.
2. The Canton of *Bern*, ch. T. *Bern*, and *Lausann*.
3. Of *Basil*, ch. T. *Basil*.
4. Of *Lucern*, ch. T. *Lucern*.
5. Of *Soloturn*, ch. T. *Soloturn*.
6. Of *Friburg*, ch. T. *Friburg*.
7. Of *Schafhausen*, ch. T. *Schafhausen*.
8. The Canton of *Switz*, which gave its name to the whole Country, ch. T. *Switz*.
9. That of *Zug*, ch. T. *Zug*.
10. That of *Appenzel*, ch. T. *Appenzel*.
11. Of *Glaritz*, ch. T. *Glaritz*.
12. Of *Underwalden*, ch. T. *Stantz*.
13. Of *Uri*, ch. T. *Altorf*.

The Allies of *Swizzerland* worth our observation are,

1. The *Grisons*, ch. T. *Coir*.

2. *Valtoline*, ch. T. *Sundrio*.

3. *Valais*, ch. T. *Sion*.

4. The Bishopr. of *Basil*, which hath no very considerable T. in it, except *Porentru*.

Besides these, there are many other small Territories & Towns allied to, & confederated with the *Swizzers*; which I shall forbear to name, as being too tedious to insert them all.

## C H A P. XVII.

### *Of the Provinces tributary to the Turk.*

BY the name of Provinces tributary to the *Turk*, we mean those which have each one in particular a Soverain Prince, but tributary and depending on the *Turk* who protects them, and pretends to a right of deposing them when they do not embrace his interests, or when they refuse to arm in his defence.

These Provinces are four in number, viz.

1. *Transilvania*, ch. T. *Hermanstad*, *Clawsenburg*, and *Weyssenburg*.

2. *Walachia*, ch. T. *Targowisko*, *Dombrowitz*, and *Braskow*.

3. *Moldavia*, ch. T. *Jazy*, *Soczow*, and *Targorod*.

4. Little *Tartary*, ch. T. *Kaffa*, *Crim*, and *Azof* or *Azac* upon the *Don*.

A Short  
 ALPHABETICAL  
 TABLE  
*Of the ancient Names of  
 Nations, Countries, Cities,  
 Mountains, Seas, and Rivers  
 which are mentioned in this  
 Book ; compared with the  
 Newer Divisions, and Names,  
 by which they are generally  
 known at this day.*

## A

**A** *Chia, part of Greece, now called Lividia.*

*Adriatick Sea, the Gulf of Venice.*

*Ethiopia, the South part of Africk now divided into several Countries.*

*Æthiopian Sea*, now more commonly called the Southern Ocean.

*Ætna*, a Mountain heretofore so called in Sicily, but at present Gibel.

*Albion*, the ancient name of England.

*Angli*, a People in the North of Germany.

*Apulia*, an ancient Country in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Aquitania*, the South-west part of France.

*Ararat*, a Hill in Asia, still known by this name: See the following Table.

*Athens*, an ancient Town in Greece now called Sertnes.

*Atlantick Sea*, now generally known by the name of Western Ocean.

*Atlantis Insula*, the ancient name of America.

*Atlas*, a Mountain in Africk, at present called Claros.

*Augusta Trinobantum*, at first called New Troy, (as is thought) and now London.

*Ausonia*, Italy heretofore so called.

## B

**B***ætica*, an ancient Country in the South part of Spain.

*Bætis*, a River called at present Guadalquivir.

*Bel-*

*Belgia*, the Low Countries in Europe.

*Boristhenes*, a River now more commonly called Nieper.

*Brigantes*, a People in the North of England.

*Britains*, the ancient Inhabitants of England.

*Brutium*, an ancient Country in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Byzantium*, the ancient name of Constantinople.

C

**C***Aledonia*, the North part of Great Britain, now Scotland.

*Campania*, a Country in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Cantij*, a People in that part of Britain called at present Kent.

*Carpathian Hills*, now known by the name of Crapack.

*Caspian Sea*, a great Lake in Asia, which now goes under the names of Kilan or Sala.

*Caucanus*, the name of some Hills in Asia : See the following Table.

*Ceraunius or Taurus*, Mountains in Asia : See *Taurus* in the other Table.

*Chaldea*, the name of an ancient Country within the bounds of Turkey in Asia.

*Cbaonia*, or Epirus now called Canina, a Country in Greece.

*Cilicia*, an ancient Country, now part of Turkey in Asia.

*Cimbri*, a People that inhabited heretofore Denmark.

*Cimbrick Cbersonesus*, Jutland.

*Codanonia*, at present the Isle of Zeland.

*Colchos*, a little Country anciently so called, in Georgia near the Pontus Euxinus.

*Corinth*: See the following Table.

*Creet*, now Candy, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

*Cythera*, the ancient name for the Isle of Cerigo.

## D

**D**acia, subdivided into Transilvania, Walachia, and Moldavia.

*Damascus*, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

*Danube* or *Ister*, a River in Europe now more generally known by the name of Danow.

## E

E

**E**pirus or Chaonia, now called Canina,  
a Country in Greece.

*Euboea*, the Isle of Negropont near Greece.  
*Euphrates*, a River in Asia : See the other  
Table.

*Enripus*, the Straights of Negropont.

F

**F**ortunate Islands, the Canary Islands  
towards Africk.

G

**G**allia Belgica, the North part of  
France.

*Gallia Celtica*, the Middle, and North-West  
part of France.

*Gallia Cispadana*, part of Lombardy.

*Gallia Narbonensis*, towards the South-East  
side of France.

*Gallia Transpadana*, part of Lombardy.

*Ganges*, a River in Asia : See the following  
Table.

*Gaul*, the Kingdom of France.

Greece : See the following Table.

## H

**H**esperia, Italy called so heretofore ; also Spain.

*Hesperian Isles*, the Islands of Cape Verd.  
*Hetruria*, a Country in Italy, now Tuscany.

*Hibernia*, otherwise Iverna or Ierna, at this day it is called Ireland.

*Hispania*, the Kingdom of Spain.

## I

**I**axartes, the River Ardock or Alsagh.  
*Iberia*, and not seldom Hesperia, both ancient names of Spain.

*Iberus*, the River Ebro.

*Ierna* or *Iverna*, Erynor Ireland.

*Jerusalem*, a Town in Judæa, so called to this day by us, but otherwise by the Turks who are Masters of it.

*Illyricum*, a Country towards the Adriatick Sea ; now part of Turkey in Europe,

*Imaus* : See the following Table.

*Indus*, a River known at present by the name of Sind.

*Ister* or *Danube*, now commonly called Danow.

*Italia*.

*Italia*, at present Italy.

*Judea*, part of Turkey in Asia.

*Iverna* or *Ierna*, now called Eryn or Ireland.

*Jute*, a People formerly inhabiting Jutland.

**L** *Acedemon*, a Town now called Misithra.

*Latium*, an ancient Country in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Lemnos*, an Island near Thrace now called Stalimene.

*Libya*, the North part of Africk.

*Liguria*, the South part of Lombardy.

*Longobardy*, a People of Germany, in or near the Marquisate of Brandenburg.

*Lucania*, an ancient Country now comprised in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Lusitania*, Portugal with part of Castile.

M

**M** *Acedon*. See the following Table.

*Mauritania*, part of Barbary.

*Mesopotamia*, a Country in Turkey in Asia.

*Messapia*, a Country in the Kingdom of Naples.

Mie-

*Moesia*, an old Country, at present divided into Servia and Bulgaria.

## N

**N**ew *Troy*, otherwise *Augusta Trinobantum*; but now London.

*Nidrosia*, a Town called Drunthem.

*Niger*: See the following Table.

*Nilus*, a River in Egypt.

*Numantia*: See the other Table.

*Numidia*, a Country called now Bildulgerid.

## O

**O**xus, a River now called Balch or Jihun.

## P

**P**amphilia, a Country in Turkey in Asia.

*Pannonia*, the ancient name of Hungary.

*Parthenope*, the City of Naples.

*Peloponnesus*, at present Morea.

*Phænicia*, a little Country in Turkey in Asia.

*Pbrygia*, a Country in Turkey in Asia.

Pi-

*Picenum*, a Country now comprised in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Picts*, a People inhabiting the South part of Scotland.

*Pontus Euxinus*, the Black Sea.

R.

**R** *Ipbæan Mountains*, in Muscovy; but now called Stolp.

S.

**S** *Amnium*, an ancient Country in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Sarmatia*, that part of Europe which comprehends Muscovy and Poland.

*Saxons*, an ancient People in the North of Germany.

*Scandinavia*, contains the present Kingdoms of Swedeland, Denmark, and Norway.

*Scythia*, Great Tartary.

*Scythia Taurica*, Little Tartary.

*Scythian Sea*, all the Northern Ocean.

*Silures*, a People towards Wales, about Monmouth and Herefordshire.

*Sinus Codanus*, the Baltick Sea.

*Syracuse*, a Town now called Saragusa.

*Syria*, a Country in Turkey in Asia.

T.

*see Hilburtus v. T. in D. p. 100  
and v. T. in D. p. 100*

## T

**T**agus, a River now called Taio.

Tanais : See the other Table.

Tarraco, a Town at present called Tarragon.

Tarraconensis, the Middle, Northern, and Eastern parts of Spain.

Taurus or Ceraunius, Hills in Asia : See the following Table.

Thebes, an ancient Town in Greece, at present called Stives.

Thessaly, that part of Greece which is now called Janna.

Thrace, it now goes under the name of Romania.

Thule, the Isle of Island.

Tigris : See the following Table.

Trinobantes, a People inhabiting Middlesex, Essex, and Hertfordshire ; whose chief Town was London, called at that time *Augusta Trinobantum*.

## V

**V**enetia, an ancient Country in Lombardy.

Umbria, a little Country in the Dominion of the Pope, which included the present Umbria or Duchy of Spoleto.

**A****T A B L E**

Of the Modern Names of all the Countries, Provinces, Islands, Cities, Towns, Hills, Seas, Lakes, and Rivers contained in this Book, reduced to an Alphabetical Order, and directing where they may be found in the Maps. Also shewing how the most noted of them were called anciently.

**A**

- A** *Bbeville*, a chief Town in Picardy.  
**A** *Aberdeen*, a Town in North Scotland.  
*Aberdene*, a Seaport Town and University in Scotland.  
*Aberfraw*, a Town in the Isle of Anglesea.

**Aber-**

*Abernethy*, an old Town in South Scotland,  
formerly the Seat of their Kings.

*Abex*, a Coast on the Red Sea.

*Abissinia*, a Country in Africk, part of the  
ancient Æthiopia.

*Abo*, a Town in Finland.

*Abbruzzo the Further*, a Province in the  
Kingdom of Naples.

*Abruzso the Nigher*, a Province in the  
Kingdom of Naples.

*Acapulco*, a Town in New Spain.

*Accady*, in new France.

*Acrey or Ptolemais*, a Seaport Town in Phe-  
nicia.

*Aden*, a Town in Arabia.

*Adiazzo*, a Town in Corsica.

*Adige*, a River in Italy.

*Ador*, a River in France.

*Adria*, a Town in Venetia.

*Adrianople*, a Town in Romania.

*Adriatick Sea or Gulf of Venice*, between  
Italy and Dalmatia.

*Æthiopian Sea or Southern Ocean*, towards  
the South-West side of Africk.

*Ætna*, a Mountain in Val di Demona.

*Africk*, one of the four parts of the World.

*Agde*, a City in France.

*Agen*, a Bishoprick in France.

*Agger*, a Town in the Government of Ag-  
ger.

*Agger*,

*Agger Government*, in Norway.

*Agra*, a Town in the Indian Continent.

*Agram*, a City in Sclavonia.

*Agria*, a Town in Hungary.

*Aigues*, a Town in Languedoc.

*Ainaon*, an Island on the Coast of Chyna.

*Ainza*, a Town in Arragon.

*Aire*, a Bishoprick in Gascony, also a Town  
in Artois.

*Aichstadt*, a Town in the Palatinate of Ba-  
varia.

*Aix*, a Town in Provence in France.

*Alba*, a City in Hungary.

*Albania*, a Province in Greece, heretofore  
comprised under that of Macedon.

*Albenga*, a Town in the Republick of Ge-  
noa.

*Albret*, a County in Gascony.

*Alburg*, a Town in the Diocese of Alburg.

*Alburg Diocese*, in North-Jutland.

*Alcala de Henares*, a Town in New Ca-  
stile.

*Alenson*, a Town in Normandy.

*Aleppo*, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

*Alets*, a City in Languedoc.

*Alexandretta or Scanderoon*, a Town in Tur-  
ky in Asia.

*Alexandria*, a Town in Egypt.

*Algarves*, a Province in Spain, belonging to Portugal.

*Algeri*, a Town in Sardinia.

*Algier*, a Town in Barbary.

*Alicant*, a Town in the Province of Valencia.

*Almeria*, a Town in Granada.

*Alost*, a Town in Flanders.

*Alpes*, Mountains dividing Italy from France, and Germany.

*Alsaghs* or *Ardock*, anciently *Jaxartes*, a River in Great Tartary.

*Alsatia* or *Alsace*, a Province in France.

*Altemburg*, a Town in Misnia.

*Altorf*, a Town in the Canton of Uri.

*Amalfi*, a Town in the Nigher-Principality.

*Almara*, a Town in Abissinia.

*Amazon River* or *Orelbana*, in Peru.

*Amboyna*, an Island in the Indian Sea.

*Ambois*, a Castle in France.

*Amberg*, a Town in the Palatinate of Bavaria.

*America* or *West Indies*, one of the four parts of the World, called anciently *Atlant Insula*.

*Amiens*, a Town in Picardy.

*Ammon*, a Town in Numidia.

Amsterdam, a Town in the County of Holland.

Ancient Tartary or North Tartary, part of Great Tartary.

Ana, a Town in Arabia.

Anatolia, a Province in Asia.

Anclam, a Town in Pomerania.

Ancona, a Town in the Marquisate of Ancona.

Ancona Marquisate, in the Dominion of the Pope.

Andalusia, a Province in Spain.

Andes, Mountains between Chili, and Magellanica.

Andernac, a Town in Cölen.

Andrianople, a City in Romania.

Angers, a Town in Anjou.

Anglesey, an Island, and County in Wales.

Angola or St. Paolo, a Town in Congo.

Angouleme, a Town in Angoumois.

Angoumois, a Province in the Government of Orléanois.

Angra, the chief of the Tercera Islands.

Anjan, a Straight between America and Asia.

Anjou, a Province in the Government of Orléanois.

Antego Islands or Antilles, in the North Sea towards New Spain.

*Antioch in Asia.*

*Antivary, in Dalmatia.*

*Antwerp, a Town in the Marquisate of the  
Holy Empire.*

*Antwerp Seigniory, or Marquisate of the  
Holy Empire, one of the Seventeen Pro-  
vinces; in Flanders.*

*Apenine, Mountains going through the  
middle of Italy, from North-West to  
South-East.*

*Appenzel, a Town in the Canton of Appen-  
zel.*

*Appenzel Canton, a Province in Switzerland.*

*Apt, a City in Provence.*

*Aquila, a Town in the Nigher Abruzzo.*

*Arabia, a Country in Asia.*

*Aragon, a Province in Spain.*

*Ararat, a Hill in Turkey in Asia.*

*Archangel, a Town in Muscovy.*

*Archipelago or White Sea, on the East side  
of Greece.*

*Archipelago of St. Lazarus, a Sea between  
the Japan and Philippine Islands.*

*Arda, a Town in Guinny.*

*Ardenes, a Forest nigh Luxemburg.*

*Ardresse, a Town in Picardy.*

*Aremburg, a County of the Empire.*

*Ardevil, a Town in Persia.*

*Ardock or Alsagh, anciently Jaxartes, a Ri-  
ver in Great Tartary.*

*Ar-*

*Arbusen*, a Town in the Diocese of Athusen.

*Athusen Diocese*, in North-Jutland.

*Arica*, a Town in Peru.

*Armagb*, a Town in Ulster.

*Armagney*, a County in Gascoyne.

*Armiro*, a Town in Janna.

*Arnhem*, a Town in Gelderland.

*Arno*, a River in Italy.

*Arona*, a Town in Milan.

*Arques*, a Town in Normandy.

*Arragon*, a Province of Spain.

*Astorga*, a Bishoprick in Spain.

*Arquico*, a Town in Abissinia.

*Arras*, a Town in Artois.

*Artois*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in the French Netherlands.

*Ascension*, a little Island in the Southern Ocean.

*Aschaffenburg*, a Town in the Diocese of Mentz.

*Asia*, one of the four parts of the World.

*Assumption*, a Town in Paraguay.

*Astracan*, a Town in Tartary Desart.

*Asturia*, a Province in Spain.

*Atblone*, a Town in Connaught.

*Atlantick* or *Western Ocean*, about the west side of Europe and Africk.

**A**tlas, a Mountain between Barbary and Bildulgerid, now called Claros.

Auch, a Town in Gascony.

Avein, a Town in Luxemburg.

Avesnes, a Town in Haynault.

Auge, a Country in Normandy.

Avignon, a City in Venice.

Avij, a Town in Portugal.

Auray, a Town in Britany.

Aurick, a Town in Friseland.

Augsburg, a Town in Schwaben.

Aviles, a Town in Austria.

Austria, a Province in Germany.

Autun, a Town in the Duchy of Burgundy.

Auvergn, a Province in the Government of Lyonnaise.

Axell, a Town in Flanders.

Azake, a Town between Europe and Asia.

Azincourt, a Town in Artois.

Azof or Azac, a Town in little Tartary.

Azores or Terceran Islands, in the Western Ocean.

## B

**B**ade, a Town in Switzerland.

Baden, a City in Alsatia.

Bagdat, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

Bagnialuck, a Town in Bosnia.

Bag

*Bagged*, a Town in Asia.

*Bahama*, a Island in America.

*Bahus*, a Town in the Government of *Bahus*.

*Bahus Government*, in Norway.

*Baieux*, a City in Normandy.

*Baionne*, a City in Gascony.

*Balbastro*, a Town in Aragon.

*Balch or Jihun*, heretofore Oxus, a River in Great Tartary.

*Baldivia*, a Town in Chili.

*Baltick Sea*, anciently Sinus Codanus; between Germany, Poladd, and Sweden-land.

*Bamberg*, a City of the Empire.

*Bangor*, a City in Wales.

*Bantam*, a Town in the East Indies.

*Barca*, a Town in Barbary.

*Bar*, a Town in Podolia.

*Barbary*, heretofore (for the most part) Mauritania a Country in Africk.

*Barcelona*, a Town in Catalonia.

*Bari*, a Town in the Territories of *Bari*.

*Bari Territories*, in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Barleduck*, a Town in Artois.

*Barletta*, a City in Naples.

*Barrois*, a Country nigh Lorrain.

*Barnageffo*, a Kingdom in Abissinia.

*Barkshire*, in the Kingdom of Wessex.

*Bar-*

*Barwick*, a T. in the County of Northumberland.

*Basil*, a T. in the Canton of Basil.

*Basil Canton*, in Switzerland.

*Basil Diocese*, in Switzerland.

*Basilicata*, a Province in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Biscay*, nigh Gascony.

*Basse*, an Island of Geese, nigh Scotland.

*Bastia*, the ch. T. of Corsica.

*Bastia*, a T. in Canina.

*Bastia*, a T. in Corsica.

*Bath*, a T. in Somersetshire.

*Batavia*, a T. in the Isle of Java.

*Bavaria Duchy*, the greatest part of the Province of Bavaria, in Germany.

*Bavaria Palatinate*, part of the great Province of Bavaria in Germany.

*Bautzen*, a Town in Lusatia.

*Bearford*, a T. in Greenland.

*Bearn*, a Province in the Government of Guienn, and Gascony.

*Beauce*, a Province in the Government of Orleans.

*Beaufort*, a T. in Anjou in France.

*Beaumaris*, a T. in Anglesea.

*Bedfordshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Belgrade*, a T. in Servia.

*Belle*, a City in Pressia.

*Belle-Isle*, on the Coast of Britany.

*Belt*, a straight or narrow passage in the Baltick Sea, between Zeland and Funen.

*Benevento*, a T. in the Further Principality.

*Bengala*, a Town in the Indian Continent.

*Benin*, a Town in Guinny.

*Berg* or *Bergen*, a Town in the Government of *Bergen*.

*Bergen*, a Town in Norway.

*Bergen Government*, in Norway.

*Berlin*, a Town in the Marquisate of Brandenburg.

*Bermudes*, an Island on the East of *Virginia*.

*Bern*, a Town in the Canton of *Bern*.

*Bern Canton*, in Switzerland.

*Berry*, a Province in the Government of *Orleanois*.

*Bertogade*, a Town in Bavaria.

*Bervalde*, a Town in Brandenberg.

*Bessarabia*, a Province in Turkey in Europe.

*Bezanson*, a Town in Franche County.

*Bialagrod*, a Town in Bessarabia.

*Bielizero*, a Town in Muscovy.

*Bielsko*, a Town in Polachia.

*Bibao*, a Town in Biscay.

*Bildulgerid*, in time past Numidia, a Country in Africk: Also a Town of the Name.

*Bir*, a Town on the River Euphrates.

*Biscay*, a Province in Spain.

*Black Sea*, a kind of a Gulf between Turkey, Little Tartary, and Georgia, called in time past Pontus Euxinus.

*Bleking*, a little Province, part of South-Gothland.

*Blois*, a Royal Castle on the Loire.

*Boni*, a Town on the Loire in France.

*Bockora*, a Town in Ziaagathay.

*Bohemia*, a Province in Germany.

*Bolduck*, a Town in Brabant.

*Bologna*, a Town in Bolognese.

*Bolognese*, a Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Bonifacio*, a Town in Corsica.

*Bonn*, a Town in the Diocese of Colen.

*Boristhenes* or *Nieper*, a River in Poland.

*Boriquen*, a great Island in America.

*Bornio*, a Town in Switzerland.

*Bornio*, an Island in Asia.

*Bosleduc*, a Town in Brabant.

*Bosnia*, or *Bossina*, a Province in Turkey in Europe, part of the ancient *Illyricum*.

*Boston*, a Town in New England.

*Bourbonnois*, a Province in the Government of Lyonneis.

*Botnia*, a Province in Swedeland.

*Egvines*, a Town in Namur.

Bourbon, a Town in Burgundy.

Bourbon, a City in the Province of Bourbon.

Bordeaux, a Town in Guienn.

Borg, a Town in Bress.

Borges, a Town in Berry.

Bosna, a Town in Abissinia.

Brabant, one of the Seventeen Provinces in Flanders.

Brclaw or Bratzlaw, a Town in Podolia.

Bucciano, a City in Italy.

Braganza, a City in Portugal.

Braga, a Town in Portugal.

Brandenburg, a Town in the Marquisate of Brandenburg.

Brandenburg Marquisate, in Germany.

Brahili, a Country in South America.

Brahlow, a Town in Walachia.

Braclaw or Braclaw, a Town in Podolia.

Brazza, a Town in Zanguebar.

Brockshire, in Wales.

Breda, a Town in Brabant.

Bremen, a Town in the Territories of Bre-

men.

Bremen Territories, in Lower Saxony.

Brenton, in Eastern America.

Breslau, a Town in Silesia.

Bresse, a Province in the Government of

Burgundy.

- Bressia, a Town lying under the Alps.  
Brest, a Town in Bretaigne.  
Bretaigne, a Province in France.  
Brinn, a Town in Moravia.  
Briancon, a Town in Dauphin.  
Briare, a Town on the Loire.  
Brieg, a Town in Silesia.  
Brignoll, a Town in Provence.  
Bridlington, a Town in Yorkshire.  
Brill, a Port in Holland.  
Brindisi, a Port in Naples.  
Brisack, a Town in Brisgow.  
Brisgow, a Province in the Southern  
of Germany.  
Bristol, a Town in Somersetshire.  
Britain or Great Britain, a Country in  
Europe; the largest of the British  
anciently known by the name of  
bion.  
British Isles, in the Western Ocean, p  
Europe.  
Brixen, a Town in Tirole.  
Brouage, a strong Fort in France.  
Bruges, a City in Flanders.  
Brunswick, a Town in the Duchy of Eliz  
wick.  
Brunswick and Lunenburg Duchy, in  
Saxony.  
Bussels, a Town in Brabant.

Buckinghamshire, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

Buckingham, the chief in that Shire.

Buda or Offen, a Town in Hungary.

Buenos Aites, a Town in Paraguay.

Bulgar, a T. in Tartary Desart.

Bulgaria, a Province in Turkey in Europe, part of the ancient Moesia.

Burgos, a Town in Old Castile.

Burgundy County or Franche County, a Province in France.

Burgundy Duchy, a Province, and the greatest part of the Government of Burgundy.

Burgundy Government, in France.

Bursa, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

Burinus, a Town in Monomotopa.

Bush Trinta, a place in Epirus.

## C

Cabord Istria, a Town in Istria in Italy.

Cajy.

Call, a Kingdom in India.

Calben, a Town in Guiny.

Caliz or Calis, a Town in Andaluzia.

Calv, a Town in Normandy.

Caermarthenshire, in Wales.

Caernarvon, a Town in Caernarvonshire.

*Caernarvonshire*, in Wales.

*Caffa* or *Kaffa*, a Town in Little Tary.

*Cafrieria* or *Coast of the Caffres*, a Country in Africk.

*Cagliari*, a Town in Sardinia,

*Cahors*, a Town in Quercy.

*Cairo*, a Town in Egypt.

*Cairoon*, a Town in Barbary.

*Calabria the Farther*, a Province in Kingdom of Naples.

*Calabria the Nigher*, a Province in Kingdom of Naples.

*Calais*, a Town in Picardy in France.

*Calatajub*, a Town in Arragon.

*Calatrava*, a T. in New Castile.

*Calcedon*, a City in Anatolia.

*Calicut*, a T. on the River Ganges.

*California*, an Island in the Pacifick Sea.

*Callo*, a Fort in Flanders.

*Calmar*, a T. in Ostro-Gothland.

*Calzem* or *Suz*, a T. in Egypt.

*Cambaia*, a Town in the Indian Continent.

*Cambaln* or *Muongchen*, a T. in Cathay.

*Cambray*, a T. in Cambresis.

*Cambresis*, a Province in the French Netherlands.

*Cambridg*, a T. in Cambridgshire.

*Cambridge or New-Town*, a T. in New England.

*Cambridgeshire*, in the Kingdom of the East Angles.

*Campania di Roma*, a Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Campion* or *Tangutb*, a T. in Cathay.

*Camul* or *Xamo*, a T. in Cathay.

*Canada* or *New France*, a Country in North America.

*Canarish Islands* in the Western Ocean, called in time past Fortunate Islands.

*Candabar*, a Kingdom in Persia.

*Candeas*, a T. in Ceylan.

*Candy*, a T. in the Isle of Candy.

*Candy*, anciently *Caceet*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

*Canea*, a T. in Candy.

*Cangan*, a T. in Abissinia.

*Canina*, heretofore called sometimes Epirus, and sometimes Chaonia, a Province in Greece.

*Cano*, a T. in Nigritia.

*Canterbury*, a T. in the County of Kent.

*Caution*, a T. in Chyna.

*Cantozi*, a T. in Nigritia.

*Cape of Good Hope*, the most Southern Land of Africa.

*Cape Verd Islands*, called heretofore Hesperian Islands, in the Western Ocean.

*Capitanata or Puglia*, a Province in the Kingdom of Naples.

*Capona*, a City in Naples.

*Caprarola*, a T. in Parma.

*Caprea*, an Island near Naples.

*Capua*, a T. in Terra di Lavoro.

*Caramoran or Hoang*, a River in China.

*Carawit*, a T. of Diarbuah.

*Carcassone*, a Bishoprick in Languedoc.

*Cardiff*, a T. in Glamorganshire.

*Cardiganshire*, in Wales.

*Cardona*, a Duchy in Catalonia.

*Carignan*, a Principality in Piedmont.

*Carinthia*, a Province in the Southern part of Germany.

*Carlisle*, a T. in Cumberland.

*Carlinford*, a T. in Ireland.

*Carmagnole*, a Fort in Piedmont.

*Garmarden*, a County in Wales.

*Carniola*, a Province in the Southern part of Germany.

*Carolina*, a Province in New England.

*Carpentrase*, a City in Avignon.

*Carpy*, a Bishoprick in Modena.

*Carick*, a Province in Scotland.

*Carthagena*, a T. in Castilla del Oros.

*Carthagena or New Carthage*, a Town in Murcia.

*Casal*,

*Casal*, a T. in Montferat.

*Casbin*, a City in Persia.

*Cascar*, a T. in Ziagathay.

*Cashall*, an Arch-Bishöprick in Ireland.

*Cassian Sea*, in Asia.

*Cassel*, a T. in Hessen.

*Cassena*, a T. in Nigritia.

*Cassovia*, a City in Hungary.

*Castile the New*, a Province in Spain.

*Castile the Old*, a Province in Spain.

*Castilla del Oro*, a Country in South America.

*Castillan*, a Sovereignty in Matua.

*Cattellon*, a T. in France.

*Castres*, a Bishoprick in Languedoc.

*Castro*, a T. in the Duchy of Castro.

*Castro Duchy*, in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Caswin*, a T. in Persia.

*Catalonia*, a Province in Spain.

*Catania*, a T. in Val di Deonna.

*Cathay or Tartary of the Cham*, part of Great Tartary.

*Cavelon*, a Bishoprick in Avignan.

*Candebec*, a T. in Normandy.

*Caux*, a County in Normandy.

*Cannamalca*, a Country in Peru.

*Caucanus*, a great Mountain between the Indian Continent, and Great Tartary.

- ry; also a Mountain in Georgia.  
*Caxumo*, a T. in Abissinia.  
*Cazan*, a T. in Tartary Desart.  
*Cefalonia*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea, North-Westward from Morea.  
*Ceylon*, an Isle in Asia.  
*Ceperon or Fort Lewis*, a Town in Guyana.  
*Cerigo*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea, near the South Coast of Morea.  
*Cevennes*, a Province in the Government of Languedoc.  
*Chalons upon Marne*, a Town in Champaigne.  
*Chalons upon Saone*, a T. in the Duchy of Burgundy.  
*Chagra*, a River in America.  
*Chamb*, a T. in the upper Palatinate.  
*Chambery*, a T. in Savoy.  
*Champagne*, a Province in France.  
*Champerrain*, a T. nigh Bourdeaux.  
*Channel*, the name of the Sea between England and France.  
*Charante*, a River in France.  
*La Charit*, a T. in Nevers.  
*Charlement*, a Town in the County of Namur.  
*Charvill*, a T. on the Meuse.  
*Charoll*, a T. in Burgundy.

*Char-*

- Chartres**, a T. in France.
- Chasteau Reign**, Sovereignty upon the Meuse.
- Chasteau Roux**, a T. in Berry.
- Chasteaulerad**, a T. in Poictou.
- Charles-Town**, a T. in Carolina.
- Chazar or Kaimash**, a T. in North Tartary.
- Chera**, a River in France.
- Cherbourg**, a T. in Normandy.
- Cheepavene**, a T. in Champaigne.
- Cheshire**, in the Kingdom of Mercia.
- Chester**, a T. in Cheshire.
- Chichester**, a T. in the County of Sussex.
- Chiavene**, a T. in Switzerland.
- Chier**, a T. in Piedmont.
- Chili**, a Country in South America.
- China**, a Country in Asia.
- China Islands**, about the Coast of China.
- Chynon**, a T. in France.
- Chio**, an Island in the Archipelago.
- Chiorick**, a T. in Romania.
- Chotan**, a T. in Thebet.
- Christianstad**, a T. in Bleking.
- Ciandu**, a T. in North Tartary.
- Cilly**, a T. in the County of Cilly.
- Cilly County**, in the Southern part of Germany.

**Cistate**,

92. *The Modern Names of Countries*
- Ciotate**, a Port in Provence.
- Eirenza**, a T. in Basilicata.
- Citadelli**, a T. in the Isle of Minorca.
- Civita Vecchia**, a T. in the Patrimony of St. Peter.
- Clagenfurt**, a T. in Carinthia.
- Claros**, a Mountain between Barbary and Bildulgerid, heretofore Atlas.
- Clausenburg**, a T. in Transilvania.
- Clermont**, a T. in Avergne.
- Cleves**, a T. in the Duchy of Cleves.
- Cleves Duchy**, in the Western part of Germany.
- Cliffaw**, a Fort in Dalmatia.
- Coast of the Caffres or Cafreria**, a Country in Africk.
- Coblenz**, a Town in the Diocese of Treves.
- Cobourg**, a City in Franconia.
- Cochin**, a Kingdom in the Indies.
- Cochin China**, a Kingdom bordering on China.
- Coeverden**, a Fort in Overissell.
- Cogereto**, a T. on the Coast of Genoa.
- Coimbra**, a T. in Portugal.
- Coir**, a Town in the Territories of the Grisons.
- Colberg**, a T. in Pomerer.
- Colchester**, a T. in the County of Essex.
- Collore,*

- Collore, a T. in Rouffillon.
- Colmar, a T. in Alsatia.
- Colen, a T. in the Diocese of Colen.
- Colen Diocese, in the Western part of Germany.
- Comacchio, a T. in the Territories of Comachio.
- Como, a T. in Milan.
- Cominges, a T. in France.
- Compestella, a T. in Gallacea.
- Coucarneau, a T. in Brittay.
- Condum, a Kingdom in Africa.
- Comacchio Territories, in the Dominion of the Pope.
- Compostella, a T. in New Spain.
- Conception, a T. in Chili.
- Congo, a Country in Africk.
- Connaught, a Province in Ireland.
- Constance, a T. in Schwaben.
- Cony, a Kingdom in Africa.
- Conservans, a Country in Gascony.
- Constantine, a City in Barbary.
- Constantinople, in time past Bysantium, a Town in Romania.
- Constanti, now a place in Podolia.
- Conza, a City in Naples.
- Contessa, a T. in Macedon.
- Copenbagen, a T. in Zealand.
- Corbeile, a T. on the Sein.

Corbie,

- Corbie*, a T. in Picardy.
- Cordova*, a T. in Tucuman.
- Cordova*, a T. in Andaluzia.
- Corena*, a T. in Barbary.
- Corfu*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea, near the Western Coast of Greece.
- Corinth*, a T. in Morea.
- Cork*, a T. in Munster.
- Cornwall*, a County in the Kingdom of the West Saxons.
- Coro*, a T. in Castilla del Oro.
- Corou*, a T. in Guyana.
- Corsica*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.
- Corunna* or *La Corunna*, a Town in Galicia.
- Corsica*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.
- Cosenza*, a T. in the Nigher Calabria.
- Cosmopolis*, a T. in the Island of Elbe.
- Cotbus*, a T. in Lusatia.
- Coffir*, a T. in Egypt.
- Coventry*, a T. in Warwickshire.
- Courtrey*, a T. in Flanders.
- Coutras*, a T. in Guienne.
- Cracow*, a T. in Upper Poland.
- Crapack*, Mountains between Poland and Hungary, called in times past Carpathian Hills.

*Gran-*

**Crangerno**, a City on the Indus.

**Crecci**, a place in Picardy.

**Crema**, a T. in Venetia.

**Cremona**, a T. in Milanese.

**Cremz**, a T. in Austria.

**Crevant**, a T. in Burgundy.

**Crim**, a T. in Little Tartary.

**Croatia**, a Province in Turkey in Europe,  
part of the ancient Country of Illyri-  
cum.

**Croya**, a T. in Albany.

**Cronemberg**, a T. in Zeeland.

**Cromarty**, a Port in Scotland.

**Crossen**, a T. in Silesia.

**Cuba**, an Isle in America.

**Cugaue**, a Province in Poland.

**Cullembak**, a Principality in Franconia.

**Culm**, a T. in Prussia Roial.

**Cumberland**, a County in the Kingdom of  
Northumberland.

**Curland**, a Province in Poland.

**Curland**, a Province in Swedeland.

**Custrin**, a T. in Brandenburg.

**Cusco**, a T. in Peru.

**Cyprus**, an Island in the Mediterranean  
Sea.

**Czerks**, a T. in Mazovia.

**Czirkaffi**, a T. in Ukrania.

**Czirknycz**, a T. in Charnolaw.

**D**

**D**almatia, a Province in Turkey in Europe, part of the ancient Country of Illyricum.

*Damascus*, a T. in Turkey in Asia.

*Dambea*, a T. in Abyssinia.

*Damvillers*, a T. in Luxemburg.

*Damiata*, a T. in Egypt.

*Dancala*, a T. in Nubia.

*Danow* or *Danube*, a River running through Germany and Turkey, anciently called Ister.

*Dantzick*, a T. in Prussia Roial.

*Dara*, a T. in Bildulgerid.

*Darbyshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Dardanelles*, Castles on the Hellespont.

*Dramstad*, a T. in Hessen.

*Dauphiny*, a Province in France.

*Davis*, a Straight in Chyna.

*Dax*, a City in Gascony.

*Dead See*, in Judea in Asia.

*Decan*, a Kingdom in the East Indies.

*Delf*, a T. in Holland.

*Delli*, a T. in the Indian Continent.

*Denbigh*, a T. in Denbighshire.

*Denbighshire*, in Wales.

*Denia*, a Port in Valentia.

*Den*

**D**enmark, a Country in Europe, inhabited  
anciently by the Cimbri.

**Depsan**, a T. in Abissinia.

**Derbent**, a T. in Persia.

**Dérpt**, a T. in Livonia.

**Dessau**, a T. in Saxony.

**Deventer**, a T. in Overissel.

**Devonshire**, in the Kingdom of the West  
Saxons.

**Diatbtk**, a Province in Turkey.

**Die**, a City in Dauphine.

**Dieppe**, a Port in Normandy.

**Digne**, a City in Provence.

**Dijon**, a Town in the Duchy of Bur-

gundy.

**Dinan**, a T. in Liege.

**Dingle**, a Port in Ireland.

**Dinkspill**, a T. in Swaken.

**Dol**, a T. in Franche County.

**Dole**, in Franch-Compt.

**Dombes**, a Principality in Bressia.

**Dombrowitza**, a T. in Walachia.

**Dominion of the Pope or State of the Church**,  
a great Province in Italy.

**Don or Tanais**, a River in Muscovy.

**Donavert**, a T. in Swaken.

**Doncalas**, a T. in Abissinia.

**Donge**, a T. in Congo.

**Donzi**, a T. in Nevers.

*Dorsetshire*, in the Kingdom of the West Saxons.

*Dornock*, a T. in North Scotland.

*Dort*, a T. in the County of Holland.

*Dordon*, a River in France.

*Doway*, a T. in Flanders.

*Douglas*, a Castle in Scotland.

*Dowbtling*, a T. in Swaken.

*Dover*, a T. in the County of Kent.

*Draw*, a River in Turkey in Europe, falling into the Danube.

*Dresden*, a T. in Misnia.

*Dreux*, a T. in the Isle of France.

*Drogdagh*, a T. in Ulster.

*Drunthem*, in time past Nidrosia, a T. in the Government of Drunthem.

*Drunthem Government*, in Norway.

*Dublin*, a T. in Leinster in Ireland.

*Duero*, a River in Spain.

*Dulcigno*, a T. in Dalmatia.

*Dunbriton*, a T. in South Scotland.

*Dungarvan*, a Port T. in Ireland.

*Dungbatt*, a County in Ireland.

*Dunkeldon*, a T. in Scotland.

*Dunlerow*, a T. in Berry.

*Durance*, a River in Provence.

*Dundee*, a T. in North Scotland.

*Dunkirk*, a T. in the County of Flanders.

Dunstaffnage, an old Town in North Scotland.

Durazzo, a T. in Albania.

Durham, a T. in the County of Durham.

Durham, a County in the Kingdom of Northumberland.

Duncaster or Doncaster, in the East-Riding of the County of York.

Durlack, a T. in Alsatia.

Duseldorf, a T. in the Duchy of Berg.

Dweland, a Isle in Zeland.

Dwina, a River in Muscovy.

E.

**E**ast-England, or Kingdom of the East Angles, one of the seven Saxon Kingdoms in England.

East-Indies, (strictly taken) is the Empire of the Mogol, with the two adjacent Peninsula's; but under this name is often included all the Coasts from the Cape of Good Hope to the Japan Islands.

Eastern Ocean or Indian Ocean, on the South side of Asia.

Ebro, a River in Spain, anciently called Iberus.

Ec-

**Ecclesiastick State**, the Popes Dominions.

**Eccija**, a T. in Andalusia.

**Edenburg**, a T. in South Scotland.

**Egra**, a T. in Bohemia.

**Egypt**, a Country in Africk.

**Elbe**, a River in Germany.

**Elbing**, a T. in Prussia Ducal.

**El-Catif**, a T. in Arabia.

**El-Dorado or Manoa**, a Town in Guyana.

**Ely**, a T. in Cambridgshire.

**Empire of the Mogol or Indian Continent**,  
a Country in Asia.

**Elnbogen**, a T. in Bohemia.

**Elsnore**, a T. in Denmark on the Sound.

**Elsinbourg**, a T. in Schoneland.

**Elvas** a T. in Portugal.

**Embden**, a T. in Westphalia.

**Embrun**, a City in Dauphine.

**Ems**, a T. in Austria.

**England**, the South part of Great Britain,  
a Country in Europe; known in time  
past by the name of Albion.

**Ensftheme**, a T. in Alsatia.

**Epirus**, a Province in Greece.

**Erfurt**, a T. in Turingia.

**Erym or Ireland**, a Country in Europe, one  
of the British Isles, called by the Ro-  
mans Hibernia; and sometimes known  
by

- by the names of Iverna or Ierna.  
*Ervan Serrat*, a T. in Bosnia.  
*Escuat*, a River beginning at Picardy.  
*Erzerum*, a T. in Turkey in Asia.  
*Escurial*, a Palace and Monastery near to Madrid, in New Castile.  
*Eßlingen*, a T. in Brisgow.  
*Essex*, a Kingdom in the County of Essex.  
*Essex*, one of the seven Saxon Kingdoms in England.  
*Estampes*, a T. in France.  
*Este*, a T. in Venetia.  
*Estella*, a T. in Navarr.  
*Esthonia*, a Province in Livonia.  
*Estotilande*, a Country in America.  
*Estrac*, a County in Gascony.  
*Extremadura*, a County in Castile.  
*Etna*, a Mountain in Sicily.  
*Euphrates*, a River in Turkey in Asia.  
*Euripus*, or *Straights of Negropont*, an Arm of the Sea which divides the Isle of Negropont from Lividia.  
*Europe*, one of the four parts of the World.  
*Euvora*, a City in Portugal.  
*Eureux*, a City in Normandy.  
*Excester*, a T. in Devonshire.

## F

**F**iance, a Town in Provence.

**F**alaize, a T. in Normandy.

**Famagosta**, a Port in Cyprus.

**Fiasow**, a T. in Georgia.

**Fierre**, an Island in the Canaries.

**La Fere**, a T. in Picardy.

**Fermo**, a City in the Ecclesiastick State.

**Fair Islands** or **Isles of Fero**, some of the British Isles, lying Northward from Scotland.

**Faro**, a Town in Algarves.

**Ferden**, a Town in the Territories of Ferden.

**Ferden Territories**, in Lower Saxony.

**Fero** or **Fair Islands**, some of the British Isles lying Northward from Scotland.

**Ferrara**, a Town in the Duchy of Ferrara.

**Ferrara Duchy**, a Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

**Fez**, a T. in Barbary.

**Final**, a T. in Genoa.

**Finister**, a Cape in Galicia.

**Finland**, a Province in Swedeland.

**Finmarque**, in Norway.

**Finmo**, a T. in Dalmatia.

**Fian-**

**Flanders County**, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in the Spanish Netherlands.

**Flanders or Spanish Netherlands**, a Country in Europe adjoining to France; the better part of the Seventeen Provinces.

**Flensburg**, a Town in the Duchy of Sleswick.

**Flintshire**, in Wales.

**Florence**, a T. in Tuscany.

**Florence Duchy, or Tuscany**, a large Province in the middle of Italy, called once **Hetruria**.

**Florida**, a Country in North America.

**Flushing**, a T. in Zeland.

**Fogie**, a Town in Anatolia.

**Folegny**, a T. in Umbria.

**Fountainbleau**, the King of France his Palace in the Isle of France.

**Fontenay**, a T. in Lower Poictou.

**Forden**, a T. in Scotland.

**Korez**, a Province in France.

**Fournow**, a T. in Parma.

**Fontarabia**, a T. in Biscay.

**Fort Lewis or Ceperon**, a T. in Guyana.

**France**, heretofore **Gaul**, a Country in Europe.

**Isle of France**, a Province in which Paris stands.

Franc-

- Franefort, on the Main, a Town in Fran-*  
*conia.*
- Francfort upon Oder, a T. in the Marquisate*  
*of Brandenburg.*
- Franche County or the County of Burgundy,*  
*a Province in France.*
- Franconia, a Province in Germany.*
- Franeker, a T. in West-Friseland.*
- Frederickstad, a T. in the Government of*  
*Agger.*
- Fremona, a T. in Abissinia.*
- French Netherlands, a new Government*  
which belongs to France ; being three  
or four of the Seventeen Provinces, next  
adjoining to Picardy.
- Frescati, a T. in Campania di Roma.*
- Fresh water Sea, a Lake so called in Ca-*  
*nada.*
- Friberg, a T. in Misnia.*
- Frieuls, a City in Provence.*
- Friuli, a Province in Venetia.*
- Friseland, one of the seven United Pro-*  
*vinces.*
- Friseland, a Country in Greenland.*
- Friburg, a T. in Brisgow.*
- Friburg, a Town in the Canton of Fr-*  
*burg.*
- Friburg Canton, in Switzerland.*
- Funchall, a T. in Medera.*

Furez, a T. in Forez.

Furnez, a T. in Flanders.

Fuien or Funen, an Island in the Baltick Sea.

Fuld, a T. in Hessen.

G

**G** Ago, a Town in Nigritia.

Gajetta, a Town in Naples.

Gang, a Town in Flanders.

Gallicia, a Province in Spain.

Gallipoli, a Town in Romania.

Galway, a Town in Connaught.

Ganges, a River in the Indian Continent.

Garnsey, one of the British Isles near Normandy Westward.

Garonn, a River in France.

Gascony, a Province in the Government of Guienn and Gascony.

Gaunt, a Town in the County of Flanders.

Gelderland, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Flanders.

Gelders, a Town in Gelderland.

Gembliers, a Town in Brabant.

Genehoa, a Town in Nigritia.

F

Genoa,

*Genoa, a Town in the Republick of Genoa.*

*Genoa Republick, a Province in Lombardy.*

*Geneva, a Town and Republick in Savoy.*

*Gennep, a Town in Cleves.*

*Georgia, a Country in Asia, the Western part whereof went heretofore under the name of Colchos.*

*Germany, a Country in Europe.*

*Ghammas, a River in Great Tartary.*

*Ghir, a River in Zaara.*

*Gibel or Ætna, a Mountain in Val di Demona.*

*Gerx, a Town in France.*

*Gibraltar, the name of a Straight which joins the Mediterranean Sea to the Ocean.*

*Gironne, a Town in Catalonia.*

*Gizors, a Town in Normandy.*

*Groaudon, a County in Languedoc.*

*Glandene, a City in Provence.*

*Glantz, a Canton in Switzerland.*

*Glamorganshire, in Wales.*

*Glaritz, a Town in the Canton of Glaritz.*

*Glaritz Canton, a Province in Switzerland.*

*Glescow, a Town in South Scotland.*

*Glatz,*

*Glatz*, a Town in Bohemia.

*Glocester*, a Town in Gloucestershire.

*Gloucestershire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Glückstad*, a Town in Holsten.

*Gnesna* or *Gniezen*, a Town in Lower Poland.

*Gnesna*, a Town in Poland.

*Goa*, a Town in the Indian Peninsula on this side Ganges.

*Golconda*, a Town in the Indian Peninsula on this side Ganges.

*Goldingen*, a Town in Curland.

*Goreden* or *Kori*, a Town in Georgia.

*Gorlitz*, a Town in Lusatia.

*Gotthburg* or *Gottemburg*, a Town in Westro. Gothland.

*Goyane*, a Kingdom in Abissina.

*Goyritz*, a County in Austria.

*Gothland*, an Isle in the Baltick Sea.

*Gotbland*, a great Province in Sweden.

*Gottorp*, a Town in the Duchy of Sleswick.

*Götting*, a Town in Brunswick.

*Gouletta*, a Fortress in Tunis.

*Gradestch*, a Town in Goyritz.

*Gradiskia*, a Town in Slavonia.

*Gran*, a Town in Hungary.

*Grancon*, a Town in Switzerland.

*Graville*, a Town in Normandy.

*Graveline*, a Town in Flanders.

*Granada*, a Town in the Province of Granada.

*Granada*, a Province in Spain.

*Grand Caire or Cairo*, a Town in Egypt.

*Great Britain*, heretofore Albion, a Country in Europe; the largest of the British Isles.

*Great Novogrod*, a Town in Muscovy.

*Great Tartary*, anciently Scythia, all the North part of Asia.

*Greece*, the most Southern part of Turkey in Europe.

*Greetz*, a Town in Stiria.

*Grenado*, a Town in Spain.

*New Grenado*, a Town in America.

*Greenland*, a Country in Terra Arctica.

*Greenoble*, a Town in Dauphiny.

*Grifsons Territories*, in Switzerland.

*Gripswald*, a Town in Pomerania.

*Groll*, a Town in Zuphen.

*Groenland*, an Isle toward the Artic Pole.

*Groningen*, a Town in the Seigniory of Groningen.

*Groningen Seigniory*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Holland.

*Graf-Glogaw*, a Town in Silesia.

*Guadalupe*, a Town in New Spain.

*Gua-*

*Guadaloope*, one of the Caribby Isles.

*Guadalquivir*, a River in Spain, known to the Romans by the name of *Bætis*.

*Guadiana*, a River in Spain.

*Guadix*, a Town in the Province of *Grenada*.

*Gualata*, a Town in Nigritia.

*Guadarfui*, a Cape in Africa.

*Guanahani*, in the West Indies.

*Guastella*, a Town in the Duchy of Mantua.

*Guatimala*, a Province in New Spain.

*Guber*, a Town in Nigritia.

*Gueret*, a Town in La Marche.

*Gueguere*, an Island in Ethiopia.

*Guilderland*, one of the Seventeen Provinces.

*Guiana*, a Country in America.

*Guienne*, a Province in France.

*New Guinny*, a Country in the East-Indies.

*Guinegat*, a Town in Artois.

*Guise*, a Town in Picardy.

*Guienn*, a Province in the Government of Guienn and Gascony.

*Guienn and Gascony Government*, in France.

*Guinny*, a Country in Africk.

*Gulf of La Plata*, an Arm of the Sea in Paraguay.

*Gulf of Mexico*, between Mexico and Florida.

*Gulf of Venice* or *Adriatick Sea*, adjoining to Italy on the North-West side.

*Gustrow*, a Town in Mecklenburg.

*Guyana*, a Country in South America.

## H

**H**ague, a Town in the County of Holland.

*Habsburg*, a Castle in Switzerland.

*Haderstevn*, a Port in Jutland.

*Harlem*, a Town in Holland.

*Hag*, a Town in Bavaria.

*Hagnenau*, a Town in Lower Alsatia.

*Hailbron*, a Town in Swabia.

*Hainault*, one of the Seventeen Provinces.

*Halberstat*, a City in Saxony.

*Halderstein*, a Seigniory in Switzerland.

*Hall*, a Town in Swabia.

*Haliez*, a Town in Russia the Black.

*Halland*, a little Province, part of South-Gothland.

*Ham*, a Hans Town in Westphalia.

*Hamelton*, a Town in the South of Scotland.

*Hamburg*, a Hans Town upon the Frontiers of Holsten and Saxony.

*Hampshire*, in the Kingdom of Wessex.

*Ha-*

*Hanaw*, a T. in Hesse.

*Hanover*, a Town in the Duchy of Brunswick.

*Hartford*, a Town in Hartfordshire.

*Hartfordshire*, in the Kingdom of Essex.

*Hastings*, a Town in the County of Sussex.

*Haynault*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Flanders.

*Havana*, a Port Town in the Isle of Cuba.

*Havre de Grace*, a Port on the River Sein.

*Hebrides or Incbgalles*, some of the British Isles near Scotland Westward.

*Heclay*, a Mountain in Island.

*Heiterskeim*, a Castle in Brisgow.

*Henday*, a Town in France.

*Henneberg*, a County in Franconia.

*Herac*, a Town in Arabia Desert.

*Heidelberg*, a Town in the Palatinate of the Rhine.

*Helsenore*, a Town in Zealand.

*Hereford*, a Town in Herefordshire.

*Herefordshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Hermanstad*, a Town in Transilvania.

*Hermainsten*, a Fort in Tiers.

*Hesden*, a Town in Artois.

*Hesse*, a Country in Germany.

*Heires*, a Town in Provence.

*Hispaniola*, an Island in America.

*Hessen*, a Province in Germany.

*Hetland* or *Shetland Isles*, some of the British Islands, not far from Scotland, towards the North-East.

*Hoang* or *Caramoran*, a River in China.

*Hola*, a Town in *Island*.

*Holock*, a County in Franconia.

*Holland*, *United Netherlands*, or *United Provinces*; the Northern part of the Low Countries.

*Holland County*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in the United Netherlands.

*Holdenby*, a Castle in Northamptonshire.

*Honduras*, a Province in New Spain.

*Honne-Cour*, a Town in Picardy.

*Holsatia* or *Holsten*, a Province in South-Jutland.

*Hudsons Bay*, North-Westward from Canada.

*Hull*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Hulst*, a Town in Flanders.

*Hungary*, anciently called Pannonia, a great Province in Turkey in Europe.

*Huntingtonshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Hyrones*, a People of Canada.

I

**J**Acca, a Town in Aragon.

**J**aicza or Jazy, a Town in Moldavia.

**J**aen, a Town in Andalusia.

**J**alac, a Town in Nubia.

**J**amaica, an Island in America.

**J**ametz, a Town in Lorrain.

**J**amsaqueam, a River in Chyna.

**J**ames Town, a Town in Virginia.

**J**anna, called heretofore Theffaly, a Province in Greece.

**J**anewitz, a Town in Bohemia.

**J**apan Islands, in the Indian Ocean.

**J**arnac, a Town in Angoulmois.

**J**aroslaw, a Town in Muscovy.

**J**ava, an Island in Asia.

**J**avarin or Raab, a Town in Imperial Hungary.

**J**aytza, a Town in Bosnia.

**J**azy or Jaickza, a Town in Moldavia.

**J**ersey, one of the British Isles near the Coast of Normandy.

**J**egerndorf, a Town in Silesia.

**J**emmengen, a Town in Westphalia.

**J**erusalem, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

**J**esso, the name of a Country in Terra Arctica.

*Jihun or Balcb*, anciently *Oxus*, a River in Great Tartary.

*Imaus*, a Mountain or Mountains in Tartary.

*Inchgalles or Hebrides*, some of the British Isles, near Scotland Westward.

*Indian Continent or Empire of the Mogol*, a Country in Asia.

*Indian Ocean or Eastern Ocean*, on the South side of Asia.

*Indus*, a River in the East Indies.

*Ingolstat*, a Town in Bavaria.

*Indian Peninsula beyond Ganges*, a Country in Asia.

*Indian Peninsula on this side Ganges*, a Country in Asia.

*Indies*, they are divided into East Indies, and West Indies.

*Ingria*, a Province in Swedeland.

*Inspruck*, a Town in Tirole.

*Joinvil*, a Town in Champaigne.

*Jordan*, a River in the Holy Land.

*Jeux*, a Fort in Frenche Compte.

*Ipre*, a Town in Flanders.

*Ipswich*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Ireland or Eryn*, a Country in Europe, one of the British Isles; anciently called *Hibernia*, and not seldom *Iverna* or *Ierna*.

*Irish*

*Irish Sea*, between England and Ireland.

*Irequois*, a People in Canada.

*Ischia*, an Island in Naples.

*Isembourg*, a Town in Germany.

*Isere*, a River in Dauphine.

*Isenack*, a Town in Turingia.

*Island*, called heretofore Thule, an Island in the Northern Ocean.

*Isle of France*, a Province in France.

*Ispahan*, a Town in Persia.

*Issodun*, a Town in Berry.

*Istria*, a Province in Italy.

*Italy*, a Country in Europe: It was called heretofore sometimes Italia, and sometimes Ausonia; but generally known to the Greeks by the name of Hesperia.

*Juannogrod*, a Town in Ingria.

*Jucatan*, a Peninsula in New Spain.

*Jurey*, a Town in Piedmont.

*Ivory*, a Town in Normandy.

*Ivica*, a Town in the Isle of Ivica.

*Ivica*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

*Juliers*, a Town in the Duchy of Juliers.

*Juliers Duchy*, in the Western part of Germany.

*Jutland*, the greatest part of Denmark, divided into North and South Jutland.

In

In times past it was called the Cimbrick  
Chersonesus.

## K.

**K**affa or Caffa, a Town in little Tartary.

**K**aimach or Chazan, a Town in North Tartary.

**K**alisz, a Town in Lower Poland.

**K**aminieck, a Town in Podolia.

**K**anisfa, a Town in Hungary.

**K**ent, a County, and one of the Seven Saxon Kingdoms in England.

**K**endall, a Town in Westmorland.

**K**iang, a River in China.

**K**iel, a Town in Holsten.

**K**ilaloe, a Town in Connaught.

**K**ilan or Sula, the name of a great Lake or Sea, between Persia and Tartary; called heretofore the Caspian Sea.

**K**ildare, a Town in Leinster.

**K**ilkenny, a Town in Leinster.

**K**imi, a Town in Lapmark.

**K**imi, a River in Swedeland.

**K**imi Territories or Lapmark, a little Province in Lapland.

**K**impercorentine, a City in Britany.

**K**ingtown, a Town in Leinster.

King-

- Kingale*, a Port in Munster.  
*Kiow*, a Town in Volhinia.  
*Knockfergus*, a Port in Ulster.  
*Kolding*, a Town in Jutland.  
*Kremp*, a Town in Holsatia.  
*Komora*, a Town in Imperial Hungary..  
*Koningsberg*, a Town in Prussia Ducal.  
*Kori or Goreden*, a Town in Georgia.  
*Kuttenberg*, a Town in Bohemia.

L

- La Corunna* or *Corunna*, a Town in Galicia.  
*La Marche*, a Province in the Government of Lyonnois.  
*La Plata*, a Town in Peru..  
*La Plata*, part of Paraguay.  
*La Plata*, the name of a River in La Plata.  
*Ladoga*, a Town in Muscovy.  
*Laguibray*, a Town in Normandy.  
*Laiazzo*, a Town in Anatolia.  
*Labor*, a Town in the Indian Continent.  
*Lake of Geneva*, between Switzerland and Savoy.  
*Lake Parima*, in Guyana.  
*Lancashire*, in the Kingdom of Northumberland.  
*Lancaster*, a Town in Lancashire.

Lanci-

*Lanciano*, a Town in the Further Abruzzo.

*Land of the Blacks* or *Nigritia*, a Country in Africk.

*Land of Jesso*, a Country in Terra Arctica.

*Landaff*, a Town in Glamorganshire.

*Landskroon*, a Town in Schonen.

*Landes*, a County in Gascony.

*Landrecy*, a Town in Hagnault.

*Landsberg*, a Town in Brandenburg.

*Landres*, a City in Bassigni.

*Languedoc*, a Province and the greatest part of the Government of Languedoc.

*Lantringuent*, a City in Britany.

*Laon*, a Country in Picardy.

*Languedoc Government*, in France.

*Lapland* or *Laponia*, a Province in Sweden.

*Lapmark* or *Kimi*, a little Province, part of Lapland.

*Laredo*, a Port in Biscay.

*Larissa*, a Town in Janna.

*Larmiro*, a Port in Theffaly.

*Larta*, a Town in Epirus.

*Larta*, a Town in Canina.

*Lavarre*, a City in Languedoc.

*Laubac*, a Town in Corniola.

- Laumundy*, a Town in Carinthia.  
*Lauraiguais*, a County in Languedoc.  
*Lauzanne*, a Bishoprick in Switzerland.  
*Lawenburg*, a Town in Saxony.  
*Lawingen*, a Town in Swabia.  
*Lauback*, a Town in Carniola.  
*Laufann*, a Town in the Canton of Bern.  
*Lecca*, a Town in Naples.  
*Leepsiek*, a Town in Misnia.  
*Legorn*, a Town in Tuscany.  
*Leiter*, a City in Gascony.  
*Leicestershire*, in the Kingdom of Mer-  
cia.  
*Leith*, a Town in South Scotland.  
*Lemster*, a Province in Ireland.  
*Leon*, a Town in New Spain.  
*Leon*, a Town in the Province of Leon.  
*Leon*, a Province in Spain.  
*Leopol* or *Lewenburg*, a Town in Russia the  
Black.  
*Lepanto*, a Town in Livadia.  
*Lerida*, a Town in Catalonia.  
*Lescar*, a City in Bearn.  
*Lespeck*, a Town in Genoa.  
*Leutmaritz*, a Town in Bohemia.  
*Lewenburg*, a Kingdom in Pomerania.  
*Lewarden*, a Town in West-Frizeland.  
*Lewenburg* or *Leopol*, a Town in Russia the  
Black.

*Lewes*, a Town in the County of Sussex.

*Leyden*, a Town in the County of Holland.

*Libourn*, a Town in Guienne.

*Lieffa*, a Town in Picardy.

*Legorn*, a Port in Tuscany.

*Lichfield*, a Town in Staffordshire.

*Liege*, a Town in the Diocese of Liege.

*Liege Diocese*, in the Western part of Germany, almost environed by the Low Countries.

*Lignitz*, a Town in Silesia.

*Lillo*, a Fort nigh Antwerp.

*Lima or Los Reies*, a Town in Peru.

*Limaine*, a Valley in Avergne.

*Limburg*, a Town in the Duchy of Limburg.

*Limburg Duchy*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Flanders.

*Limerick*, a Town in Munster.

*Limoges*, a Town in Limosin.

*Limosin*, a Province in the Government of Guienn and Gascony.

*Lincoln*, a Town in Lincolnshire.

*Lincolnshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Lincopen*, a Town in Ostro-Gothland.

*Lindam*, a Town of Swaben.

*Lingen*, a Town in Westphalia.

*Luitbgo*,

Lzilithgo, a Town in Scotland.

Liper Islands, on the Mediterranean Sea.

Lintz, a Town in Austria.

Lire, a Town in Brabant.

Lisieux, a City in Normandy.

Lis, a River in the Low Countries.

Lisbon, a Town in Portugal.

Lisse, a Town in the County of Flanders.

Lithuania, a great Province in Poland.

Little Novogrod, a Town in Muscovy.

Little Tartary, heretofore Scythia Taurica,  
a little Country in Europe, tributary to  
the Turk.

Livadia, a Province in Greece; it was called  
anciently Achaia.

Livonia, a Province in Swedeland.

Liverdun, a Town in Lorrain.

Locarne, a Town in Italy.

Loches, a Town in Tourraine.

Locomoriens, a People in Tartary.

Logan, a Town in Italy.

Loire, a River in France.

London, a City in Gascony.

Lombardy, a great Province in the North  
part of Italy.

London, a Town in the County of Middle-  
sex.

Londonderry, a Town in Ulster.

Lopia, a Country in Tartary.

*Lorrain*, a Province in France.

*Loreto*, a Town in the Marquisate of Ancona.

*Los Ifeos*, a Government in Bresill.

*Los Reies* or *Lima*, a Town in Peru.

*Los Santos*, a Fortress in Bresill.

*Lot*, a River in France that falls into the Garonn, between Gascony and Guenn.

*Lovain*, a Town in Brabant.

*Low Countries* or *Seventeen Provinces*, Europe; known in time past by the name of Belgia.

*Lubeck*, a Town upon the Territories of Holsten and Mecklenburg.

*Lublin*, a Town in Upper Poland.

*Lucca*, a Town in the Republick of Lucca.

*Lucca Republick*, a little Province in Italy near Tuscany Westward.

*Lucern*, a Town in the Canton of Lucern.

*Lucern Canton*, in Switzerland.

*Londun*, a Town in Poictou.

*Lula*, a Town in the Territories of Lapland.

*Lula Territories*, in Lapland.

*Lune Mons* or *Mountains of the Moon*, between Abissinia and Monopotopa.

*Lunden*, a Town in Schonen.

*Lunenburg*, a Town in the Duchy of Lunenburg.

*Lunenberg and Brunswick Duchy*, in Lower Saxony.

*Lusatia*, a Province in the Eastern part of Germany.

*Lugon*, a City in Poictou.

*Lutzsko*, a Town in Volhnia.

*Lusignis*, a Town in Poictou.

*Lutzeilstein*, a County in Lorrain.

*Lutzen*, a Town in Misneā.

*Luron or Lemenberg*, a City in Black Russia.

*Lyege*, a Town on the Muese.

*Lygeois*, a Bishoprick in the Low Countries.

*Lichfield*, a Town in Staffordshire.

*Lynn*, a Town in Norfolk.

*Ludlow*, a Town in Shropshire.

*Luton*, a Town in Bedfordshire.

*Luxemburg*, a Town in the Duchy of Luxemburg.

*Luxemburg Duchy*, one of the Seventeen Provinces in Flanders.

*Lyonnois*, a Province in the Government of Lyonnois.

*Lyonnois Government*, in France.

*Lyons*, a Town in Lyonnois.

**M**

**M**acao, a Town in a small Island upon the Coast of China.

**Macedon**, a Province in Greece.

**Madagascar** or **St. Laurence**, an Island in the Southern Ocean.

**Madera Islands**, in the Western Ocean.

**Madagran** or **Monopotopa**, a Town in the Country of Monopotopa.

**Madrid**, a Town in New Castile.

**Maestricht**, a Town of the Duchy of Limburg in the Country of Lygeos.

**Magadoxo**, a Town in Zanguebar.

**Magdeburg**, a Hans Town in Saxony.

**Macclesfield**, a Town in Cheshire.

**Machynleth**, a Town in Montgomeryshire.

**Magellanica**; a Country in South America.

**Magellanica** or **Terra Incognita**, a great Tract of Land towards the South Pole.

**Magellanick Islands**, in the Magellanick Sea.

**Magellanick Sea**, towards the most Southern side of America.

**Mayden Bradly**, a Town in Wiltshire.

**Maidenhead**, a Town in Berkshire.

Maldon, a Town in Essex.

Malmesbury, a Town in Wiltshire.

Manchester, a Town in Lancashire.

Mansfield, a Town in Nottinghamshire.

Marleborow, a Town in Wiltshire.

Marlow, a Town in Buckinghamshire.

Maglano, a Town in Terra Sabina.

Maine, a Province in the Government of  
Orleanois.

Majorca, a Town in the Isle of Major-  
ca.

Majorca, an Island in the Mediterranean  
Sea.

Malacca, a T. in the Indian Peninsula be-  
yond Ganges.

Malaga, a Town in the Province of Gra-  
nada.

Mallesais, a City in Poictou.

Malabar, a Country in the East Indies.

Male, a Town in Asia.

Malespine, a Marquisate in Tuscany.

Maldives, Islands in the Indian Ocean.

Malines, a Town in the Seigniory of Ma-  
lines.

Malines Seigniory, one of the Seventeen  
Provinces; in Flanders.

Malmusyen, a Town in Schonen.

Mallaguitta, on the Coast of Guinee.

*Malta*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

*Malvoisia*, a Town in Morea.

*Man*, one of the British Isles between England, Scotland, and Ireland.

*Manar*, an Isle on the Coast of the Ceylon.

*Mandinga*, a Town in Nigritia.

*Manfredonia*, a Town in Capitanata.

*Manilba*, a City in the Phillipine Isles.

*Mansfield*, a County in Upper Saxony.

*Manoa or El-Dorado*, a T. in Guyana.

*Mans*, a Town in Maine.

*Mantua*, a Town in the Duchy of Mantua.

*Mantua Duchy*, a small Province in Lombardy.

*March*, a Province in France.

*Margaias*, a People of Bresil.

*Margareta*, an Island in Castile.

*Maranbaon*, a Town in Brasil.

*Marignan*, a Town in Milan.

*Marmora*, a Sea parts Asia and Europe.

*St. Mary Cray*, a Town in Kent.

*Marienburg*, a Town in Prussia Royal.

*Marne*, a River in France.

*Marshfield*, a T. in Gloucestershire.

*Marsham*, a T. in Yorkshire.

*Marocco*, a T. in Barbary.

Marpurg, a Town in Hessen.

Marquentar, a County in Picardy.

Marsalkiver, a Port in Algiers.

Marsan, a County in Gascony.

Marquisate of the Holy Empire, or Antwerp  
Seigniory, one of the Seventeen Provinces,  
in Flanders.

Marseilles, a Town in France.

Marstrand, a Town in the Government of  
Bahus.

Massapa or Zimbae, a Town in Monomo-  
topa.

Marteg, a Port in Provence.

Mascon, a City in Burgundy.

Massa, a Principality in Italy.

Massaran, a Principality in Piedmont.

Mastrich, a Town in Lyegrois.

Matapan, a Cape in Morea.

Matera, a City in Naples.

Mavaralnabara, otherwise Usbeck or Zia-  
gathay, part of Great Tartary.

Mazovia, a Province in Poland.

Maulcon, a Town in Biscany.

Mazagan, a Fort in Portugal.

Mazzaro, a Town in Sicily.

Mazzo, a Town in the Valtoline.

Meaco, a Town in Jappan.

Meaux, a City in France.

Meath, a Province in Ireland.

Mec-

*Mecca*, a Town in Arabia.

*Mecklenburg*, a Province in Germany.

*Medelino*, a Town in Castile.

*Medoc*, a County in Guienne.

*Medina*, a Town in Arabia.

*Mediterranean Sea*, between Europe and Africk.

*Meliapor*, a Town nigh Ganges.

*Meldola*, a Marquisate in the Ecclesiastical State.

*Melinda*, a Town in Zanguebar.

*Melilla*, a Town in Barbary.

*Melun*, a Town in the Isle of France.

*Memel*, a Town in Prussia Ducal.

*Menan*, a River in India.

*Mende*, a City in Givaudan.

*Mentz*, a Town in the Diocels of Mentz.

*Mentz Diocese*, in the Western part of Germany.

*Mercia*, one of the Seven Saxon Kingdoms in England.

*Mergethem*, a Town in Franconia.

*Merida*, a Town in New Spain.

*Merionethshire*, in Wales.

*Messina*, a Town in Val di Demona.

*Mersburg*, a City in Misna.

*Metelene*, an Island in the Archipelago.

*Metling*, a Town in Windisch Marck.

*Metz*, a Town in Lorrain.

*Mewlans*

*Mewlans*, a Town on the Seine.

*Meuse*, a River in the Low-Countries.

*Meurs*, a County in Germany.

*Mezierres*, a Town in Champagne.

*Mexicana* or *North America*, All the North part of America; so called from Mexico.

*Mexico*, a Town in New Spain.

*Mexico* or *New Spain*, a Country in North America.

*Micona*, an Island in the Archeipelago.

*Middelfurt*, a Town in Funen.

*Middelfurt Sound*, a Straight or narrow passage in the Baltick Sea, between Jutland and Funen.

*Middleburg*, a Town in Zeland.

*Middlesex*, a County in the Kingdom of Essex.

*Milan*, a Town in Milanese.

*Milanese*, a Province in Lombardy.

*Milford*, a Port in Wales.

*Middlesex*, a County in England.

*Mina* or *St. George of the Mine*, a Town in Guinny.

*Minden*, a Town in the Territories of Minden.

*Minden Territories*, in Lower Saxony.

*Ingrelia*, a County in Georgia in Asia.

*Minorca*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

*Mirandola*, a Town in the Duchy of Mantua.

*Mire-Court*, a Town in Lorrain.

*Mirpoire*, a City in Foix in France.

*Misithra*, anciently Lacedæmon, a Town in Morea.

*Misnia*, a little Province in Upper Saxony.

*Mittaw*, a Town in Curland.

*Mockandan*, a Straight in the Persian Sea.

*Meltonmowberry*, a Town in Leicestershire.

*Mendlesham*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Methwold*, a Town in Norfolk.

*Midhurst*, a Town in Sussex.

*Midlam*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Middlewich*, a Town in Cheshire.

*Milbrook*, a Town in Cornwall.

*Mildenhall*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Milton*, a Town in Kent.

*Milton Abbey*, a Tovvn in Dorsetshire.

*Minehead*, a Tovvn in Somersetshire.

*Modbury*, a Tovvn in Devonshire.

*Modena*, a Town in the Duchy of Modena.

*Morpeth*, a Town in Northumberland.

*Modena Duchy*, a little Province in Lombardy.

*Mogaoz*, a place in Hungary on the Danube.

Mol-

Moldavia, part of the ancient Dacia, a Province in Europe, tributary to the Turk.

Molingar, a Town in Meath.

Molissa, a Town in the County of Molissa.

Molissa County, in the Kingdom of Naples.

Moluccoes, Islands in the Indian Ocean.

Mombaza, a Town in Zanguebar.

Mompellier, a Town in Languedoc.

Mombrisson, a Town in Forez.

Mombommery, a Town in Normandy.

Monbelliard, a Town in the County of Monbelliard.

Monbelliard County, in the Government of Franche County.

Mondonedo, a Town in Gallicia.

Montepulcano, a Town in Tuscany.

Monaco, a Port in Genoa.

Montcastell, a Town in Flanders.

Monsion, a Town in Arragon.

Moncontour, a Town in Poictou.

Montferrat, a little Province in Lombardy.

Monmouthshire, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

Monomotopa, a Country in Africk.

Monomotopa or Madragan, a Town in the Country of Monomotopa.

Mons, a Town in Haynault.

- Monstiers*, a Town in Savoy.  
*Monserat*, a Town in Catalonia.  
*Monsoreau*, a Town in Anjou.  
*Mont*, a Town in the Ecclesiastick State.  
*Montaldo*, a place in Piedmont.  
*Montargis*, a Town in Gastinois.  
*Montaubon*, a City in Quercy.  
*Montmarson*, a Town in Gascony.  
*Montefiascone*, a Town in Italy.  
*Montelimark*, a Town in Dauphin.  
*Monterefoyné*, a Town in Champaigne.  
*Montsaintangelo*, a City in Naples.  
*Montesia*, a Town in Valentia.  
*Montelerry*, a Town in the Isle of France.  
*Montgomery*, a Town in Montgomeryshire.  
*Montgomeryshire*, in Wales.  
*Montmedy*, a Town in the Duchy of Luxembourg.  
*Morton in Marse*, a Town in Gloucestershire.  
*Moulton*, a Town in Devonshire.  
*Montmelian*, a Town in Savoy.  
*Montreal*, a Town in Canada.  
*Montrealy*, a City in Sicily.  
*Montrevill*, a Town in Picardy.  
*Montroß*, a Marquiseate in Scotland,  
*Montreal*, a Town in Valdi Mazata.  
*Moravia*, a Province in Germany.

*Morea*, a Province in Greece, called heretofore Peloponesus.

*Morlakia*, a small Province in Turkey in Europe, contiguous to Croatia.

*Mooeck*, a Town in Gilderland.

*Morat*, a Town in Switzerland.

*Morlaix*, a Town in Britany.

*Mortgrew*, a Town in Milan.

*Mosco*, a Town in Muscovy.

*Moselle*, a River in Lorrain.

*Mosul or Ninivey*, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

*Moullins*, a Town in Bourbonnois.

*Mountains of the Moon*, between Abissinia, and Monomotopa.

*Mouson*, a Town in Champagne.

*Mubberg*, a Town in Misnia.

*Mulhausen*, a Town in Alsatia.

*Munick*, a Town in Bavaria.

*Munster*, a Province in Ireland.

*Muret*, a Town in Gascoigne.

*Mozambique*, a Town in Zanguebar.

*Munchen*, a Town in the Duchy of Bavaria.

*Munster*, a Town in Westphalia.

*Muongchen or Cambalu*, a Town in Cathay.

*Murcia*, a Town in the Province of Murcia.

*Murcia*, a Province in Spain.

*Muscovy* or *Russia*, part of the ancient *Sarmatia*; a Country in Europe.

## N

**N**amur, a Town in the County of Namur.

*Namur County*, one of the Seventeen Provinces in Flanders.

*Nagera*, a place in Navarr.

*Namptrich*, a Town in Cheshire.

*Narbarth*, a Town in Pembrokeshire.

*Naseby*, a Town in Northamptonshire.

*Nash*, a Town in Kent.

*Nanciang*, a Town in China.

*Nancy*, a Town in Lorrain.

*Nangasaby*, a Town in Japan.

*Nanking*, a Town in China.

*Nantes*, a Town in Bretaigne.

*Naples*, called formerly *Parthenope*, a Town in *Terra di Lavoro*.

*Naples*, a Kingdom and a great part of Italy.

*Napowlan*, a Town in Morea.

*Navarrin*, a Town in Morea.

*Navarines*, a Town in Bearn.

*Namburg*, a City in Misnia.

*Narbonn*, a Town in Languedoc.

*Nar-*

Narfinga, a Town in the Indian Peninsula  
on this side Ganges.

Navarr, a Province in Spain.

Negropont, a Town in the Isle of Negro-  
pont.

Negropont, heretofore Euboea, an Island in  
the Mediterranean Sea, on the East side  
of Greece.

St. Neot, a Town in Huntingdonshire.

Neath, a Town in Glamorganshire.

Needham, a Town in Suffolk.

Netherlands or Seventeen Provinces, in Eu-  
rope, anciently known by the name of  
Belgia.

Nevers, a Town in Nivernois.

Newark, a Town in Nottinghamshire.

Nevern, a Town in Pembrokeshire.

Newburg, a Town in Anglesea.

Newberry, a Town in Barkshire.

Newcastle-Underline, a Town in Stafford-  
shire.

Newmarket, a Town in Cambridgeshire.

Newport, there is five Market Towns of  
the name, viz. in the Counties of Buck-  
inghamshire, Monmouth, Salop, Pembroke,  
and Isle of Wight.

Nemours, a Duchy in the Isle of France.

Nerac, a Town in Guienne.

Nermonster, an Island in France.

*Newsel*, a Town in Hungary.

*Newburg*, a Town in the Palatinate of Bavaria.

*New Carthage* or *Carthagina*, a Town in Murcia.

*New Castile*, a Province in Spain.

*Newcastle*, a Town in Northumberland.

*New England*, a little Province in the great Country of New England.

*New England*, a Country in North America.

*Neyland*, a Town in Montgomeryshire.

*New-found Land*, a great Island in the North Sea, near Canada.

*New France* or *Canada*, a Country in North America.

*New Granada*, a Town in New Mexico.

*New Guinny*, a great Island in the Pacifick Sea, towards Asia.

*New Holland*, or *New York*, a little Province in New England.

*New Mexico*, a Country in North America.

*New Plymouth*, a Town in New England.

*New Spain* or *Mexico*, a Country in North America.

*Newstad*, a Town in Moravia.

*New-Town* or *Cambridg*, a Town in New England.

New-

New York, a Town in the Province of New York.

New York or New Holland, a little Province in New England.

Newton or New-Town; in England and Wales, there is 149 Towns of the name.

Nicarequa, a Province in New Spain.

Nice, a County and City in France.

Nicofia, a Town in Cyprus.

Niburg, a Town in Funen.

Niemen, a River in Poland.

Nieper or Boristhenes, a River in Poland.

Niester, a River in Poland.

Nigepoli, a Town in Bulgaria.

Niger, a River in Nigritia.

Nigritia or Land of the Blacks, a Country in Africk.

Nikopen, a Town in Sweden.

Niort, a Town in Poictou.

Nitto, the Seat of the Dukes of Curland.

Nile, a River in Egypt.

Ninsigen, a Town in Gelderland.

Nisa, a Town in Servia.

Nivernois, a Province in the Government of Orleans.

Nizza, a Town in Piedmont.

Nogent, a Town in Perche.

Noion, a City in France.

*Nombre*, a Town in Castile.

*Nonsuch*, a House in Surry.

*Norfolk*, a County in the Kingdom of the  
East Angles.

*Norimberg*, a Town in Franconia.

*Normandy*, a Province in France.

*North Curry*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Northbeech*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Northwich*, a Town in Cheshire.

*Northauson*, a Town in Turingia.

*North America*, almost one half of Ameri-  
ca Northward, otherwise called Mexi-  
cana.

*Northamptonshire*, in the Kingdom of Mer-  
cia.

*North Gotbland*, a Province in Swede-  
land.

*North Jutland*, a Province in Denmark.

*North Kin*, a Cape upon the most Northern  
Coast of Jutland.

*North Sea*, on the North East side of Ame-  
rica.

*North Tartary* or *Ancient Tartary*, part of  
Great Tartary.

*Northern Ocean*, formerly Scythian Sea, on  
the North side of Europe and Asia.

*Northumberland*, a County in the Kingdom  
of Northumberland.

*Northumberland*, one of the *Seyen Saxon Kingdoms* in *England*.

*Novara*, a Town in *Milan*.

*Novelare*, a Town in *Manqua*.

*Nuneaton*, a Town in *Warwickshire*.

*Nuys*, a Town in the *Bishoprick of Colen*.

*Normany*, a Country in *Europe*.

*Norwich*, a Town in *Norfolk*.

*Noteburg*, a Town in *Ingria*,

*Noto*, a Town in *Val di Noto*.

*Nottinghamshire*, in the Kingdom of *Mercia*.

*Novogrod the Greater*, a Town in *Muscovy*.

*Novogrodeck*, a Town in *Lithuania*.

*Novogrod-Seviersky*, a Town in the *Duchy of Novogrod-Seviersky*.

*Novogrod-Sevierski* and *Smolensko* *Duchy*, in *Poland*.

*Nubia*, a Town in *Nubia*.

*Nubia*, a Country in *Africk*:

*Numantia*, a ruined Town in *Old Castile*, anciently very famous.

**O**

**O**bius, a River in Great Tartary.  
Ocsizeco, a Town in Podolia.

*Odibam*, a Town in Hampshire.

*Oelande*, an Isle in the Baltick Sea.

*Offemburg*, a Town in Alsatia.

*Odensee*, a Town in Funen.

*Odir*, a River in Germany.

*Offen or Buda*, a Town in Hungary.

*Oleron*, a City in Bearn.

*Oleron*, an Isle on the Coast of France.

*Okhampton*, a Town in Devonshire.

*Okingham*, a Town in Barkshire.

*Oldenburg*, a Town in the Territories of  
Oldenburg.

*Oldenburg Territories*, in Lower Saxony.

*Oiinda*, a Town in Brasili.

*Olija*, a Town in Navarr.

*Olmutz*, a Town in Moravia.

*Olonn*, a Port in Poictou.

*Ombry*, a Province in Italy.

*Oneilbe*, a Town in Genoa.

*Onspack*, a Town in Franconia.

*Oran*, a Town in Barbary.

*Orange*, a Town on the Rhine.

*Orford*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Oriſtana*, a City in Sardinia.

*Ormskirk*, a Town in Lancashire.

*Orton*, a Town in Westmerland.

*Orbitello*, a Town in Tuscany.

*Orcades* or *Orkney*, some of the British Isles near Scotland Northward.

*Orelhana* or River of the *Amazons*, in Peru, or between Peru and Brasil.

*Orenoke* or *Paria*, a River between *Castilla del Oro* and Guyana.

*Orleanois Government*, in France.

*Orleans*, a Town in Beauce.

*Ormuz*, a Town in Persia.

*Orvieto*, a Town in the Territories of Orvieto.

*Orvieto Territories*, in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Osma*, a City in Old Castile.

*Oswestrey*, a Town in Salop.

*Otley*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Osnaburg*, a Town in Westphalia.

*Oftend*, a Town in the County of Flanders.

*Oſtia*, a Town in Campania di Roma.

*Ostro-Gothland*, a little Province in North Gothland.

*Ottery*, a Town in Devonshire.

*Ottanſce*, a Town of Fiania.

*Otranto, a Town in the Territories of Otranto.*

*Otranto Territories, in the Kingdom of Naples.*

*Otzacow, a Town in Bessarabia, near the Mouth of the Nieper.*

*Overissel, one of the Seventeen Provinces in Holland.*

*Oneffant, an Island in Britany.*

*Overton, a Town in Hampshire.*

*Oulney, a Town in Buckinghamshire.*

*Oundle, a Town in Northamptonshire.*

*Ourque, a Town in Portugal.*

*Oviedo, a Town in Asturia.*

*Ouftiong, a Town in Muscovy.*

*Oxford, a Town in Oxfordshire.*

*Oxfordshire, in the Kingdom of Mercia.*

*Qyse, a River in France.*

## P

**P**acific Sea or South Sea, on the South-West side of America.

*Paderborn, a Town in Westphalia.*

*Padstow, a Town in Cornwall.*

*Padua, a Town in the Republick of Venice.*

*Palatinate of Bavaria, part of the Great Province of Bavaria in Germany.*

Palatinate of the Rhine, a Province in Germany.

Palermo, a Town in Val di Mazara.

Palamas, a Town in Catalonia.

Palmela, a Town in Portugal.

Palos, a Town in Andalusia.

Palma Nova, a Town in the Republick of Venice.

Pamers, a City in Languedoc.

Pampelune, a Town in Navarr.

Pampelona, a Town in Navarr.

Panama, a Town in Castilla del Oro.

Para, a Fort in Bresill.

Paraiba, a Town in Bresill.

Paraguay, a Country in South America.

Parana, the name of a River in Paraguay.

Paria or Orenoke, a River between Castilla del Oro and Guyana.

Parima, the name of a Lake in Guyana.

Paris, a Town in the Isle of France.

Parshore, a Town in Worcestershire.

Parma, a Town in the Duchy of Parma.

Parma Duchy, a little Province in Lombardy.

Pass de Calais, a narrow Passage in the Channel between Kent and Picardy.

Passage, a Port Town in Biscay.

Passau, a Town on the Danube.

Patay, a Town in France.

*Patrington*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Patras*, a Town in Morea.

*Patrimony of St. Peter*, a Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Pau*, a Town in Bearn.

*Pavia*, a Town in Milanese.

*Paviosa*, a Town in St. Thome.

*Pegu*, a Town in the Indian Peninsula beyond Ganges.

*Pegu*, a River in India.

*Peking*, a Town in China.

*Pembridg*, a Town in Herefordshire.

*Pembroke*, a Town in Pembrokeshire.

*Penrise*, a Town in Glamorganshire.

*Penrith*, a Town in Cumberland.

*Penryn*, a Town in Cornwall.

*Pensance*, a Town in Cornwall.

*Pensford*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Pembrokeshire*, in Wales.

*Peron*, a Town in Picardy.

*Penthois*, a Town in Champagne.

*Perche*, a Province in the Government of Orleans.

*Perigord*, a Province in the Government of Guienn and Gascony.

*Perigueux*, a Town in Perigord.

*Perpignan*, a Town in Roussillon.

*Persia*, a Country in Asia.

*Perth*,

Perth, a Town in North Scotland.

Peru, a Country in South America.

Perugia, a Town in the Territories of Perugia.

Perugia Territories, in the Dominion of the Pope.

Peruviana or South America, all the South part of America, being a large Peninsula.

N. Petherton, } both in Somersetshire.

S. Petherton, }  
Petworth, a Town in Sussex.

Peterborow, a Town in Northamptonshire.

Petellano, a County in Tuscany.

Petrikon, a Town in Poland.

Phalsburg, a Principality in Lorrain.

Phoenicia, a Province in Asia.

Phillipdel, a Town in Hainault.

Phillipsburg, a Town in the Lower Palatinate.

Phillipsnorton, a Town in Somersetshire.

Philippine Islands, in the Indian Ocean.

Piacenza, a Town in the Duchy of Parma.

Pica, a Mountain in the Teneriffe.

Pickering, a Town in Yorkshire.

Picardy, a Province in France.

- Piedmont, a Province in Lombardy.  
Pignerol, a Tovvn in Dauphiny.  
Pilsen, a Tovvn in Tuscany.  
Pilsene, a Tovvn in Bohemia.  
Piombino, a Tovvn in Tuscany.  
Pisa, a Tovvn in Tuscany.  
Pitba, a Tovvn in the Territories of Pitba  
Pitba Territories, in Lapland.  
Placentia, a City in the Kingdom of Leon.  
Plaisensa, a Tovvn in Lombardy.  
Plata, a Country and River in America  
and a Tovvn in Peru.  
Pludents, a Seignory in Tyroll.  
Plescow, a Tovvn in Muscovy.  
Plimouth, a Tovvn in Devonshire.  
Po, a River in Italy.  
Podelassia or Polachia, a Province in Po-  
land.  
Poissi, a Tovvn in the Isle of France.  
Pockington, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.  
Polesworth, a Tovvn in Warwickshire.  
Pontefract, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.  
Pool, a Tovvn in Dorsetshire.  
Porlack, a Tovvn in Somersetshire.  
Pola, a Tovvn in Istria.  
Polaquia, a Province in Poland.  
Potton, a Tovvn in Bedfordshire.  
Poulton, a Tovvn in Lancashire.  
Podolia, a Province in Poland.

Poictiers, a Tovvn in Poictou.

Poictou, a Province in the Government of  
Orleanois.

Pôlachia. or Podelassia, a Province in Poland.  
Poland, a Province in the Kingdom of Po-  
land.

Poland, a Country in Europe; called in  
time past, together vwith Muscovy, Sar-  
matia.

Poland the Lower, the North-West part of  
the great Province of Poland.

Poland the Upper, the South-East part of  
the great Province of Poland.

Pamjok, a Tovvn in Virginia.

Pontamouzon, a Tovvn in Lorrain.

Pontdelarche, a Tovvn in Normandy.

Pontdagard, three Bridges built one over  
the other on the River Gardon.

Pontou de Mar, a Tovvn in Normandy.

Pontlereisque, a Town in Normandy.

Pontoise, a Town in the Isle of France.

Pontorson, a Town in Normandy.

Pontsprit, a Tovvn in Languedoc.

Ponthieu, a County in Picardy.

Pontremoli, in Tuscany and Genoa.

Popaien, a Tovvn in Castillia.

Porentru, a Tovvn in Svvitzerland.

Porthercole, a Tovvn in Tuscany.

Port-Lewis, a Port in Britany.

*Porto-Royal*, a Port in New France.

*Porto*, a Town in Portugal.

*Porto-Longo*, a Port in the Elve.

*Portsmouth*, a Town in Hampshire.

*Precop*, a Town in Tartary.

*Prescot*, a Town in Lancashire.

*Presteign*, a Town in Radnorshire.

*Preston*, a Town in Lancashire ; and there  
is fifty Towns more in England of the  
same name.

*Provinst*, a Town in Bry.

*Pomerania* or *Pomeren*, a Province in Ger-  
many.

*Porentru*, a Town in the Diocese of Ba-  
sil.

*Port-Famine* or *St. Philip*, a Town in Ma-  
gellanica.

*Porto-Belo*, a Town in Castilla del Oro.

*Porto-Seguro*, a Town in Brasil.

*Portugal*, formerly *Lusitania*, and a Pro-  
vince in the Western part of Spain ; but  
now a Kingdom of it self.

*Posega*, a Town in Slavonia.

*Posen* or *Posnan*, a Town in Lower Po-  
land.

*Potengi*, a Town in Brasil.

*Potosi*, a Town in Peru.

*Prague*, a Town in Bohemia.

*Presburg*, a Town in Imperial Hungary.

Pre-

Prevezza, a Tovvn in Canina.

Principalaty the Further, a Province in the Kingdom of Naples.

Principalaty the Nigher, a Province in the Kingdom of Naples.

Provence, a Province in France.

Provinces Tributary to the Turk, several small Countries betvveen Turkey Poland, and Muscovy.

Prussia, a Province in Poland.

Prussia Ducal, the North-East part of Prussia.

Prussia Roial, the South-West part of Prussia.

Puglia or Capitanata, a Province in the Kingdom of Naples.

P Puy, a City in Languedoc.

Puycerda, a Tovvn in Cerdania.

Pulhey, a Tovvn in Caernarvanshire.

Pyrenies, Mountains separating France from Spain.

Q

Q Vancheu, a Tovvn in China.

Quebeck, a Tovvn in Canada.

Quercy, a Province in the Government of Guienn and Gascony.

Queang, a Tovvn in China.

Quiloa, a Town in Zanguebar.

Que-

- Quedelimbburg*, an Abbey in Saxony.  
*Quieras*, a Province in Piedmont.  
*Quimpercɔrintui*, a City in Britany.  
*Quinborough*, a Tovvn in Kent.  
*Quenton*, a Tovvn in Gloucestershire.  
*Quantoxhead*, a Tovvn in Somersetshire.  
*Quiloa*, a Tovvn in Zanguebar.  
*Quixall*, a Tovvn in Staffordshire.

## R

- R***Aab or Javarin*, a Tovvn in Imperial Hungary.  
*Radnorshire*, in Wales.  
*Ragusa*, a Tovvn and Republick in Dalmatia.  
*Raseburg*, a Tovvn in Finland.  
*Ratisbon*, a Tovvn in the Duchy of Bavaria.  
*Radicofan*, a Castle in Tuscany.  
*Rausow*, a Castle in Alsatia.  
*Rappers*, a Tovvn in Svvitzerland.  
*Radnor*, a Tovvn in Radnorshire in Wales.  
*Ramsey*, a Tovvn in Huntingdonshire.  
*Ravenna*, a Tovvn in Romagna.  
*Ravenglass*, a Tovvn in Cumberland.  
*Rayleigh*, a Tovvn in Essex.  
*Reading*, a Tovvn in Barkshire.  
*Redford*, a Tovvn in Nottinghamshire.

Red-

Redruth, a Town in Cornwall.

Red Sea, between Arabia and Egypt.

Ree, an Island nigh Rochell.

Rees, a Town in Cleaves.

Reggio, a Town in the Further Calabria.

Reggio, a Town in the Duchy of Modena.

Rendsburg, a Town in Holsten.

Rennes, a Town in Bretaigne.

Retimo, a Town in Candy.

Revensburg, a County in Westphalia.

Rezburg, a Town in Finland.

Repeham, a Town in Norfolk.

Reigate, a Town in Surrey.

Revel, a Town in Livonia.

Rhaiadergwy, a Town in Radnorshire.

Rhimberg, a Town in Germany.

Rhinfield, a Town in Swabia.

Rheims, a Town in Champaigne.

Rhezan, a Town in Muscovy.

Rhine, a River in Germany.

Rhodes, a Town in Rouergue.

Rhone, a River in France.

Richelieu, a Town in Poictou.

Richmond, a Town in Yorkshire.

Rieux, a City in Languedoc.

Riez, a City in Provence.

Riogrand, a County in Bresill.

Ringwood, a Town in Hantshire.

Ripley,

*Riply*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Rippon*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Risborough*, a Town in Buckinghamshire.

*Riga*, a Town in Livonia.

*River of the Amazons*, or *Orelhana*, between Peru and Brasil.

*River of La Plata*, in La Plata.

*River of Parana*, in Paraguay.

*River of St. Francis*, in Brasil.

*River of St. Laurence*, in Canada.

*Rubel* a Town in Aulny.

*Rodez*, a City in Languedoc.

*Romagna*, a Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Romania*, in time past Thrace, a Province in Turkey in Europe.

*Rome*, a Town in Campania di Roma.

*Rochdale*, a Town in Lancashire.

*Rochester*, a City in Kent.

*Rochford*, a Town in Essex.

*Rockingham*, a Town in Northamptonshire.

*Roneglione*, a County in St. Peters Patri-mony.

*Roscomen*, a County in Connaught.

*Roseveck*, a Town in Flanders.

*Rosses*, a Town in Catalonia.

*Ross*, a Town in Herefordshire.

*Roskill*, a City in Denmark.

*Ros-*

- Roffano*, a City in Naples.  
*Rostock*, a Town in Meclenberg.  
*Roscbild*, a Town in Zeeland.  
*Rosetta*, a Town in Egypt.  
*Rosinia*, a Town in Samogitia.  
*Rothsay*, a Castle in Scotland.  
*Rotterdam*, a Town in Holland.  
*Rothebury*, a Town in Northumberland.  
*Rotheram*, a Town in Yorkshire.  
*Rothwell*, a Town in Northamptonshire.  
*Rotweil*, a Town in Brisgow.  
*Rouen*, a Town in Normandy.  
*Romergue*, a Province in the Government of  
  *Guienn* and Gascony.  
*Rivogo*, a Town in Italy.  
*Royans*, a Town in Xantaigne.  
*Rushen*, a Town in the Isle of Man.  
*Royston*, a Town in Camb. and Hart.  
*Rugby*, a Town in Warwickshire.  
*Rugeley*, a Town in Staffordshire.  
*Rumford*, a Town in Essex.  
*Rumsey*, a Town in Kent.  
*Rumsey*, a Town in Southamptonshire.  
*Routhen*, in Denbyshire.  
*Russillon*, a small Province in the Govern-  
  ment of Languedoc.  
*Rugen*, an Island in the Baltic Sea, near  
  Pomeren.  
*Ruremond*, a Town in Gelderland.

*Russia* or *Muscovy*, part of the ancient Country of Sarmatia; in Europe.

*Russia the Black*, a Province in Poland.

*Rutlandshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Rye*, a Town in the County of Sussex.

*Rypen*, a Town in the Diocese of Rypen.

*Rypen Diocese*, in North Jutland.

## S

**Sabria**, a Town in Hungary.

**Sabionetta**, a Town in Mantua.

**Saguenay**, a Town in New France.

**Sabid**, a Country in Egypt.

**Salisbury**, a City in Wiltshire.

**Saltaſh**, a Town in Cornwall.

**Saltfleet**, a Town in Lincolnshire.

**St. Albans**, a Town in Hartfordshire.

**Sandbacke**, a Town in Cheshire.

**St. Andrews**, a Town in South Scotland.

**St. Antonin**, a Town in Rouergue.

**St. Asaph**, a Town in Flintshire.

**St. Aulne**, a Town in Britany.

**St. Augustin**, a Cape in Africa.

**St. Augustin**, a Point in Florida.

**Saxmundham**, a Town in Suffolk.

**St. Beatus**, a Thuringian Province.

**St. Bertrand**, a City in Gascony.

**St. Borondon**, an Isle on the West Canaries.

- St. Brioux*, a City in Britany. 18  
*St. Christophers*, an Island in America.  
*St. Davids*, a Town in the Isle of France.  
*St. Denis*, a Town in Pemrokeshire.  
*St. Dizier*, a Town in Champaigne.  
*St. Domingo*, a Town in Hispaniola. 2  
*St. Fedthogada*, a Town in Granada. 2  
*St. Floor*, a City in Aurerne.  
*St. Foy*, a Town in Guinene.  
*St. Faith or St. Fe*, a Town in New Mexi-  
co. 2  
*St. Fe*, a Town in Paraguay. 2  
*St. Francis*, a Town in Peru. 2  
*St. Francis*, the name of a River in Bra-  
sil. 2  
*St. Gall*, a Town in Switzerland.  
*St. George of the Mine or Mina*, a Town in  
Guinny. 2  
*St. Germans*, a R. Palace in France. 2  
*St. Gertrudenburg*, a Town in Hollands. 2  
*St. Helena*, an Island in the Southern O2-  
cean. 2  
*St. Hubert*, a City in Luxemburg. 2  
*St. Jago*, a Town in Chili. 2  
*St. Jago de Compostella*, a Town in Galici2-  
cia. 2  
*St. Jago de Guatimala*, a Town in New  
Spain. 2

*St. Jago del Estero*, a Town in Tucuman.

*St. Jean de Morin*, a City in Savoy.

*St. Johnson*, a Town in Scotland.

*Sleaford*, a Town in Lincolnshire.

*St. Legar*, a City in Gascony.

*St. Lucar*, a Port in Andalusia.

*St. Laurence or Madagasear*, an Island in the Southern Ocean.

*St. Laurence*, the name of a River in Canada.

*St. Malo*, a City in Britany.

*St. Matheo*, a Port in Flotida.

*St. Maur*, an Isle on the Coast of Epirus.

*St. Michell*, in Britany.

*St. Miguel*, a Town in Tucuman.

*St. Nicholas*, a Town in Muscovy.

*St. Morris*, a Town in Valesia.

*St. Palaci*, a Town in Navarr.

*St. Papouet*, a Town in Languedoc.

*St. Patrick*, a place in Ulster.

*St. Omars*, a Town in Artois.

*St. Paolo or Angola*, a Town in Congo.

*St. Philip or Port Famine*, a Town in Magellanica.

*St. Salvador*, a Town in Brasil.

*St. Salvador*, a Town in Congo.

*Salerna*, a City in Naples.

*Salfield*, an Abbey in Turingia.

*Sallies*, a Town in Bearn.

- Salme*, a County in Lorrain.  
*Salomons Island*, in the Pacifick Sea.  
*Salon*, a Town in Provence.  
*Sanchoan*, an Isle on the Coast of Chyna.  
*Sandwich*, a Port Town in Kent.  
*Sansoverina*, a City in Calabria.  
*Sanferre*, a County in Picardy.  
*Saon*, a River of France.  
*Sarbruck*, a County in Germany.  
*St. Sebastian*, a Town in Biscay.  
*St. Sebastian*, a Town in Brasil.  
*St. Thomas*, an Island in the Southern Ocean.  
*St. Vincent*, a Town in Brasil.  
*Saints*, a Town in Saintonge.  
*Saintonge*, a Province in the Government of Guienn and Gascony.  
*Salas or Kilan*, the name of a great Lake or Sea between Persia and Tartary; anciently called the Caspian Sea.  
*Salamanca*, a Town in the Province of Leon.  
*Salerno*, a Town in the Nigher Principality.  
*Salins*, a Town in Franche County.  
*Salonicbi*, a Town in Macedon.  
. *Saltzburg*, a Town in the Duchy of Bavaria.  
*Samarcand*, a Town in Ziaガashay.  
*Samgitia*, a Province in Poland.

Sandomir, a Town in Upper Poland.

Sta. Fe de Bogata, a Town in Castilla del Oro.

Sta. Fe or St. Faib, a Town in New Mexico.

Sta. Martha, a Town in Castilla del Oro.

Santillana, a Town in Asturias.

Saragossa, a Town in Aragon.

Sargan, a County in Switzerland.

Sarlat, a City in Perigord.

Sarsana, a Town in Genoa.

Sasdegand, a Fort in Flanders.

Satratia, a Town in Natolia.

Savern, a Town in Alsace.

Savillan, a Town in Piedmont.

Saumure, a Town in Anjou.

Saragnis, formerly Syracuse, a Town in Val di Noto.

Sardinia, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

Saffari, a Town in Sardinia.

Savatopili, a Town in Georgia.

Savona, a Town in the Republick of Genoa.

Savoy, a little Country between France, Italy, and Switzerland, but counted part of Lombardy.

Saw, a River in Turkey in Europe which falls into the Danube.

Saxony Electorship, a little Province in Upper Saxony.

Saxony the Lower, a Province in Germany.

Saxo-

Saxony the Upper, a Province in Germany.

Scagen, a Town in the most Northern part of the Diocese of Alburg.

Scarling, a Castle in Tuscany.

Scarpanto, an Isle in Anatolia.

Scanderoon or Alexandretta, a Town in Turkey in Asia.

Scandinavia, a large Country in the North of Europe, containing the Kingdoms of Swedeland, Denmark, and Norway.

Scardona, a Town in Dalmatia.

Schafhausen, a Town in the Canton of Schafhausen.

Schafhausen Canton, a Province in Switzerland.

Scheld, a River in the Low Countries.

Schiras, a Town in Persia.

Sconeland, a Country in Denmark.

Schwerin, a Town in Mechlenburg.

Scouven, an Isle in Zeland.

Schwartzemburg, a County in Turingia.

Schianhai, a Port in China.

Sclavonia, a Country in Hungary.

Scone, an Abbey in Scotland.

Schonen, a Province in South Gothland.

Schwaben or Snavis, a Province in Germany.

*Scotland*, heretofore called Caledonia, a Country in Europe; being the North part of Great Britain.

*Scotland*, beyond Tay, all Scotland which lies from the Tay Northward.

*Scotland*, on this side Tay, the South part of Scotland, which is included between the River Tay and England.

*Scutari*, a Town in Albania.

*Sea of Kilan or Sala*, a vast Lake between Persia and Tartary; known heretofore by the name of Caspian Sea.

*Sebenico*, a Town in Dalmatia.

*Sedan*, a Town in Champaigne.

*Seez*, a City in Normandy.

*Segny*, a Tovvn in the Ecclesiastical State.

*Seine*, a River in France.

*Sempach*, a Tovvn in Svvitzerland.

*Sener*, a City in Provence.

*Seregga*, a Tovvn in Bresil.

*Serreliona*, a Mountain in Guinée.

*Secky*, a Tovvn in Norfolk.

*Selby*, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.

*Settle*, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.

*Sevennoch*, a Tovvn in Kent.

*Segelmeffa*, a Tovvn in Bildulgerid.

*Segorbe*, a Tovvn in the Province of Valentia.

Se-

*Segovia*, a Tovvn in Old Castile.

*Servia*, a Province in Turkey in Europe, being part of the ancient Country of Moelia.

*Setines*, heretofore called Athens, a Tovvn in Livadia.

*Seventeen Provinces*, Low Countries, or *Netherlands* in Europe, the Romans comprised them all under the name of *Belgia*.

*Seachis*, a City in Andaluzia.

*Seechland*, an Isle in the British Seas.

*Severn*, a Rjver in England.

*Sevil*, a Tovvn in Andaluzia.

*Seyne*, a River in France.

*Shaftsbury*, a Tovvn in Dorsetshire.

*Sheffield*, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.

*Shefford*, a Tovvn in Bedfordshire.

*Shepnal*, a Tovvn in Shropshire.

*Sherborn*, a Tovvn in Dorcetsire.

*Shipton*, a Tovvn in Worcestershire.

*Shareham*, a Tovvn in Sussex.

*Shannon*, a River in Ireland..

*Shetland* or *Hetland Isles*, in the Northern Ocean, not far from Scotland.

*Shropshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Syracusa*, a Port in Sicily.

*Symmerian*, a Tovvn in the Palatinate.

*Sinabe*, a Port in Anatolia.

*Siponte*, a City of Naples.

*Sisteron*, a City in Provence.

*Sidmouth*, a Tovvn in Devonshire.

*Skipton*, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.

*Sian*, a Town in the Indian Peninsula beyond Ganges.

*Sicily*, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea.

*Siena*, a Tovvn in Tuscany.

*Sicra Liona*, Mountains so called in Guiny.

*Silesia*, a Province in Germany.

*Silly Islands*, or the *Sorlings*, some of the British Isles betvveen England, France, and Ireland.

*Sind*, heretofore called Indus, a River in India.

*Sion*, a Town in Valais.

*Slavonia*, a Province in Turkey in Europe, part of the ancient Illyricum.

*Sleswick*, a Tovvn in the Duchy of Slesvvick.

*Sleswick-Duchy*, a little Province in South-Jutland.

*Sluys*, a Tovvn in the County of Flanders.

*Smirna*, a Tovvn in Turkey in Asia.

*Smolensko*, a Tovvn in the Dukedom of Smolensko.

*Smo-*

- Smolensko Dukedom*, with that of Novgorod-Sevierski, in Poland.
- Snath*, a Town in Yorkshire.
- Sodor*, a Town in the Island of Sura.
- Sofala*, a River in Cafraria.
- Soiffory*, a City in Picardy.
- Solfarin*, a Seignory in Mantua.
- Sologne*, a Country in Orleans.
- Solmes*, a County in the Empire.
- Sodbury*, a Town in Gloucestershire.
- Somerton*, a Town in Somersetshire.
- Southwell*, a Town in Nottinghamshire.
- Southwold*, a Town in Suffolk.
- Southam*, a Town in Warwickshire.
- Spaldin*, a Town in Lincolnshire.
- Sorzow*, a Town in Moldavia.
- Soloturn*, a Town in the Canton of Soloturn.
- Soloturn Canton*, a Province in Switzerland.
- Somersetshire*, in the Kingdom of the West-Saxons.
- Sophia*, a Town in Bulgaria.
- Sorling or Silly Islands*, some of the British Isles between England, France, and Ireland.
- Sound*, a Straight or narrow Passage in the Baltick Sea, between Zeeland and Schonen.

Sound

*Sound Isles*, or *Islands of the Sound*, in the Indian Ocean.

*Southampton*, a Town in Hampshire.

*South America*, or *Peruviana*, the greatest half of America, so called from its situation Southward, and from the Province of Peru.

*South-Gothland*, a Province in Swedeland.

*South-Futland*, a Province in Denmark.

*South-Sea*, otherwise *Pacifick-Sea*, on the South-West side of America.

*Southern Ocean*, or *Aethiopian Sea*, about the South-West side of Africk.

*Spilsby*, a Town in Lincolnshire.

*Spain*, a Country in Europe, sometimes called by the Romans Iberia, sometimes Hispania, and not seldom Hesperia.

*Spalato*, a Town in Dalmatia.

*Spanish Netherlands*, or *Flanders*, comprehend nine or ten of the most Southern Provinces of the Low-Countries.

*Spandau*, a Fort in Brandenburg.

*Spirlinga*, a Town in Sicily.

*Spire*, a Town in the Palatinate of the Rhine.

*Spiritu Santo*, a Town in Brasil.

*Spiritu Santo*, the name of a River running through Monomotapa and Cafreria.

*Spoletō*, a Town in the Duchy of Spoleto.

*Spoletō Duchy or Umbria*, a little Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Staffanger*, a City in Norway.

*Stafford*, a Town in Staffordshire.

*Stalbridge*, a Town in Dorsetshire.

*Stamford*, a Town in Lincolnshire.

*Standon*, a Town in Hartfordshire.

*Stanes*, a Town in Middlesex.

*Stanbope*, a Town in Durham.

*Stanly*, a Town in Dorsetshire.

*Stanton*, a Town in Lincolnshire, there is fifty six Towns in England of the same name.

*Staffordshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Stalimene*, a Town in the Isle of Stalimene.

*Stalimene*, once Lemnos, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea, towards Romania.

*Stantz*, a Town in the Canton of Underwalden.

*State of the Church*; or *Dominion of the Pope*, a great Province in Italy.

*Stenay*, a Town in Lorrain.

*Stendell*, a Town in Brandenburg.

*Sterlin*, a Town in Scotland.

*Stening*, a Town in Sussex.

*Stevenage*, a Town in Hartfordshire.

*Stockbridge*, a Town in Hantshire.

*Stockbridge*, a Town in Cheshire.

*Stockton*, a Town in Durham.

*Stoke*, a Town in Somerletshire, there is  
102 Towns and places of this name in  
England.

*Stokesley*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Stone*, a Town in Staffordshire.

*Sterling*, a Town in South Scotland.

*Stetin*, a Town in Pomeren.

*Stiria*, a Province in the Southern part of  
Germany.

*Stives*, a Town in Livadia, formerly known  
by the name of Thebes.

*Stockholm*, a Town in Sweden.

*Storiford*, a Town in Hartfordshire.

*Stow*, a Town in Gloucestershire.

*Stratford on Avon*, a Town in Warwicksh.

*Stow*, a Town in Staffordshire.

*Stanney*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Stolberg*, a County in Saxony.

*Stratford*, a Town in Buckinghamshire.

*Stratton*, a Town in Cornwall.

*Stretton*, a Town in Shropshire.

*Strido*, a Town in Stiria.

*Stroud*, a Town in Gloucestershire.

*Sturbridge*, a Town in Worcestershire.

*Sturminster*, a Town in Dorcetshire.

*Sudbury*, a Town in Suffolk.

Sunderland, a Town in Durham.

Sutton, a Town in Warwickshire, there is  
95 Towns and places of this name in  
England.

Suda, a Port in Candia.

Sues, a Port in Ægypt.

Sulmone, a Town in Naples.

Sulsback, a Seignory in Bavaria.

Sumatra, an Island in Asia.

Sunderberg, a Town in Jutland.

Susdal, a City in Muscovy.

Stolp, the name of a company of Hills in  
Muscovy; anciently called Riphæen  
Mountains.

Straights of Anian, betwveen Asia and the  
Land of Jesso, an unfrequented Country  
near America Northward.

Straights of Gibraltar, between Spain and  
Barbary; joining together the Western  
Ocean and Mediterranean Sea.

Straights of Magellan, betwveen America  
and that great Continent called Terra  
Magellanica.

Straights of Negropont, or the Euripus, an  
Aim of the Sea, separating the Isle of  
Negropont from Livadia.

Stralzund, a Town in Pomeren.

Strasburg, a Town in Alsace.

Strom, a Town in the Isle of Fero.

*Stuttgart*, a Town in the Duchy of Wirt-  
tenberg.

*Suaquem*, a Town in Abyssinia.

*Suevia* or *Schwaben*, a Province in Ger-  
many.

*Suez* or *Calzem*, a Town in Egypt.

*Suffolk*, a County in the Kingdom of the  
East Angles.

*Sundrio*, a Town in Valtoline.

*Surat*, a Town in the Indian Conti-  
nent.

*Surrey*, a County in the Kingdom of Sus-  
sex.

*Sussex*, a County in the Kingdom of Sussex.

*Sussex*, one of the Seven Saxon Kingdoms  
in England.

*Swabentland*, a Province in Germany.

*Swatham*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Swansey*, a Town in Glamorganshire.

*Sweden*, a Province in the Kingdom of  
Sweden or Swedeland.

*Sweden* or *Swedeland*, a Country in Eu-  
rope.

*Swerin*, a Town in Mecklenburg.

*Swindon*, a Town in Wiltshire.

*New Sweden*, a Town in America.

*Switz*, a Town in the Canton of Switz.

*Switz Canton*, a Province in Svizzcr-  
land.

*Switz-*

ir-Switzerland, a Country in Europe near France.

Swol, a Town in Overissel.

er-Suz, a Town in Persia.

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T Adcaster, a Town in Yorkshire.

Tabasco, a Town in New Spain.

Tabor, a Town in Bohemia.

Tagus, a River in Spain.

Tailleborg, a Town in Santogn.

Tadousack, a Town in Canada.

Tajo or Tagus, a River in Spain.

Tamaraca, a Town in Brazil.

Tanais or Don, a River in Muscovy, and upon the Frontiers of Little Tartary.

Tangermond, a Town in Brandenburg.

Tannez, a Town in Alsace.

Tangier, a Town in Barbary.

Tanguis or Campion, a Town in Cathay.

Targa or Zagbara, a Town in Zaara.

Targorod, a Town in Moldavia.

Targowisko, a Town in Walachia.

Taragon, formerly Tarraco, a Town in Catalonia.

Tarascon, a Town in Provence.

Tarbes, a City in Gascony.

Tarentum, a Port in Naples.

Tarne,

**Tarne**, a River in Languedoc.

**Tartar**, a Town in North Tartary.

**Tartary** of the *Cham*, othervwise *Cathay*,  
part of Great Tartary.

**Tartary Desart**, part of Great Tartary.

**Tartary the Greater**, once called Scythia,  
the Northern part of Asia.

**Tarudant**, a Town in Bildulgerid.

**Tattenhall**, a Town in Lincolnshire.

**Tavestock**, a Town in Devonshire.

**Taunton**, a Town in Somersetshire.

**Tartary the Less**, on the South side of  
Muscovy, a Country tributary to the  
Turk ; it was called anciently Scythia  
Taurica.

**Tavira**, a Town in Algarves.

**Taurus**, the name of several Mountains  
in Asia, more especially some Mountains  
in the Western part of Turkey in  
Asia : but Ceraunius was the most  
ancient name.

**Tay**, a River in Scotland.

**Teflis**, a Town in Georgia.

**Teissa or Tyssz**, a River in Turkey in Europe,  
discharging it self into the Dabasz  
nube.

**Temesvar**, a Town in Hungary.

**Tende**, a Town in Piedmont.

**Tenedos**, an Isle in the Archipelago.

Tendbury, a Town in Worcestershire.

Tenby, a Town in Pembrokeshire.

Therden, a Town in Kent.

Teris, a Town in Valachia.

Ternate, one of the Molucco Islands.

Terovene, a Town in Artois.

Terracino, a Town nigh Rome.

Terring, a Town in Sussex.

Terceran Islands or Azores, in the Western Ocean.

Terra Arctica, a great uninhabited Country towards the North Pole.

Terra di Lavoro, a Province in the Kingdom of Naples.

Terra Incognita or Magellanica, a vast Country toward the South Pole.

Terra Sabina, a Province in the Dominion of the Pope.

Tesset, a Town in Bildulgerid.

Tewbury, a Town in Gloucestershire.

Teversbury, a Town in Gloucestershire.

Texell, an Island in Holland.

Thame, a Town in Oxfordshire.

Thames, a River in England.

Thaxted, a Town in Essex.

Thetford, a Town in Norfolk.

Thessalonica, a Town in Macedonia.

Thibet, a Town in a Country of the same name.

- Thebet or Turquestan, part of Great Tartary.*
- Thionville, a Town in the Duchy of Luxembourg.*
- Thourson, a Country in Gascony.*
- Thoulose, a City in Languedoc.*
- Thorn, a Town in Yorkshire.*
- Thornbury, a Town in Gloucestershire.*
- Thrapston, a Town in Northamptonshire.*
- Thrusk, a Town in Yorkshire.*
- Topcliffe, a Town in Yorkshire.*
- Tiber, a River in Italy.*
- Tickhall, a Town in Yorkshire.*
- Tidswall, a Town in Derbyshire.*
- Tierach, a Country in Picardy.*
- Tiverton, a Town in Devonshire.*
- Tigris, a River in Turkey in Asia.*
- Tokay, a Town in Hungary.*
- Tongres, a Town in Liege.*
- Tor, a Port in Arabia.*
- Toul, a City in Lorrain.*
- Tournay, a Town in Flanders.*
- Topsham, a Town in Devonshire.*
- Torrington, a Town in Devonshire.*
- Totnes, a Town in Devonshire.*
- Towcester, a Town in Northamptonshire.*
- Trebisond, a Town in Anatolia.*
- Tirole, a Province in Germany.*
- Toledo, a Town in New Castile.*

*Tombote,*

Tombote, a Town in Nigritia.

Tonningen, a Town in the Duchy of Slesvick.

Tornia, a Town in the Territories of Tornia.

Tornia, a River in Syvedeland.

Tornia Territories in Lapland.

Toro, a Town in the Province of Leon.

Tortosa, a Town in Catalonia.

Toulon, a Town in Provence.

Toulouse, a Town in Languedoc.

Touraine, a Province in the Government of Orleans.

Tours, a Town in Touraine.

Trenlisen, a Kingdom in Barbary.

Tréviana, a Province in Venice.

Treraron, a Town in Cardiganshire.

Tregony, a Town in Cornwall.

Transilvania, a Province in Europe, tributary to the Turk ; being part of the ancient Country of Dacia.

Trent, a Town and Bishoprick within the Confines of Italy, but depending on the County of Tisole.

Trent, a River in England.

Treves, a Town in the Diocese of Treves.

Trier, or Tries Diocese, in the Western part of Germany.

Triest, a Town in Carniola.

Trino,

*Trino*, a Town in Monferrat.

*Tripoly*, a Town in Barbary.

*Tring*, a Town in Hartfordshire.

*Troyes*, a Town in Champaigne.

*Trowbridge*, a Town in Wiltshire.

*Truro*, a Town in Cornwall.

*Truxillo*, a Town in New Spain.

*Tubingen*, a Town in the Duchy of Wittenberg.

*Tucuman*, a Country in South America.

*Tudela*, a Town in Navarr.

*Tulles*, a City in Limosin.

*Tunis*, a Town in Barbary.

*Turcomania*, a Province in Asia.

*Turgow*, a County in Switzerland.

*Tuy*, a City in Galatia.

*Tunbridge*, a Town in Kent.

*Tutberry*, a Town in Sussex.

*Tuxford*, a Town in Nottinghamshire.

*Turin*, a Town in Piedmont.

*Turingia*, a small Province in Upper Saxony.

*Turky*, a large Empire in our Continent.

divided into Turkey in Europe, and Turkey in Asia.

*Turky the Lower*, the South part of Turkey in Europe, comprehending the two ancient Countries of Greece and Thrace.

*Turky the Higher*, the North part of Turkey in Europe, comprehending the provinces of Bithynia, Pontus, Cappadocia, Lydia, Phrygia, Lycia, &c.

Turky the Upper, the North part of Turkey in Europe, wherein were included formerly Pannonia, Illyricum, Moesia, &c.

Turquestan or Thebet, part of Great Tartary.

Tuscany or Duchy of Florence, heretofore known by the name of Hetruria, a Province in Italy.

Tyre, a Port in Phoenicia.

Tyrone, a County in Ulster.

Tzebona, a Town in Bohemia.

Tyssa or Feissa, a River in Turkey in Europe, which runs into the Danube.

V.

**V**Abres, a City in France.

Vai, a Port of Genoa.

Valjon, a City in Avignon.

Valagnia, a Principality of Europe.

Valdivia, a Town in America.

Val di Demona, a Province in Sicily.

Val di Mazara, a Province in Sicily.

Val di Noto, a Province in Sicily.

Valais, a Province in Switzerland.

Valence, a Town in Dauphiny.

Valenciennes, a Town in Haynault.

Valen-

- Valentia*, a Town in the Province of *Valentia*.
- Valentia*, a Province in Spain.
- Valentia*, a Town in Milan.
- Valette*, a Tovvn in the Isle of Malta.
- Vallage*, a Country in Champagne.
- Vallay*, a Country in the Alps.
- Valois*, a Country in the Isle of France.
- Valladolid*, a Tovvn in Nevv Spain.
- Valladolid*, a Tovvn in Old Castile.
- Valona*, a Tovvn in Albania.
- Valtoline*, a Province in Svvitzerland.
- Wdenheim*, a Fort in Spire.
- Veesel*, a River in Poland.
- Vellai*, a Country in Languedoc.
- Venaissen*, a County in Aurange.
- Vendosme*, a County in Beaffau.
- Vennes*, a City in Britany.
- Venice*, a Tovvn in the Republick of *Venice*.
- Venice Republick*, a Province in Lombardy.
- Vera-Cruz*, a City in nevv Spain.
- Verdenberg*, a County in Svvitzerland.
- Verdun*, a Tovvn in Burgundy.
- Verdun*, a County in Gascony.
- Vermandois*, a County in Picardy.
- Verona*, a Country in Venetia.
- Vercelli*, a Tovvn in Piedmont.

*Verdan*,

*Verdan*, a Town in Lorrain.

*Vienn*, a Town in Dauphiny.

*Vienna*, a Town in Austria.

*Virginia*, a Province in New England.

*Viterbo*, a Town in the Patrimony of St. Peter.

*Viviers*, a Town in Cevennes.

*Vexin*, a Country in Normandy.

*Veteravia*, a County in Germany.

*Vie*, a Town in Lorrain.

*Velne*, a Town in Lithuania.

*Villa*, a Tovvn in Piedmont, and a Town in Avergne.

*Ulverston*, a Tovvn in Lancashire.

*Ukrania*, a Province in Poland.

*Ulm*, a Tovvn in Schwaben.

*Ulster*, a Province in Ireland.

*Uma*, a Tovvn in the Territories of Ulma.

*Uma Territories*, in Lapland.

*Umbria* or Duchy of Spoleto, in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Underwalden*, a Province or Canton of Switzerland.

*United Netherlands* or Provinces, otherwise Holland; seven or eight Provinces in the North of the Low Countries.

*Volga*, a River in Muscovy.

*Volbinia*, a Province in Poland.

*Upsal*, a Tovvn in Sweden.

*Upton*, a Tovvn in Worcesterfhire.

*Uraniburg*, a Castle nigh Copenhagen.

*Urbino*, a Tovvn in the Duchy of Urbino.

*Urbino Duchy*, in the Dominion of the Pope.

*Uri*, a Canton or Province in Swizzerland.

*Uscops*, a People in Dalmatia.

*Usk*, a Tovvn in Monmouthshire.

*Uttaxter*, a Tovvn in Staffordshire.

*Usbeck*, otherwise called *Ziagathay* or *Mauralnabara*, part of Great Tartary.

*Utrecht*, a Tovvn in the Seigniory of Utrecht.

*Utrecht Seigniory*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Holland.

*Uxbridge*, a Town in Middlesex.

## W

**W***alachia*, part of the ancient Dacia, a Province in Europe tributary to the Turk.

*Wales*, a Country in the West of England.

*Wardhus*, a Town in the Government of Wardhus.

*Wardhus Government*, in Norway.

*Warsaw*, a Town in Mazovia in Poland.

*Warwick-*

*Warwickshire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Waterford*, a Town in Munster.

*Wainfleet*, a Town in Lincolnshire.

*Wakefield*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Walden*, a Town in Essex.

*Wallingford*, a Town in Barkshire.

*Walsham*, a Town in Norfolk.

*Walsingham*, a Town in Norfolk.

*Waltham Abbey*, a Town in Essex.

*Waltham Bishop*, a Town in Hantsire.

*Wantage*, a Town in Barkshire.

*Wardbridge*, a Town in Cornwall.

*Ware*, a Town in Hartfordshire.

*Warham*, a Town in Dorcethshire.

*Warminster*, a Tovvn in Wiltshire.

*Warrington*, a Tovvn in Lancashire.

*Warwick*, a Tovvn in Warwickshire.

*Watchet*, a Tovvn in Somersetshire.

*Watford*, a Tovvn in Hartfordsire.

*Watlington*, a Town in Oxfordshire.

*Watton*, a Tovvn in Norfolk.

*Webley*, a Town in Herefordshire.

*Wegats*, a Straight nigh New Zembla.

*Weymar*, a Town in Turingia.

*Welchpool*, a Town in Montgomeryshire.

*Wellingborough*, a Town in Northamptonshire.

*Wellington*, a Town in Shropshire.

*Wellington*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Wells*, a City in Somersetshire.

*Wendover*, a Town in Buckinghamshire.

*Wenlock*, a Town in Shropshire.

*Westbury*, a Town in Wiltshire.

*Westminster*, a City in Middlesex.

*Weston*, the names of 63 Towns and places, in 22 several Counties in England.

*Westram*, a Town in Kent.

*Wetherby*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Weymouth*, a Town in Dorsetshire.

*Whitby*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Whitchurch*, a Town in Shropshire.

*Whitchurch*, a Town in Hantsire.

*Whitehaven*, a Town in Cumberland.

*Wiccomb*, a Town in Buckinghamshire.

*Wickham*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Wickware*, a Town in Gloucestershire.

*Weser*, a River in Germany.

*West-Sex*, or Kingdom of the *West Saxons*, one of the Seven Saxon Kingdoms in England.

*West-Friseland*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Holland.

*West-Indies*, by this name is most properly meant the Antego Islands, and some others upon the Coast of America; but sometimes all America is so called.

*West-*

*Westmorland*, a County in the Kingdom of Northumberland.

*Westphalia*, a Province in Germany.

*Western Ocean* or *Atlantick Sea*, on the West side of Europe and Africk.

*Westro-Gothland*, a small Province in North-Gothland.

*Weteravia* or *Weteraw*, a little Province in the Western part of Germany, comprehended under that of Hessen.

*Wexford*, a Town in Lemster.

*Weyssel* or *Wistule*, a River in Poland.

*Weyssenburg*, a Town in Transilvania.

*White Sea* or *Archipelago*, on the East side of Greece.

*Wiburg*, a Town in Finland.

*Wiburg*, a Town in the Diocese of Wiburg.

*Wiburg Diocese*, in North-Jutland.

*Wight*, one of the British Isles, near the South Coast of England.

*Wigan*, a Town in Lancashire.

*Wighton*, a Town in Yorkshire.

*Wibitz*, a Town in Croatia.

*Wighton*, a Town in Cumberland.

*Wilton*, a Town in Wiltshire.

*Witna*, a Town in Lithuania.

*Wiltshire*, in the Kingdom of the West Saxons.

*Winborn*, a Town in Dorcethshire.

*Wincaunton*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Winchomb*, a Town in Gloucestershire.

*Windham*, a Town in Norfolk.

*Winslow*, a Town in Buckinghamshire.

*Winster*, a Town in Darbyshire.

*Winchester*, a Town in Hampshire.

*Windisch Marck* or the *Marquisate of*

*Windes*, a small Province in the Southern part of Germany, joining to Carniola.

*Windsor*, a Town in Barkshire.

*Wrocksworth*, a Town in Darbyshire.

*Wisbich*, a Town in Cambridgshire.

*Wirtenberg*, a Town in the Duchy of Wittenberg.

*Wirtenberg Duchy*, in the Southern part of Germany.

*Wirtzburg*, a Town in Franconia.

*Wiston*, a Town in Pembrokeshire.

*Wismar*, a Town in Mecklenburg.

*Wistule* or *Weyssel*, a River in Poland.

*Witham*, a Town in Essex.

*Witney*, a Town in Oxfordshire.

*Witepscki*, a Town in Lithuania.

*Wittenberg*, a Town in the Electorship of Saxony.

*Wivelscomb*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Woburn*, a Town in Bedfordshire.

*Woller*,

*Woller*, a Town in Northumberland.

*Wolsingham*, a Town in Durham.

*Wolverhampton*, a Town in Staffordshire.

*Wolgast*, a Town in Pomerania.

*Wolwich*, a Town in Kent.

*Woodbridge*, a Town in Suffolk.

*Woodstock*, a Town in Oxfordshire.

*Worksop*, a Town in Nottinghamshire.

*Wotton-Basset*, a Town in Wiltshire.

*Wotton-Underedge*, a Town in Gloucestersh.

*Wolfenbuttel*, a Town in the Duchy of Brunswick.

*Wolga*, a River in Muscovy.

*Wolodimer*, a Town in Muscovy.

*Wologda*, a Town in Muscovy.

*Worcester*, a Town in Worcestershire.

*Worcestershire*, in the Kingdom of Mercia.

*Worms*, a Town in the Palatinate of the Rhine.

*Werotin*, a Town in Muscovy.

*Wrexham*, a Town in Denbyshire.

*Wrington*, a Town in Somersetshire.

*Wrotham*, a Town in Kent.

*Warsted*, a Town in Norfolk.

## X

**X** Amo or Camul, a Town in Cathay.  
**X** Xantonge idem Santogne, a Province  
 in France.

Xarandille, a Town in Castile.

Xantiva, a Tovvn in Valentia.

Xeres de la Front, a Tovvn in Andaluzia.

## Y

**Y** Arnmouth, a Tovvn in Norfolk.

York, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.

Yarmouth, a Tovvn in the Isle of Wight.

Yarum, a Tovvn in Yorkshire.

Yaxly, a Tovvn in Huntindonshire.

Yenne, a Tovvu in Savoy.

Yeovill, a Tovvn in Somersetshire.

Yorkshire, in the Kingdom of Northumberland.

Youghill, a Port Town in Ireland.

Yverton, a Town in Switzerland.

Yvertot, a Seignory in Normandy.

Yvice, an Island on the Mediterranean Seas.

Z

**Z**aara, a Country in Africk.

**Z**aghara, or Targa, a Town in Zaara.

**Z**agathai, a Port of Tartary by the Caspian Sea.

**Z**agrab, a Town in Sclavonia.

**Z**abafpe, part in Zagathai.

**Z**air, a River in Congo.

**Z**ambera, a River running through Monomotopa and Cafreria.

**Z**amoski, a Town in Russia the Black.

**Z**anguebar, a Country in Africk.

**Z**anhaga, a Town in Zaara.

**Z**ant, an Island in the Mediterranean Sea, near Morea Westward.

**Z**ara, a Town in Dalmatia.

**Z**eeland, formerly Codanonia, an Island in the Baltick Sea.

**Z**egne, a Port in Dalmatia.

**Z**elme, an Island in the Northern Seas.

**Z**eland, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Holland.

**Z**ell, a Town in the Duchy of Lunenburg.

**Z**erbe, an Island on the Coast of Barbary.

**Z**iagathay, otherwise Usbeck or Mavaralnabara, part of Great Tartary.

**Z**ibit,

*Zibit*, a Town in Arabia.

*Ziden*, a Town in Arabia.

*Zimbaoe* or *Massapa*, a Town in Monomotopa.

*Zittaw*, a Town in Lusatia.

*Zoara*, a Town in Barbary.

*Zofala*, a Town in Cafreria.

*Zuenziga*, a Town in Zaara.

*Zuball*, on the Phillipine Islands.

*Zuickau*, a Town in Misnia.

*Zulpitch*, a Town in Juliers.

*Zug*, a Tovvn in the Canton of Zug.

*Zug Canton*, in Switzerland.

*Zurick*, a Town in the Canton of Zurick.

*Zurick Canton*, in Switzerland.

*Zutphen*, a Town in the County of Zutphen.

*Zweibruck*, a Tovvn in the Palatinate.

*Zygeth*, a Tovvn in Hungary.

*Zutphen County*, one of the Seventeen Provinces; in Holland.

*Zocotorra*, an Isle on the Coast of Zanguebar.

*Zolingen*, a Town in Germany.

*F I N I S.*

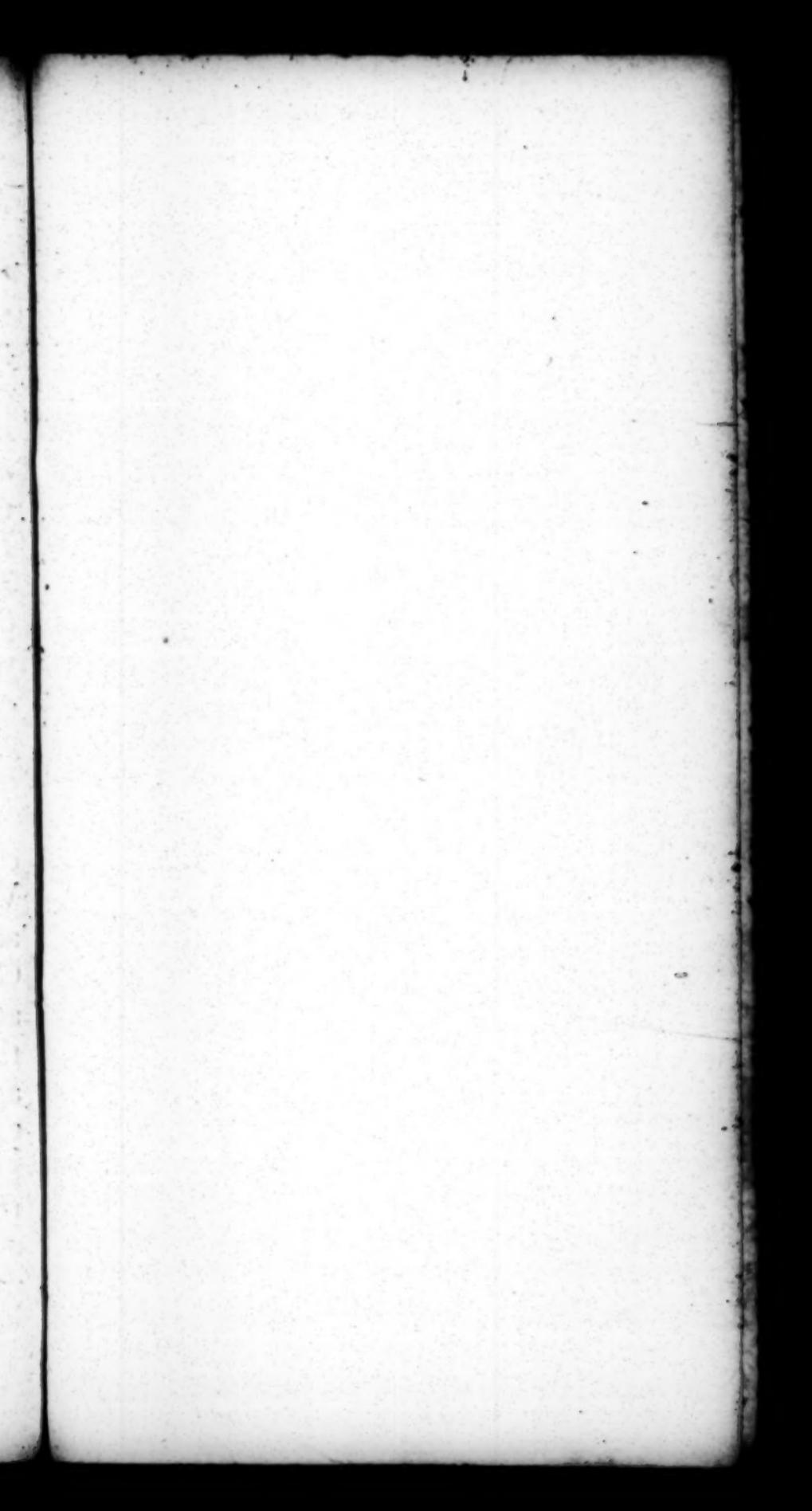
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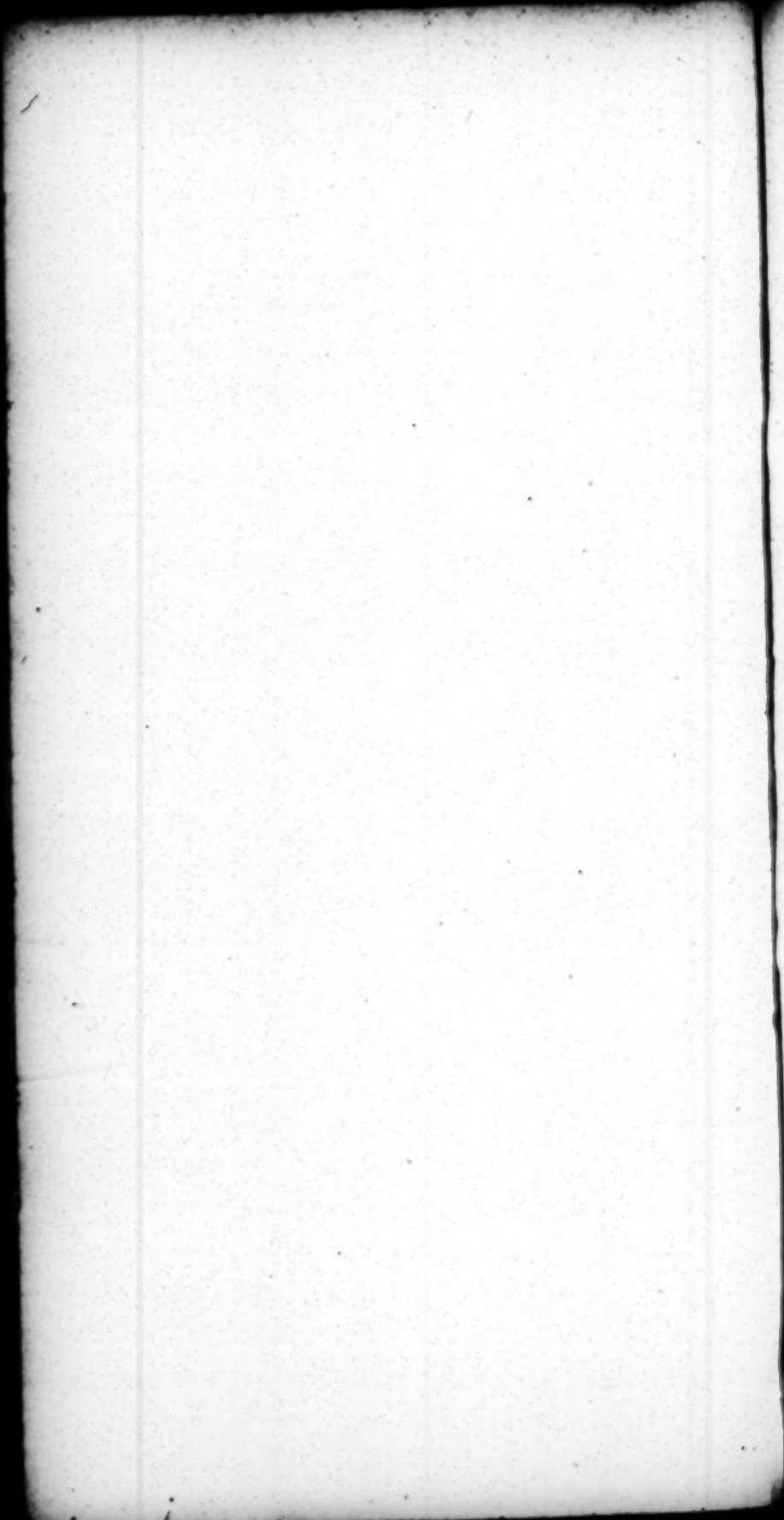
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